

Project Performance Report

Overview

Period of Report (Dates)	1/1/2023 - 12/31/2023
Project Title	Adaptation Fund - UNDP Innovation Small Grant Aggregator Platform (ISGAP)
Project Summary	
Database Number	AF00000216
Implementing Entity (IE)	UN Development Programme
Type of IE	Multilateral Implementing Entity
Country(ies)	Regional (Global)
Relevant Geographic Points (i.e. cities, villages, bodies of water)	Global
Name of Implementing Entity Focal Point	Chongguang (Charles) Yu

Project Milestones	
AFB Approval Date	10/11/2019
IE-AFB Agreement Signature Date	3/19/2020
Start of Project/Programme	10/28/2020
Actual Mid-term Review Date (if applicable)	7/21/2023
Original Completion Date	11/18/2024
Revised Completion Date after approval of extension request (if applicable)	

Were there any approval condition for this Project?

No

List each approval condition, if any, and report on the status of meeting them	
Category of condition	
Condition or Requirement	
Current Status	
Planned actions, including a detailed time schedule	

List (only) inception report/ extension request(s)/ MTR that have been prepared for the project and provide date(s) of submission for each

Links to access most relevant 2023 ISGAP Conferences, Events and Communication products: Summary: Development of 4 ISGAP blogs/news/stories, 8 technical articles and 12 storytelling articles about ISGAP grantees cohort 1, 1 ISGAP photo gallery, 1 project dashboard, 1 Communications and Visibility Strategy, 4 ISGAP project videos, promotional items, 1 ISGAP brochure, improvements to the ISGAP website, and a communications training booklet designed specifically for grantees. Hosted 7 sessions in key international conferences and events: •Gobeshona 2023 (3 grantees showcased) (Recording: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=brwbcte-vXw>) •Adaptation Futures 2023 (2 grantees showcased)

(Recording: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kUHqamOF09Y>) •South Asian Resilience Forum (webinar – 3 grantees showcased)(recording: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gsE5d8XXHxQ&list=PLklpCmasXpcmSzZXVmquALQL7heXoMwMe&index>)

•COP28: Climate Action Stage (4 grantees showcased - <https://www.cop-28.org/demand/climate-action-stage-demand>), Resilience Hub at COP28 (Business Schools for Resilience announcement - <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=koN8CjpCGJA>). AFCIA Expansion event (AF hosted and led, recording: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2vS1TFRgWO0>). •8th Regional NAP Expo For Asia and the Pacific (APAN) (1 grantee led session). ISGAP Videos: •ISGAP general video: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6wXuqZyoysM> •ISGAP video showcasing the 2nd cohort of grantees (projected ad COP28): <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4-rxTdIa0zo&feature=youtu.be> •Video about the Workshop in Manila “How small grants are supporting locally-led practices, tools and technologies for climate adaptation”: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=shared&v=wS6e2e-6YMM> •Five minute video highlighting the workshop in Manila and the innovations of various grantees from cohort 1 and 2: <https://youtu.be/XYgBSw1UWDY> ISGAP blogs and articles: •Locally-led: A Gallery of Innovative Grassroots Adaptation Solutions: <https://undp-climate.exposure.co/ISGAP-locally-led-adaptation> •Adaptation is Local in Nature: <https://www.undp.org/blog/adaptation-local-nature> •Implementation of eco-technologies in Oaxaca, Mexico recognized with Local Adaptation Champions Award at COP28: <https://www.adaptation-undp.org/implementation-eco-technologies-oaxaca-mexico-recognized-local-adaptation-champions-award-cop28> •Special article about floating farms in India- <https://www.adaptation-fund.org/project-story-floating-farms-are-transforming-life-on-indias-waterways/> . This article was developed by the AF with contributions from UNDP and the SAFE grantee from India, and published in the Climate Home News, the AF’s website and UNDP’s official channels. •Special article for the International Day of the World’s Indigenous People <https://news.un.org/en/story/2023/09/1140337> •Climate Tribune Magazine September 2023 edition: 8 technical articles about ISGAP cohort 1 grantees co-developed by UNDP and ICCCAD (<https://www.icccad.net/dhaka-tribune-articles/climate-tribune-september-2023/>)

List the Website address (URL) of project

<https://www.adaptation-undp.org/smallgrantaggregator/>

Project Contacts			
National/Regional Project Manager/Coordinator	Name	Email	Date
Implementing Entity	Charles Yu	chongguang.yu@undp.org	2/27/2024
Regional Project Manager	Monica Borrero	monica.borrero@undp.org	2/27/2024

Financial Data

Disbursement of AF grant funds	
Cumulative total disbursement from Trustee to IE as of date (\$)	\$4,009,121.00
Estimated cumulative total disbursement from IE to EEs as of date (\$)	\$1,362,146.00
Project disbursement rate (%)	79.54
Project execution rate (%)	29.56
Add any comments on AF Grant Funds	Total Expenditures (1 November 2021 - 31 December 2023): The first disbursement was received on 14th April 2022, the second on 23rd August 2022, and the third on 3rd August 2023. The expenditures reported below are from 1 November 2021 to 31 December 2023 (excluding legal commitments). Estimated cumulative total disbursement as of 31 December 2023, as well as the

	expenditure data and planned expenditure, includes UNDP's agency fee as per Schedule 2 of the Legal Agreement. Planned Expenditures (2024): A total estimation of \$1,233,556.44 will be disbursed during 2024. Component 1, amounts \$1,060,750 of the ISGAP Low-Value Grant Agreements (LVGAs), that corresponds to the 2nd, 3rd and 4th disbursements of the LVGAs with the 2nd cohort grantees, and the 1st, 2nd and 3rd disbursement related to the second round of disbursement of the 1st cohort grantees. 40% of the LVGAs is being charged to AF funds, the other 60% is charged to the EU budget. Component 2 (\$73,294), corresponds to 19% of ISGAP Finance & Investments Consultant, GRP long-term agreement for the MBA internship collaboration, and part of the salary of ISGAP's Regional Technical Specialist and ISGAP's Project Associate. Component 3 (\$60,048) corresponds to the portion charged to the AF for the Community Engagement and Knowledge Sharing Expert and part of the salary of ISGAP Project Associate. The Project Management Component will be charged 100% to the EU for the operation of ISGAP's PMU.
Investment Income (\$)	\$0.00
Cumulative Investment Income since inception (\$)	\$0.00

Expenditure Data

Output	Amount (\$)
Component 1: Provision of Innovation Small Grants	\$498,101.59
Component 2: Provision of Technical and Business Development Capacity Building, Incubation, and Acceleration Support	\$73,294.62
Component 3: Knowledge Management and sharing and Result-Based Monitoring and Evaluation	\$120,330.62
IE fee (\$)	\$86,164.00
Execution cost (\$)	\$23,405.28

Planned Expenditure Schedule

Output	Projected Cost (\$)	Estimated Completion Date
Component 1: Provision of Innovation Small Grants	\$1,060,750.38	12/31/2024
Component 2: Provision of Technical and Business Development Capacity Building, Incubation, and Acceleration Support	\$112,758.00	12/31/2024
Component 3: Knowledge Management and sharing and Result-Based Monitoring and Evaluation	\$60,048.06	12/31/2024
IE fee (\$)		\$48,083.00
Execution cost (\$)		\$0.00

Actual co-financing (if the MTR or TE have not been undertaken this reporting period, do not report on actual co-financing)

Does this Project have Co-Financing ?	Yes
How much of the total co-financing as committed in the Project Document has actually been realized? (\$)	\$6,168,775.00
Estimated cumulative actual co-financing as verified during Mid-term Review (MTR) or Terminal Evaluation (TE). (\$)	\$11,921,935.00
Add any comments on actual co-financing in particular any issues related to the realization of in-kind, grant, credits, loans, equity, non-grant instruments and other types of co-financing.	The EU co-financing is 10,000,000 EUROS, disbursed per the USD amounts in the agreement as presented below: First pre-financing instalment: USD 2,777,477 Second pre-financing instalment: USD 3,391,298 Third pre-financing instalment: USD 2,932,652 Fourth pre-financing instalment: USD 2,820,508

Risk Assessment

Identified Risks		
List all Risks identified in project preparation phase and what steps are being taken to mitigate them		
Identified Risk	Current Status	Steps taken to mitigate risk
Misappropriation of the grant funding	Moderate	Performance based disbursement is being used, where each grantee has to achieved minimum 70% of progress target indicators as per their LVGA. Dedicated human resources (ISGAP Finance Analyst, ISGAP M&E Specialist, ISGAP Project Manager) are also deployed to ensure financial transparency.
Lack of participation at the global call for proposals	Not Applicable	The risk is not valid anymore. The ISGAP Project has received more applications than expected, and the two call for proposals launched were successful. During the first call for proposals, 384 applications were received. During second call for proposal 462 applications were received. During the life span of the project, there are no more call for proposals planned to be launched.
Project implementation delay	Moderate	As informed in PPR1 (2021) and PPR2 (2022) reports, the project is facing a delay in implementation for the following reasons: 1) COVID-19 significantly affected the recruitment and conformation of ISGAP's PMU, specially during 2020 and 2021, and 2) The considerable expansion in the project's scope when receiving EU's financial contribution (to the original project signed with the AF), prompted the need for a redesign of ISGAP's governance structure and implementation mechanisms. Even though the project team has made great efforts to catch up with project delivery, and the expected indicators and results have been met on a yearly basis, in order to manage this risk, the ISGAP PMU proposes to officially request an extension of the project's implementation period for 12 months (during 2025). There are two main justifications for requesting an extension to the two project donors (AF and EU): 1) To provide the same opportunity for the 2nd cohort of grantees to apply and receive a scaling round of funding. Considering that cohort 2 started LVGA implementation in August 2023, they would require additional 12 months during 2025 to receive additional funding that could help their innovation scale up. 2) Based on the reporting reports received from the grantees, scaling up, diversifying income and implementing a solid exit strategy for the proposed 44 innovative solutions,

		will take more time than only 12-18 months (which has been the standard implementation period of the LVGAs for cohorts 1 and 2). Since ISGAP's added value revolves around scaling up these innovative solutions, we believe that these local actors will benefit of participating in the project for an extended period, receiving technical assistance and connecting them with strategic actors. UNDP would like to clarify that due to the delays in the initial year of implementation (2021) there were almost no expenditures reported for that year, which allows the PMU to roll up the unused funds to 2025, without requiring for additional funding to support this request of extension. The proposal for a project extension has been already informally discussed with both donors (AF and EU) which at a first glance, understood the reasons for the delay and justification for the extension. Likewise, during the Fifth Project Board Meeting the decision of submitting a formal project extension request for clearance by UNDP (internally, first) and by the two donors, was agreed and endorsed, and shall be initiated by the PMU in the first quarter of 2024
Success is overstated in the progress report while failure is understated or unreported	Moderate	It is crucial for grantees to meticulously document and analyze both successes and failures as an integral aspect of knowledge sharing and lessons learned. The understanding that valuable insights often arise from failures more than successes is consistently emphasized through regular communication, capacity building, and training initiatives. To address and monitor this risk, a multipronged approach is adopted at various levels. The reporting template includes an exclusive section dedicated to challenges and lessons learned, making it mandatory for grantees to report both successes and failures. The program places particular emphasis on ensuring that each success story is substantiated with concrete evidence of its impact provided by the grantees. Grantees are actively encouraged to openly report and share their failures, recognizing the importance of learning from these experiences and integrating the lessons learned into project implementation. An annual ISGAP workshop (Oct 2023) includes a dedicated session organized by the Global Resilience Partnership, titled "Learning from Failures." During this session, grantees are presented with well-known failures and their transformative impact on the world. Grantees also have the opportunity to share their individual project stories, contributing to a collective learning experience.
Grantees fail in securing scale up and replication support and funding from other sources after the completion of the project	Moderate	It is crucial to acknowledge that the success rate of start-ups or innovation ventures is generally low. Despite the comprehensive support offered by ISGAP and its partners, the anticipated success range is approximately 20%-30%. To assist grantees in scaling up and replicating high-impact-driven ideas, the project employs various channels such as capacity building, networking, advocacy, and specialized technical assistance. Notably, the success rate of 22 grantees from the first cohort who were able to secure additional funding from other sources is 36%, surpassing our target range of 20%-30%. For detailed information, please refer to the rating and project indicator sheet.
Environmental, social and governance risk not managed, triggering risk events	Low	Environmental, social, and governance (ESG) criteria are systematically integrated into every facet of the ISGAP program. The UNDP Social and Environmental Safeguards Procedures (SESP) serve as a benchmark, ensuring robust controls are in place to manage these risks. Dedicated ISGAP Social, Environmental and Governance Safeguard Management (SEGM) guidelines have been formulated and serve as the primary reference document for grantees and ISGAP's PMU. To address concerns and grievances, the project put in place a Grievance Redress Mechanism (GRM) (https://www.adaptation-undp.org/smallgrantaggregator/grievance-redress-mechanism) which has been published in the project's website, as an

		entry point for grantees, beneficiaries or other concerned stakeholders to file their complaints conveniently. In the two calls for proposals (1st and 2nd cohorts), ESG risk identification questions were incorporated to highlight potential risks and outline strategies for their management. Likewise, the ISGAP Safeguards Consultant developed a simplified SES template for each grantee from both cohorts to assess various social, environmental and governance risks prior to the LVGA implementation. Grantees are required to report against this template on a quarterly basis, receiving support in quality assurance and technical guidance in safeguards. Specific training sessions on safeguards were conducted during the year, and this approach will be replicated in 2024 via refresher trainings. For specific cases requiring individual attention, the project team, with the assistance of the ISGAP Safeguards consultant and ISGAP M&E consultant, provides personalized support.
ISGAP does not attract sufficient support from private sector	Moderate	To effectively manage this risk, several key actions were implemented during 2023: Engagements with AVPN were continued to conduct a series of round tables involving private sector stakeholders. Roundtables with cohort 1 grantees and investors were successfully organized in LAC, Africa, and the Asia-Pacific region. An Impact-Live event was hosted at the 2023 AVPN Investors Conference in Malaysia in June 2023. This event was designed to expose grantees to potential investors and relevant private sector stakeholders, better preparing them for future investor or matchmaking events. A minimum of 5 thought leadership workshops, lectures, and events were hosted or facilitated by ISGAP (UNDP) in collaboration with key partners such as GRP and MBA Schools. As a notable outcome, at least 8 grantees from cohort 1 reported securing additional funding from other sources/donors, attributing their success to participation in the ISGAP program. Of the cohort 1 grantees, 18 (82%) successfully achieved their 18-month milestone performance targets. Recognizing the high potential for scaling up or replication, 15 grantees from cohort 1 underwent a competitive selection process and are slated to receive a second round of ISGAP funding in early 2024 to further scale their innovative solutions.

Critical Risks Affecting Progress (Not identified at project design)

Are there any critical risks with a 50% or > likelihood of affecting progress of project? Yes

Identify Risks with a 50% or > likelihood of affecting progress of project

Identified Risk	Current Status	Steps taken to mitigate risk
COVID-19 impact on project implementation	High	From the project implementation perspective, the project closely worked with the 1st cohort grantees to design COVID-19 mitigation strategies under each grantee's work plan (LVGA). Necessary procurement of personal protective equipment for project implementation, if required by the grantee, were considered under their grant budget. The ISGAP PMU also put in place adaptative measures for those few grantees (e.g. Micronesia) who saw highly impacted their workplan implementation because of the pandemic. From the project management perspective, digital engagement is conducted throughout many project activities instead of in-person engagement, due to the global nature of the project. As explained in cell F12, internally, Covid-19 has significant impacted on UNDP's procurement and recruitment processes (causing overall project implementation delay during 2021 and 2022). However this situation has improved during 2023, and the system/processes already returned to normal, allowing for the project to hold in-person meetings and workshops. During 2024,

		provided that the COVID-19 global situation has improved, the implementation of the work plan has accelerated. To manage and mitigate the initial delay of implementation of the ISGAP project (during 2021 and 2022), ISGAP's PMU will officially request during the initial months of 2024, a 12 month extension of the project's implementation timeline to the two donors (AF and EU).
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Risk Measures

Were there any risk mitigation measures employed during the current reporting period? If so, were risks reduced? If not, why were these risks not reduced?

With few grantees, there has been a lack of engagement and low reporting capacity. But alternative ways are being sought to work with them through UNDP country offices, local partner organizations, close follow-up, doing training refreshers, and strengthening ISGAP's PMU (complete the team). For the low-performing grantees, the follow-up process needs to be well documented to back up whichever course of action is taken. As a mitigation measure, it is key to flag them formally as low-performing grantees and communicate that clearly to them. Once a grantee fails to achieve 70% of agreed milestones set from the low-value grant agreement at reporting date, they are flagged as a potential low-performing grantee. Once flagged, they will be asked to fill out a template explaining the various reasons why they are in that situation, ask them to propose a catch-up plan (e.g. 3 months), and evaluate performance again to take a final decision with regards to their LVGAs. Another meeting will be planned with the Project Board to present additional information about the 3 low performing grantees which will help facilitate the decision-making processes.

ESP Compliance

Section 1: Identified ESP Risk Management

Was the ESP risks identification complete at the time of funding approval? No

1.Compliance with the law

Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	

Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	
2.Access and equity	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	Communities in the project area (including ethnic minorities) could face economic displacement, changes to land rights and/or restricted access to resources because of the grant recipient businesses and social enterprises expansion.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	For this and all other Social, Environmental and Governance Safeguard (SES)-related risks, the Project Board has instituted screening criteria mandating all grantees to incorporate social and environmental risk assessment and management measures. In the selection process, Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E), Finance, Investment, and Safeguard Specialists review applicants to ensure that appropriate management measures are in place. Grantees also receive specific guidance on these matters to enhance their understanding and compliance. To further strengthen the safeguard framework, the Safeguards Expert has developed specific SEGM Guidelines, aligning with UNDP's most recent Social and Environmental Safeguards Procedures (SESP) standards. These guidelines serve as a comprehensive reference for the project in terms of safeguard and risk management. To address grievances and concerns, a Grievance Redress Mechanism has been developed and implemented. In 2023, trainings on risk management and safeguards were conducted for 1st and 2nd cohort to enhance awareness and understanding across the project team. This proactive approach ensures a robust safeguard mechanism and contributes to the effective management of potential risks. Furthermore, PMU is monitoring SES through quarterly reporting, and it is mandatory for all grantees to include SES in each reporting period.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.

Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Operational and Environmental, social, and governance (ESG)safeguard risk management measures have been incorporated into each LVGA for grantees. Quarterly reporting against these risk matrices to UNDP is a mandatory requirement for grantees. The ISGAP Safeguard expert actively provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, particularly focusing on those with identified "medium level" risks. Given the overall medium-level risk assessment of the project, ISGAP adopts a cautious approach by not funding "high-risk" grantees. This decision is in line with preventing the triggering of different procedures that are not outlined in the current ISGAP Social, Environmental and Governance Safeguard (SEGM) guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information. This strategic risk management approach ensures the project's adherence to established guidelines and minimizes potential complications associated with high-risk projects.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
3.Marginalized and vulnerable Groups	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	There is a likelihood that the Project would exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups, from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. NGOs/CSOs that received grant from UNDP also involve in adverse impact from employment. In addition, although the project aims to find climate change adaptation solutions that improve resilience, it is still likely that when handle incorrectly, the grant recipient businesses or social enterprises could exacerbate conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and individuals by business expansion.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	For this and all other SES-related risks, the Project Board has established Environmental, social, and governance (ESG) screening criteria requiring all grantees to incorporate social and environmental risk assessment and management measurements. During the selection process and M&E process, a Safeguard

	Expert was hired to review the applicants' proposals and ensure that appropriate management measures are in place. Specific guidance to grantees on these matters has been provided regularly. Specific SES Guidelines have been developed by the Safeguards Expert, following UNDP's Social and Environmental Safeguards Procedures (SESP) to serve as a reference for the project in terms of safeguard and risk management. A Grievance Redress Mechanism has been developed and put into place. Trainings on risk management/safeguards was delivered during the 2023 for 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
4.Human rights	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented	

during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	
5. Gender equality and women's empowerment	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	The grant recipient NGOs/CSOs could limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions given the employment choice and local culture. Project potentially reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits through grant selection.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	For this and all other SES-related risks, the Project Board has established screening criteria requiring grantees to incorporate social and environmental risk assessment and management measurements. During the selection process and M&E process, a Safeguard Expert was hired to review the 1st cohort applicants and ensure that appropriate management measures are in place. Specific guidance to these grantees on these matters has been provided. Specific SES Guidelines have been developed by the Safeguards Expert, following UNDP's most recent standards to serve as a reference for the project in terms of safeguard and risk management (still under internal clearance process). A Grievance Redress Mechanism has been developed and put into place. Trainings on risk management/safeguards was delivered during the 2023 for 1st and 2nd cohort
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks

implemented during the reporting period	have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
6.Core labour rights	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	The grant recipient NGOs/CSOs might fail to comply with national and international labor standards.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	For this and all other SES-related risks, the Project Board has established screening criteria requiring 1st cohort grantees to incorporate social and environmental risk assessment and management measurements. During the selection process and M&E process, a Safeguard Expert was hired to review the 1st cohort applicants and ensure that appropriate management measures are in place. Specific guidance to these grantees on these matters has been provided. Specific SES Guidelines have been developed by the Safeguards Expert, following UNDP's most recent standards to serve as a reference for the project in terms of safeguard and risk management (still under internal clearance process). A Grievance Redress Mechanism has been developed and put into place. Trainings on risk management/safeguards was delivered during the 2023 for 1st and 2nd cohort
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State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of

	each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
7.Indigenous people	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	The project aims to provide grants to local NGOs/CSOs in developing countries. The project will be working with indigenous peoples, either as grantees, customers of grantees or suppliers of grantees.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort

	of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
8. Involuntary resettlement	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	
9. Protection of natural habitats	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes

During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	Grants to NGOs/CSOs that their business model could cause adverse impacts to habitats, e.g. associated with harvesting of natural forests or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
10.Conservation of biological diversity	

Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	Grantee might have business activities within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact	N/A

identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
11.Climate change	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	
12.Pollution prevention and resource efficiency	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	

Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	
13.Public health	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	Employment with the NGOs/CSOs could pose a potential risk to health and safety of individuals depends on the business activities (eg. Use of new pesticide, or new fertilizer, using of unfamiliar equipment).
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.

Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
14. Physical and cultural heritage	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	Yes
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	Yes
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	The grant recipient NGOs/CSOs or UNDP could lead to commercialize traditional knowledge. As NGOs/CSOs grantees will share their lessons learnt in their innovative approach to climate change adaptation, other actors could use the knowledge product of UNDP to commercialize these traditional knowledge. As part of the project, UNDP is expected to act as an investment broker to find commercial investors to invest commercially in scalable grantees.
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk" grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	Operational and safeguard risks have been identified in a table, evaluated (Low, Medium, High levels) and included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees.
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	Baseline conditions for each grantee's project has been included in the "background context" of each LVGA.
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	Measures to manage operational and safeguard risks have been included in each LVGA from the 1st and 2nd cohort of grantees. Grantees need to quarterly report against these risk matrixes to UNDP. ISGAP Safeguard expert provides training and guidance to grantees on risk and safeguard management, specially to those that have "medium level" identified risks. Given the fact that the overall risk assessment of the project was "medium level", no "high risk"

	grantees are being funded through ISGAP because that would trigger different procedures not foreseen in the current ISGAP SES guidelines. See section 12 "List each USP that has been identified in the reporting period to the level where effective ESP compliance is possible" of this PPR report for additional information.
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	N/A
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	N/A
15.Lands and soil conservation	
Are environmental or social risks present as per table II.K (II.L for REG) of the proposal?	No
During project/programme formulation, an impact assessment was carried out for the risks identified. Have impacts been identified that require management actions to prevent unacceptable impacts? (as per II.K/II.L)	
List the identified impacts for which safeguard measures are required (as per II.K/II.L)	
List here the safeguard measures (i.e. avoidance, management or mitigation) identified for each impact that are supposed to be (or had to be) implemented during the reporting period. Please break down the safeguard measures by activity.	
List the monitoring indicator(s) for each impact identified.	
State the baseline condition for each monitoring indicator	
Describe each safeguard measure that has been implemented during the reporting period	
Describe the residual impact for each impact identified - if any - using the monitoring indicator(s)	
Describe remedial action for residual impacts that will be taken	

Section 2: Monitoring for unanticipated impacts / corrective actions required

Has monitoring for unanticipated ESP risks been carried out?	Yes
Have unanticipated ESP risks been identified during the reporting period?	No
If unanticipated ESP risks have been identified, describe the safeguard measures that have been taken in response and how an ESMP has been prepared/updated	

Section 3: Categorisation

Is the categorisation according to ESP standards still relevant?	Yes
If No, please describe the changes made at activity,	

output or outcome level, approved by the Board, that resulted in this change of categorization.	
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Section 4: Implementation arrangements

What arrangements have been put in place by the Implementing Entity during the reporting period to implement the required ESP safeguard measures?	Project Board has instituted screening criteria mandating all grantees to incorporate social, environmental and governance risk assessment and management measures. In the selection process, Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E), Finance, Investment, and Safeguard Specialists review applicants to ensure that appropriate management measures are in place. Grantees also receive specific guidance on these matters to enhance their understanding and compliance. To further strengthen the safeguard framework, the Safeguards Expert has developed specific SEGM Guidelines, aligning with UNDP's most recent standards. These guidelines serve as a comprehensive reference for the project in terms of safeguard and risk management. In 2023, trainings on risk management and safeguards were conducted with cohorts 1 and 2 grantees, to enhance awareness and understanding across the project team. This proactive approach ensures a robust safeguard mechanism and contributes to the effective management of potential risks.
Have the implementation arrangements been effective during the reporting period?	Yes
What arrangements have been put in place by each Executing Entity during the reporting period to implement the required ESP safeguard measures?	IP is the EE in this case
Have the implementation arrangements at the EEs been effective during the reporting period?	Yes

Section 5: Projects/programmes with unidentified sub-projects (USPs). This section needs to be completed only if the project/proramme includes USPs.

Have the arrangements for the process described in the ESMP for ESP compliance for USPs been put in place?	Yes
Is the required capacity for ESMP implementation present and effective with the IE and the EE(s)? Please provide details.	Yes
Have all roles and responsibilities adequately been assigned and positions filled?	Yes
Has the overall ESMP been updated with the findings of the USPs that have been identified in this reporting period?	Yes

Identified USPs in the reporting period	Application of ESMP to the USP	ESP risks identified for the USP	Has an impact assessment been carried out?	Consultation held for risks and impacts identification for USP	Gender disaggregated to identify risks and impacts	Safeguard measures identified for the USP	Monitoring indicator(s) for each impact
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<p>PleaProject 54_LIVESTOCK DEVELOPMENT FOR COMMUNITY kindly review full list in the excel file attached</p>	<p>Yes Yes</p>	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"" ""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)"" ""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, we will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
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		habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""""The activity may involve plantation development. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of				this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism. 2) In the case grievances	
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		<p>climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition</p>				<p>are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from</p>	
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		<p>or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>			<p>the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU</p>	
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		<p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantations will be developed but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low</p>	
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						<p>Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by the UNDP</p>	
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						<p>PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this</p>	
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						<p>risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In</p>	
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					<p>addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage</p>	
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						<p>this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity</p>	
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						<p>building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in</p>	
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						<p>further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan</p>	
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						<p>will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not</p>	
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						<p>triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant</p>	
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						<p>activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may release pollutants to the environment but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be</p>	
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						<p>applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization</p>	
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						<p>then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p>	
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						<p>However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and</p>	
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						<p>site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."</p>	
Project 56_BUKIDNON Umayamnon Tribe	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will	Not applicable

KAPU- UNAN		<p>or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive</p>				<p>receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk</p>	
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		<p>areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought,</p>				<p>monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents,</p>	
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		<p>temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas</p>				<p>notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities</p>	
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		<p>where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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					<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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						<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to</p>	
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						<p>the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach</p>	
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						<p>will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity</p>	
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						<p>building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>
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					<p>minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application</p>	
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					<p>of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be</p>	
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						<p>further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p>	
<p>Project 59_SANTO SUNSET ENVIRONMENT NETWORK</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>

		<p>affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity within the Santo Mountain Chain Biodiversity Hotspot, which currently houses 4 officially</p>				<p>grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If</p>	
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		<p>recognized Conservation Areas, which are sensitive habitat areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity will deal with local genetic varieties of local crops</p>				<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as</p>	
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		<p>like yam, taro, banana and vegetables. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity is located in Western Santo Area, this entire location is subject to multiple hazards. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature,</p>				<p>possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be</p>	
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		<p>salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes like the traditional agriculture practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p>				<p>negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure</p>	
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		<p>""The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples as the entire initiative is designed by and for the agricultural adaptation of indigenous people of the Jarai Alo Kolo tribes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""There</p>			<p>application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve natural forest harvest, plantation development or reforestation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low</p>	
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		<p>may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution</p>				<p>Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP</p>	
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		<p>and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention."""</p> <p>""The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water. (Social and</p>				<p>PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish or other aquatic species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach</p>	
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		Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""				will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity	
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						<p>building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may genetic species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in</p>	
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						<p>further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" "" A</p>	
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						<p>preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may be placed at locations that suffer extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are</p>
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						<p>potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and</p>	
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					<p>a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential</p>	
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						<p>impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the</p>	
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						<p>UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" "" ""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However,</p>	
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						<p>the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly</p>	
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					<p>monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include</p>	
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					<p>capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and</p>	
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					<p>regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve the release of pollutants to</p>	
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						<p>the environment but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs</p>	
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						<p>or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component</p>	
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						<p>of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve waste generation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage</p>	
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						<p>this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure</p>	
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						<p>application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve manufacture, trade, release and/or use of hazardous materials and chemicals but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be</p>	
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						<p>further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve chemicals or</p>	
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						<p>materials subject to international bans but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or</p>	
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						<p>phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building</p>	
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						<p>component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve the application of pesticides but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and</p>	
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					<p>monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in</p>	
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						<p>place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy and or water but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further</p>	
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					<p>assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided</p>	
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						where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 66_CENTRO ECOLOGICO	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will	Not applicable

		<p>populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to)</p>				<p>need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent</p>	
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		<p>legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities because the whole region where activities will be developed is surrounded by different categories of protected areas.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation because they are oriented to stimulate farmers to recover the original vegetation using native</p>				<p>information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and</p>	
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		<p>species under agroforestry systems. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other</p>				<p>no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>	
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		<p>purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""""</p> <p>""""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""""</p> <p>""""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present or in land they claim or impact in their resources (including activities area of influence) as some will be developed where the Mbya Guarani people are.</p>				<p>minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>			<p>of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities may involve harvest of natural forests, plantation development or reforestation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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						<p>to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in</p>	
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						<p>further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition,</p>	
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						<p>through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we</p>	
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					<p>will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to</p>	
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					<p>manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further</p>	
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						<p>design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to</p>	
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						<p>be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered.</p>	
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						<p>However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In</p>	
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					<p>addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to</p>	
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					<p>ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the</p>	
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						UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 71_SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT AND FISHERIES	ENVIRONMENT	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to	Not applicable

		<p>Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources</p>				<p>ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure</p>	
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		<p>and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve plantation development. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The</p>				<p>application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate</p>	
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		<p>activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of</p>				<p>Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be</p>	
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		<p>physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where Berom indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). They own their land and will eventually co-own the project. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""The activity may</p>			<p>applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building</p>	
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		involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""				component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities will involve plantation development but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this	
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						<p>risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p>	
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						<p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are</p>
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						<p>activities related to construction. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure</p>	
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						<p>application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities</p>	
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						<p>would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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					<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need</p>	
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						<p>to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and</p>	
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						<p>reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A</p>	
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						<p>preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and</p>	
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					<p>reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" "" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals</p>	
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						<p>and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs</p>	
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						<p>or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component</p>	
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						<p>of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead hazardous chemicals and/or hazardous materials or chemicals but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be</p>	
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						<p>notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p>	
<p>Project 74_YAYSAN BESIPAE</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2:</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>Yes</p>	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>

		<p>Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous</p>				<p>process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the</p>	
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		<p>peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible</p>				<p>relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization</p>	
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		<p>and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where Adat indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence) as it will be</p>				<p>then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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		<p>located in their village/land. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""""</p> <p>""""The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to chemical products that will be used for the agricultural purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)""""</p> <p>""""There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8:</p>				<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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		<p>Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities will involve reforestation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and</p>	
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						<p>site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis</p>	
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						<p>indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU</p>	
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						<p>will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this</p>	
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						<p>country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at</p>	
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					<p>most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure</p>	
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						<p>the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings</p>	
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						<p>would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided</p>	
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						<p>where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that chemicals will be used</p>	
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						<p>but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant</p>	
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						<p>activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the</p>	
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						<p>environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity</p>	
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						<p>building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve the use of pesticides but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve</p>	
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						<p>the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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						to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."""	
Project 82_SOKEHS MENIN KETENGES	Yes	"The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 1. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals	Yes	Yes	Yes	" The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the	Not applicable

		<p>(including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them and in consequence the activities will bring grievances or objections because the seaweed will be harvested from areas within the Pohnpei Lagoon, where some communities might feel ownership despite it is a public area. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services within Pohnpei because some of these activities could happen next to Marine</p>			<p>beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."</p>	
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		<p>Protected Areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes."</p> <p>"The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities of the Pohnpei because some of</p>				<p>"To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism. 2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's</p>	
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		<p>these activities could happen next to Marine Protected Areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring risks to endangered species as there are populations of turtles that are considered endangered that could be affected by this seaweed harvesting. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity will involve seaweed harvesting. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity will be subject to working in the lagoon, so bad weather can be an issue.</p>				<p>SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."</p> <p>"A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may bring adverse impacts to habitats but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)"</p> <p>"The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential changes or disasters like changes in temperature or salinity caused by climate change.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."</p> <p>"The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure) because the work will be done at a</p>			<p>design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis</p>	
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		<p>processing center, so this is a risk that we need to address. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding) in the marine environment where communities fish and collect marine resources for their food. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional</p>				<p>indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If</p>	
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		<p>knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)" "The activity may be in areas where Pohnpei indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous</p>				<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may bring risks to endangered species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be</p>	
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		<p>Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by Pohnpei indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to associated dangers of working in the marine environment. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"There may be generation of waste (non-hazardous) from packaging and labelling seaweed products. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and</p>				<p>anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in</p>	
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		Resource Efficiency)"				place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this	
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						<p>SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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						<p>to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities will be placed at locations that may suffer from extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this</p>	
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						<p>risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In</p>	
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						<p>addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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						<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of failure of structural elements. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2)</p>	
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						<p>If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this</p>	
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						<p>risk." "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and their services. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices</p>
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						<p>are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a</p>	
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						<p>Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>	
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						<p>minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p>	
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						<p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP,</p>	
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						<p>trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may be</p>	
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						<p>located on lands claimed by indigenous peoples but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent</p>	
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						<p>information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may bring occupational health and safety risks but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be</p>	
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						<p>anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in</p>	
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						<p>place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. " "A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may lead to waste generation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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						<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as</p>	
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						part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 85_FONDO ACCION (CLEAN TECH HUB)	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive	Not applicable

		<p>in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g.</p>				<p>and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate</p>	
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		<p>nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources</p>				<p>Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3)</p>	
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		<p>due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p>				<p>Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this</p>	
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						<p>risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and</p>	
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					<p>approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to</p>	
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					<p>ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component</p>	
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						<p>of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed</p>	
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						<p>and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the</p>	
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						<p>UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p>	
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						<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES</p>	
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						Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
Project 86_SPARC	Yes	""Duty-bearers (local government) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities because at this stage we cannot assure a financial commitment from them towards such nature-based homegrown projects. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"" ""The activity may bring inequitable	Yes	Yes	Yes	""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the government support prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""	Not applicable

		<p>or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive</p>			<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p>	
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		<p>areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods because the local plan may include certain set of rules that may restrict the community to washing their clothes on the edges of the water</p>			<p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case</p>	
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		<p>body. Hence it may impact livelihoods of households that are dependant on these activities for their income. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes.""</p> <p>""The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may</p>				<p>grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential</p>	
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		<p>have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods because the local plan may include certain set of rules that may restrict the community to washing their clothes on the edges of the water body. Hence it may impact livelihoods of households that are dependant on these activities for their income.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate</p>			<p>impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p> <p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered.</p> <p>However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored.</p> <p>To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the</p>	
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		<p>Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""</p> <p>""The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible</p>				<p>UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may change the use of land but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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		<p>forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"" ""The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"" ""There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"" ""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous</p>				<p>the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1)</p>	
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		and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""				Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather	
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						<p>events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may change the use of land but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored.</p>	
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						<p>To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include</p>	
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					<p>capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent</p>	
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						<p>information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" "" A</p>	
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						<p>preliminary analysis indicates that there are activities related to construction. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and</p>	
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						<p>a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activity may be dealing with wastewater . Because this</p>	
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						<p>risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and</p>	
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						<p>approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>	
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						<p>minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application</p>	
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						<p>of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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						<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information</p>	
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						results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive	
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						<p>areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information</p>	
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						<p>results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities may be located on lands claimed by indigenous peoples but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities</p>	
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						<p>would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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						<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may release pollutants to the environment but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further</p>	
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					<p>assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided</p>	
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						<p>where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste</p>	
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						<p>generation any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application</p>	
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						<p>of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by</p>	
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						UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 112_ASSOCIATION LA VOUTE NUBIENNE	Yes	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the</p>	Not applicable

		<p>Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur adjacent to a national park in the Attacora Department, in North Benin, along the Pendjari National Park. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may</p>				<p>simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance</p>	
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		involve construction and/or infrastructure development of Nubian vaults. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""""The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the Nubian vaults on the construction site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4:				Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism. 2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""""A preliminary	
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		<p>Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2)</p>	
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		level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"""				<p>If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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						<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by</p>	
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						<p>the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are activities related to construction. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach</p>	
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						<p>will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment</p>	
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						<p>are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that some activities may structurally fail. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage</p>	
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						<p>this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during</p>	
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						<p>extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed</p>	
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						<p>and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings</p>	
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						<p>would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we</p>	
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						<p>will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3)</p> <p>If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an</p>	
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						<p>abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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						<p>to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a</p>	
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						<p>precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a</p>	
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						Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."""	
Project 113_SOUTH ASIAN FORUM FOR ENVIRONMENT	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a	Not applicable

		<p>disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity will occur in the forest fringe villages of Sundarban Biosphere Reserve which is a world heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity will involve plantation development</p>				<p>simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee</p>	
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		<p>focused on augmenting the primary productivity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity will involve harvesting of native fish species and local sea weeds in inundated coastal areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity will be subject to hazards such as coastal flooding and cyclones. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to extreme weather. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical</p>				<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered.</p>	
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		<p>relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In</p>	
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					<p>addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve plantation development but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored.</p>	
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						<p>To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include</p>	
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					<p>capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish or other aquatic species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection</p>	
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						<p>to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates</p>	
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					<p>that there are potential extreme weather events in the activity area. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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					<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather</p>	
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					<p>events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated</p>	
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						<p>to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to</p>	
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						<p>ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed.</p>	
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						<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If</p>	
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						<p>subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis</p>	
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						<p>indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If</p>	
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						<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous</p>	
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						<p>materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application</p>	
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						<p>of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by</p>	
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						UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."""	
Project 116_MOYO DISTRICT FARMERS ASSOCIATION	Yes	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the</p>	Not applicable

		<p>Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve plantation development or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:</p>				<p>simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance</p>	
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		<p>Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The</p>			<p>Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary</p>	
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		<p>activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2)</p>	
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		Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"""				<p>If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantation development may be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities</p>	
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						<p>would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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					<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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						<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to</p>	
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						<p>the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach</p>	
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						<p>will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity</p>	
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						<p>building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk</p>	
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						<p>categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>
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					<p>minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application</p>	
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					<p>of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be</p>	
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						<p>further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p>	
Project 121_OPEN GHANA	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the</p>	Not applicable

		<p>affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not</p>				<p>grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If</p>	
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		<p>limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve plantation development. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism. 2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and</p>				<p>possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>			<p>negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure</p>	
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						<p>application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantation development may be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a</p>	
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						<p>precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition,</p>	
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						<p>through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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						<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and</p>	
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						<p>site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""The activities may replace</p>	
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						<p>other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided</p>	
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						<p>where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES</p>	
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						<p>Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to</p>	
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					<p>ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component</p>	
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						<p>of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to</p>	
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					<p>ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the</p>	
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						UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 122_ESPACIO DE ENCUENTRO DE LAS CULTURAS ORIGINARIAS DE MEXICO	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to	Not applicable

		<p>Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""""</p> <p>""""The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits because the men may be annoyed by the fact that the project prioritises women. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)""""</p> <p>""""The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services because the men may not</p>				<p>ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure</p>	
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		<p>agree to allocate a space for the demonstration project for women only. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. ""</p> <p>""The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence due to insecurity for women when they go alone to check and look after their crops. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) ""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized</p>				<p>application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation</p>	
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		<p>groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p>			<p>activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p>	
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		<p>""The activity may provide the conditions for the development of plantations or for reforestation due to the new microclimates that the water chanel will create. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, droughts and frosts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may sufer damage due to extreme climate change related events. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation).</p>				<p>the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantation</p>	
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					<p>development or reforestation may occur but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent</p>	
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						<p>information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities will be exposed to extreme weather but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be</p>	
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						<p>anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in</p>	
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						<p>place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities suffer damage when exposed to extreme weather but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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						<p>to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully</p>	
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					<p>managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP,</p>	
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						<p>trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage</p>	
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						<p>this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and</p>	
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						<p>an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low</p>	
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						<p>Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by the UNDP</p>	
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						<p>PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low</p>	
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						<p>Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk</p>	
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						monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk."	
Project 130_CENTRE FOR COMMUNITY INITIATIVES	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and	Not applicable

		<p>marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature</p>				<p>transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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		<p>reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land</p>				<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this</p>	
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		<p>acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p>				<p>risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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						<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and approved by</p>	
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						<p>the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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						<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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					<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and</p>	
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					<p>monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU</p>	
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						<p>will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this</p>	
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						<p>risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and</p>	
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						approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
Project 143_ISLAND FOOD COMMUNITY OF POHNPEI	Yes	""Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities due to the recent passing of CWC President. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"" ""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living	Yes	Yes	Yes	""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the government support prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."" ""The	Not applicable

		<p>in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions</p>			<p>selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit</p>	
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		<p>that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve plantation development. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the concerns are resolved prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such concerns are</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities should the need rise by hiring security to maintain or safeguard project equipments, etc. (Social and</p>				<p>not resolved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The</p>			<p>then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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		activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""				risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant	
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						<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantation development will be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and</p>	
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						<p>site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis</p>	
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						<p>indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU</p>	
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						<p>will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there will be security personnel</p>	
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						<p>involved in the activities. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure</p>	
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						<p>application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities</p>	
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						<p>would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will</p>	
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					<p>need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need</p>	
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						<p>to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and</p>	
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						<p>reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A</p>	
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						<p>preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and</p>	
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						reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
Project 157-SAMPLE UGANDA AQUACULTURE ASSOCIATION	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent	Not applicable

		<p>or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)""</p> <p>""The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)""</p> <p>""The activity may limit women's</p>				<p>process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization</p>	
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		<p>ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. ""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals including the elderly, youth and women who are likely to miss out of</p>				<p>then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To</p>	
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		<p>the project activities and accessing benefits due to dominance by men and other well positioned decision makers who may take up all the available project opportunities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and</p>				<p>manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Secure the support of men prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will inform to the UNDP PMU when this is achieved. 2) If such support is not achieved the plan will need to be reviewed and approved by</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve harvesting of fish populations. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes.""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible</p>			<p>the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism</p>	
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		<p>forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to water contamination in the crop grow- beds or fish water tanks and over use or un regulated water maintenance . (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (non-hazardous) due to the significant agricultural horticulture production that may lead to over-production resulting on huge post-harvest waste because of the lack of readily available markets. (Social and</p>				<p>this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity</p>	
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		Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""				building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that harvesting of fish or other aquatic species will be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided	
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						<p>where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of</p>	
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						<p>damaged products by extreme weather events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in</p>	
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						<p>place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed</p>	
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						<p>grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be</p>	
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						<p>notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site</p>	
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						<p>conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk</p>	
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						<p>monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to</p>	
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					<p>reduce this risk. "" "" A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk</p>	
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					<p>monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that pollutants may be released to the environment but any</p>	
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						<p>potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization</p>	
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						<p>then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that waste may be generated to the environment but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p>	
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						<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES</p>	
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						Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
PROJECT 251_PILIER AUX FEMMES VULNERABLES ACTIVES	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"" ""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders,	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will: 1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include	Not applicable

		<p>in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>			<p>proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior</p>	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve plantation development. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural</p>			<p>to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed</p>	
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		<p>Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p>				<p>to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1)</p>	
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						<p>Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this</p>	
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						<p>risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that plantation development will be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk</p>	
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						<p>monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged products by extreme weather</p>	
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					<p>events. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated</p>	
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						<p>to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to</p>	
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						<p>ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed.</p>	
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						<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If</p>	
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						<p>subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis</p>	
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						<p>indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If</p>	
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						subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
PROJECT 260-WORLD NEIGHBORS	Yes	""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals	Yes	Yes	Yes	""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this	Not applicable

		<p>or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas</p>				<p>risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU</p>	
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		<p>proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may harvest natural forests. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The</p>				<p>will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk</p>	
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		<p>activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p>				<p>monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES</p>	
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						<p>Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation</p>	
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						<p>of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that natural forest harvesting will be involved but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed</p>	
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						<p>and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings</p>	
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						<p>would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""The activities may replace other previous activities,</p>	
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						<p>assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include</p>	
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						<p>ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP</p>	
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						<p>PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully</p>	
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					<p>managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP,</p>	
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						trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""	
PROJECT 273_SMART FARMS FIJI FOUNDATION	Yes	<p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities and jealousy from people in the community that are not selected to participate. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified</p>	Not applicable

		<p>in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential</p>				<p>Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress</p>	
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		<p>impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) ""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land</p>				<p>Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism. 2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis</p>	
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		<p>acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)""</p>				<p>indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If</p>	
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						<p>subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that there are potential risks of damaged crops or hydroponic kits by extreme weather events. Because this</p>	
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						<p>risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is minimized to the extent possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES Standard and</p>	
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						<p>approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. 3) Ensure the plants and equipment are designed and protected to the extent possible to minimize potential impacts during extreme weather events. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or</p>	
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						<p>minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application</p>	
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					<p>of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated</p>	
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						<p>as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information</p>	
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						results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive	
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						<p>areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information</p>	
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						<p>results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may involve/lead to waste generation and potential use of chemicals and/or hazardous materials but any potential</p>	
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						<p>impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, these would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Ensure the activities supported by the grant do not involve the use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals subject to international bans or phase outs or the application of pesticides that may</p>	
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						<p>have a negative effect on the environment or human health. 2) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings</p>	
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						would include capacity building to reduce this risk."""	
PROJECT 278_RURAL DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE	Yes	<p>""Duty-bearers (local ward and municipality governments) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""Rights-holders (Rangelands, where the project will take place, are held in collective ownership by the indigenous Gurung community) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the government support prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will share evidence with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and</p>	Not applicable

		<p>impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals of different caste. This is because higher caste indigenous villagers and lower caste migrant herders comprise the two primary groups of stakeholders and co-design participants, existing distrust between these two groups that</p>				<p>approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Secure the right-holders capacity prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will share evidence with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES</p>	
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		<p>may be magnified by disagreements, perceptions of lack of inclusion, or other possible conflicts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them and may be objecting or retaliation will occur because the primary project stakeholders include indigenous livestock owning families and marginalized migrant herders. Possible grievances may be brought by</p>				<p>requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will</p>	
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		<p>both; indigenous peoples may object to the full participation of migrant herders in co-design processes, while migrant herders may articulate grievances if their participation is objected to or obfuscated by other parties. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas within the Annapurna Conservation Area Project (ACAP), a protected area defined by the Nepali federal government and National Trust for Nature Conservation (NTNC). . (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may involve animal husbandry. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may be situated in the earthquake-prone high Himalayas. It is not subject to floods, tsunami, storm surges, or volcanic eruptions. Landslides are rare in this region, as are severe winds. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)""</p> <p>""The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate</p>				<p>inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities.</p> <p>2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a</p>	
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		<p>change or disasters as they will be subjected primarily to possible increased or variable precipitation, drought, changes in temperature, and earthquakes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. ""</p> <p>""The activity may bring adverse impacts to intangible forms of culture as primarily indigenous and emerging forms of herding knowledge play a central role in this project. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition</p>			<p>hours. 3)</p> <p>Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p>	
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		<p>or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in rangelands collectively owned by several indigenous communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p>				<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES</p>	
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						<p>Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is</p>	
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						<p>not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the</p>	
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						<p>relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities may be placed in areas that may suffer from extreme weather but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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						<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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					<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activity outputs may be sensitive to the extreme weather situations but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this</p>	
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						<p>risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p>	
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					<p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that activities may bring adverse impacts to sites but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk</p>	
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					<p>monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may create alterations to landscape with cultural significance</p>	
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						<p>but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk</p>	
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					<p>categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most.</p>	
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						<p>Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP’s SES</p>	
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						<p>Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""The activities may replace other previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this</p>	
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						<p>SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement. 2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation</p>	
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						<p>that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present</p>	
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						<p>in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate</p>	
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						<p>Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p>	
PROJECT 289_MESOAMERICAN REEF FUND INC	Yes	<p>""Duty-bearers (governmental agencies and local NGOs) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>""To manage this risk, we will: 1) Secure the government support prior to moving forward with the implementation activities. The Grantee will share evidence with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of</p>	Not applicable

		<p>activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)""</p> <p>""The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)""</p> <p>""The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats</p>				<p>activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities.""</p> <p>""The selection of beneficiaries who will receive support through the grant will need to ensure an inclusive and transparent process. To manage this risk, the Grantee will:</p> <p>1) Develop a</p>	
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		<p>and/or environmentally sensitive areas, like reefs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as hurricanes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)""</p> <p>""The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)""</p> <p>""The activity may create economic displacement</p>			<p>simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan to ensure an inclusive process and that affected people are meaningfully engaged in the process. This will include proposed selection criteria for the beneficiaries of the grant activities to ensure a transparent and inclusive process is applied. The Grantee will share the simplified Stakeholder Engagement Plan with the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of activities. 2) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified by the Grantee</p>	
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		<p>(e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)""</p> <p>""The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)""</p> <p>""The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical and psychosocial hazards from working in an extreme weather context and/or maritime context.</p>				<p>and the plan will need to be reviewed to ensure application of the relevant UNDP's SES requirements and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. ""</p> <p>""To manage this risk, we will:</p> <p>1) Ensure that affected people are informed of and have access to the project Grievance Redress Mechanism as well as UNDP's Accountability Mechanism.</p> <p>2) In the case grievances are received or there are incidents, notify the UNDP PMU as soon as possible and no later than within 36 hours. 3) Revisit this risk regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. If</p>	
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)""				subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and the mechanism will need to be reviewed to ensure application of this UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities."" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as "Low Risk", this SES Standard is not triggered.	
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						<p>However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In</p>	
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					<p>addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may be located at areas that may suffer extreme weather conditions but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is</p>	
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						<p>carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by</p>	
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					<p>UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>"" A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection</p>	
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						<p>to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. "" ""The activities may replace other</p>	
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						<p>previous activities, assets and/or access to resources but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. However, the baseline site conditions would need to be further assessed. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where</p>	
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						<p>possible, this will include ensuring the sites selected for the activities are supported by affected people and do not require land acquisition or result in physical displacement.</p> <p>2) Ensure the risk is regularly monitored as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 3) If subsequent information results in confirmation that there will be some economic displacement then this risk (and overall grant) will be upgraded to a Moderate Risk categorization and the UNDP PMU will be notified and an abbreviated Livelihood Action Plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and</p>	
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					<p>approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to reduce this risk." "" ""A preliminary analysis indicates that sensitive areas/practices are present in this country but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the</p>	
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						<p>risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant</p>	
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					<p>supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p> <p>""A preliminary analysis indicates that the activities may bring occupational health and safety risks but any potential impact from the proposed grant activities would be anticipated to be negligible or minimal at most. Because this risk is rated as “Low Risk”, this SES Standard is not triggered. However, a precautionary approach will be applied to ensure the risk is carefully managed and monitored. To manage this risk we will: 1) Revisit this risk in</p>	
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						<p>further design and site selection to ensure the risk is avoided where possible, and regularly as part of risk monitoring and reporting. 2) If subsequent information results in a Moderate Risk categorization then the UNDP PMU will be notified and a plan will need to be in place to ensure application of UNDP's SES Standard and approved by the UNDP PMU prior to initiation of the relevant activities. In addition, through the capacity building component of the grant supported by UNDP, trainings would include capacity building to manage this risk. ""</p>	
PROJECT	Yes	"Duty-	Yes	Yes	Yes	To manage	Not

411_Diaries of the Ocean		<p>bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"Women 's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance</p>				<p>the risk we will: plan ahead with the local authorities and the local stakeholders to avoid any surprises. "To manage the risk we will: make sure that the sand dunes restoration takes place in their natural place, far away from where people enjoy beach activities. We will only restrict access to parts of the sand dunes, for restoration purposes."</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: target women in the small businesses and young girls in the capacity building workshops. There are women already employed in the small businesses on the beach. They will be targeted by our activities." To manage</p>	applicable
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		<p>processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and</p>				<p>the risk we will: target women in the small businesses and young girls in the capacity building workshops. There are women already employed in the small businesses on the beach. they will be targeted by our activities.</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: target women in the small businesses and young girls in the capacity building workshops. There are women already employed in the small businesses on the beach. they will be targeted by our activities."</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: only use soft engineering techniques, and no invasive techniques. Also, we will only</p>	
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		critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes." "The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 1: Biodiversity)" "The activity may introduce invasive alien				plant native vegetation that is naturally present on site. The intervention we are introducing utilises soft engineering techniques that will reinforce the existing habitat." "To manage the risk we will: only restrict the area with restored sand dunes. The rest of the beach will not be affected. The activity will reinforce an existing habitat, which is part of the beach that will remain open to the public." "To manage the risk we will: only plant native vegetation already present on site." "To manage the risk we will: we will use the 3D model produced as an indicator for the success of the activity.	
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		<p>species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 2: Climate Change)"</p> <p>"The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events,</p>				<p>The sand dunes we are proposing to restore will act as natural barriers to sea storms and surges."</p> <p>"The activities, outputs and outcomes are in direct response to climate change events. We aim to introduce this activity as an adaptation measure to climate change events. To manage the risk we will: only use soft engineering techniques, and no invasive techniques. All the activities aim to adapt against the events of climate change."</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: target the local community to increase their capacities and diversify their economic basket. Only residents of</p>	
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		<p>earthquakes."</p> <p>"The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 3: Community H&S)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activitylevel Standard 3: Community H&S)"</p>				<p>the area will be targeted. There is no need for more workers to be involved in the local businesses on the beach." This is not a risk. This is an action we will take to prevent risks. We will hire a local to act as a beach guard. He will look after the sand dunes and the beach, and protect it from potential acts of vandalism.</p>	
PROJECT 414_ Action for Environmental Sustainability	Yes	<p>Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons)</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>To manage the risk we will: The project has been designed with respect to promotion of human rights. In this project we will engage the right holders proactively in activities that will strengthen their ability to meet their own needs in a</p>	Not applicable

		<p>may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)- The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social</p>				<p>sustainable manner. All the groups involved in the project activities and will be encouraged to report their concerns directly to the implementing organization head office and the contact details will be available for everyone. In case of any grievances, it will be addressed withing 2 working days. To manage the risk we will: Project activities will be regularly checked to ensure that they do not cause any adverse impacts on enjoyment of human rights and the project activity scope reiterated where necessary. We will work within this social context by acknowledging</p>	
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		<p>and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns</p>				<p>and involving customary leaders. We will enhance the capacity of the vulnerable population, therefore, it's part of the design of the project that there is equitable and non-discriminatory impact to the affected population. The selection criteria consider the inclusion of people living in poverty marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. To manage the risk, we will: Promote participation of the marginalized group at all levels in this project. A grievance mechanism will be established and all the stakeholders will be given direct contact Action for environmental</p>	
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		<p>regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit</p>				<p>Sustainability head office. In case of any grievances, it will be addressed withing 2 working days. We will take the gender concerns of the women groups/leaders seriously and respond to their needs immediately. It is in the design of this project to ensure that there are more women, girls and the youths participating in the project activities as they are the most vulnerable groups in the area and are the projects primary stakeholders. During all project meetings, the women will be encouraged to speak out. The project will not bring in outside workers to the project site, we will</p>	
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		<p>women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community,</p>				<p>work with the people from the community and all activities will be implemented in the community. During implementation, we will explain the scope of the project to all stakeholders and ensure that community members understand very well the aims of the project activities, thus, we will make sure that both men and understand the project activities and its intentions. We will work within the social context by acknowledging and involving customary leaders who will also work as ambassadors in helping people to understand the intentions of the project and managing</p>	
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		<p>changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>any misunderstanding. We will thoroughly identify all potential affected stakeholder through a stakeholder analysis process. With this, all the marginalized groups will be identified and during implementation of the project activities we will ensure their authentic participation. The stakeholder analysis will also inform the beneficiary selection criteria that will be developed and agreed upon and it will be used as a tool to monitor our gender mainstreaming, mainstreaming of people with disability and other vulnerable groups. The project activities will not introduce any new</p>	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes.</p> <p>The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and</p>				<p>species but rather promote sustainable farming of the existing indigenous varieties of crops. The project activities will rather promote sustainable farming that conserve the soils such as the use of organic manure/organic farming, crop rotation and other technics. We will provide training to the small holder farmers using a farm school in sustainable animal husbandry practices including fishpond farming. We will use climate smart technics to minimize the both in crops and animal husbandry to minimize vulnerability to the potential impacts of climate change. Additionally, we will also</p>	
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		<p>resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may introduce</p>				<p>explore the possibility of acquiring an agricultural insurance policy.</p>	
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		<p>invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of</p>					
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		<p>fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize</p>					
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		<p>genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be</p>					
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		<p>sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage</p>					
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		<p>further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic,</p>					
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		<p>injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health.</p>					
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level					
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions,</p>					
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		<p>movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create</p>					
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		<p>alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p>					
PROJECT 415_ Banana Industrial Research & Development Centre	Yes	<p>Duty-bearers (e.g., government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g., activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Principle 2: Human</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>To manage the risk, we will setup regular check in meetings using the convenient communication channels while using the same personnel (form a project implementation Unit) on the project to ensure that all arising issues and challenges are addressed jointly To manage the risk, we propose to have continuous training among the</p>	Not applicable

		<p>Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in</p>			<p>champion or lead farmers on how to create awareness and train the banana beneficiary farmers and the BIRDC trainers who have already been identified on insurance and other resilience practices their role in the process To manage the risk, we propose to approach any social/cultural concerns in a gender responsive approach where both the rights and responsibilities of men and women are considered and men are used as allies to include women. BIRDC and PBI has no relation with political affiliation or social/cultural grouping N/A N/A The cooperatives and its members have equal</p>	
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		<p>availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes,</p>				<p>rights. What cause distinction of the members are the quantities of green banana that they supply to BIRDC. In any case gender responsive approaches shall be implemented, ensuring that men are also recognized as allies towards promoting equality. The cooperatives and its members have equal rights regardless of gender. What cause distinction of the members are the quantities of green banana that they supply to BIRDC. In any case gender responsive approaches shall be implemented, ensuring that men and women's roles are considered, and men are also</p>	
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		<p>public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and</p>				<p>recognized as allies towards promoting equality. N/A N/A The lead farmers needed to implement PBI activities are deliberately recruited to promote inclusivity and diversity. These lead farmers are representatives of other farmers/beneficiaries and are responsible for crowd sourcing information from the farmers regardless of their disabilities. N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A The aim of the insurance product is to cushion farmers against financial and crop related losses, this in turn allows farmers to invest comfortably in their farmers and may</p>	
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		<p>positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well-being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places</p>				<p>positively impact productivity. N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A The PBI platform aims at monitoring the listed perils, in the event which should nay occur the farmers are able to recover their investments. The only factor that affect the two cooperatives are the unpredictable rains and winds N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A The activity aims to incorporate both indigenous and innovative practices to provide wholistic resilience to farmers. N/A N/A N/A N/A Indigenous people may participate in the project activity – no foreseeable negative</p>	
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		<p>and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation,</p>				impacts are anticipated.	
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		<p>hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions</p>					
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		<p>and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g., reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p>					
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		<p>The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate</p>					
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		<p>change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and</p>					
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport,</p>				
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		<p>storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas.</p>					
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g., knowledge, innovations, practices).</p> <p>Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g., loss of assets or access to resources</p>					
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		<p>due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community-based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present</p>					
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		<p>(including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and</p>					
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		<p>territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The</p>					
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		<p>activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development</p>					
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		<p>priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working</p>					
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		<p>conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve</p>					
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		<p>discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts.</p>				
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to					
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		international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health.					
PROJECT 453_ HIEP HOI CAO DANG CONG DONG VIET NAM	Yes	Social: The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly selecting the	Yes	Yes	Yes	"To manage the risk we will: - The project team will work with local partners to analyze physical, social, economic	Not applicable

		<p>targeted group of people living in poverty region.</p> <p>Environment/ Social and Finance: The activity may not present on the right time of dried season, so that may not bring a right conclusion of the project/ extend the project to meet the right season</p> <p>Social: The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them.</p> <p>Environmental/ social: The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to)</p>				<p>and environmental factors or processes that increase the sensitivity and vulnerability of relevant communities to the impacts and potential risks of climate change, especially the lack of fresh/clean water from agricultural and domestic activities. used with a special focus on marginalized and disadvantaged groups and individuals. Consider potential gender-, age-, and society-specific risks as well as differential impacts. - Based on the best available information, the project team will design priority criteria to select the right candidates that meet the</p>	
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		<p>legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities.</p> <p>Social/Operational: The activity may involve risks to the wellbeing of the beneficiaries or project staff (health and safety)</p> <p>Environmental/Financial: The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters.</p> <p>Social: The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other</p>				<p>project outcome content, subject to compliance with certain conditions. - The process of setting priorities must involve the effective, free, active and meaningful participation of all stakeholders, including the poorest and poorest segments of the population, ethnic groups and women. most vulnerable." "To manage the risk we will: Optimize experiments on the right of climate change impact (salt intrusion): from January - June" "To manage the risk we will: - Select right candidate - Well connect with local partners and target groups" "To manage the risk we will: - Select right</p>	
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		<p>purposes.</p> <p>Social: The activity may create economic displacement due to loss of assets (storage container, farming,...)</p> <p>Social: The activity may be in areas where ethnic minorities are present so they may not accept our support</p> <p>Environmental: There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts (Our idea to reuse the waste of plastic from shrimp farming, however it is potentially releasing the disposal plastic after a long time using it)</p> <p>Environmental: There may be generation</p>				<p>candidate - Well connect with local partners and target groups" "To manage the risk we will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Right selection of the members with high skills, experiences relevant to work in the project - Well training our colleagues/project members before and during the experiment - Establish Project Management Unit (PMU) chaired by the Chairman of VACC. The deputy head of PMU is the Vice Director of Institute of Environmental Science and Technology at Tra Vinh University; members are heads of related departments and faculties and head of local communes. The PMU is in charge of implementing all project 	
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		<p>of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). Financial: Misappropriation of project funds by recipient communities Operational: Impact of COVID-19 and restrictions in the area that may affect project implementation Social: Security restrictions in the area that may affect project implementation Environmental: Interventions at one farm/group of farmers could result in environmental damage in other areas, e.g. due to redirecting or changing water levels in irrigation canals or due to increased fresh water intake. Social: Successful farmers in the pilot project may promote</p>				<p>activities, continuously coordinating with local authorities to ensure the effectiveness and sustainability of project interventions, well managing the grant and reporting to the donor in due course." "To manage the risk we will: - Compare with previous impact of climate change (salt intrusion) with current impact on the project (Comparison model)" "To manage the risk, we will: - Right candidate selection - Well connect with local partners and target groups" "To manage the risk we will: - Train the people to well understand the important of the project, and the important of the model</p>	
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		unsustainable behavior at other farms, e.g. by selling the excess water they collect or selling their waste.				<p>for their life.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">- With each farmer /household, we set-up a standard operating procedure for designing water bag or irrigation system that includes a proper procedure for collecting, designing, practicing and operating. We'll work with the relevant government departments to process the model/ systems in a sustainable way." "To manage the risk, we will:- Right candidate selection - Well explanations/training the ethnic monitories peoples understand about the project purpose and benefits when they apply them into their farming systems or improving their livelyhood	
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					<p>activities. "</p> <p>"To manage the risk, we will: - Connect with the scrap collection facility, they will collect/ buy the deposal plastic after the household uses it." "To manage the risk we will: - Well management and collection the deposal plastic after the household uses it. Then, sell it/ give it to scrap collection facility to recycle it for another purpose"</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: - Right candidate selection - As we explained in our project plan, we work closely with all relevant government departments, farmers union, etc. to promote joint ownership for the</p>	
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						<p>project (PMU members). Part of this is also about building relationships and gaining trust, which is often the only way to create more transparency on what different people and organizations do in relation to the project, the interests they serve, to see what they see, etc. We believe that having our own team on-the-ground and having team members from Tra Vinh University, who have very good connections with local stakeholders, will give us a good view on these risks and allow us to respond appropriately as they arise.</p> <p>- Using Zalo app to connect and build the online connection to share and learn from</p>	
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						<p>farmers to farmers. "</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: - Make the video to train/ guild people how to set up the model/ systems - Using Zalo app to connect and build the online connection to share and learn from farmers to farmers. - Asking the local PMU member go to households to check and support farmers."</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: - Using Zalo app to connect and build the online connection to share and learn from farmers to farmers. - The expert team will train to local PMU member how to set up the systems at farms as well as at farmers' house. - Asking the local PMU members go</p>	
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						<p>to households to check, management and support farmers."</p> <p>"To manage the risk we will: This risk underlines the importance of considering interventions in a holistic and integrated way, which underpins our approach in this pilot. Nevertheless, in reality consequences of measures may not always be predictable and may vary depending on factors outside our control (e.g. rainfall patterns) so continuous monitoring is very important, which requires a good process of data collection and analysis as well as collaboration with relevant government agencies to identify issues in a</p>	
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						timely manner." Incentives will be thought of to promote good behavior and discourage bad behavior. One of those incentives could be a reduced-price consulting farm visit.	
PROJECT 481_ Link Ghana	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on	Yes	Yes	Yes	To manage the risk we will: hold strategic stakeholder meeting with key stakeholders including decentralize agencies to ensure their active participation. To manage the risk, we will plan and deliver capacity building training to beneficiaries' groups to able to claim their rights by driving maximum benefit from the intervention. To manage the risk, we will: factor in intra and inter group disagreements management	Not applicable

		<p>enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or</p>				<p>in capacity building trainings to address anticipated conflicts and human rights related issues. Beneficiaries' groups selection will be strictly open to ensure there is no discrimination. Also proceeds of the activity will be sold to every interested person. The activity implementation will be open to community groups members and services and proceeds will not have special restrictions. To manage the risk, we will factor in intra and inter group disagreements management in capacity building trainings to address anticipated conflicts and human rights related issues. To manage the risk, the project will</p>	
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		<p>basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>use community entry processes and training sessions to carryout gender sensitisation and promote inclusive participation. To manage the risk, we will use community entry process and training sessions to carryout gender and development sensitisation with a focus of resource generation and ownership. To manage the risk, we will use community entry process and training sessions to carryout gender and development sensitisation with a focus of resource generation and ownership. Women ability will be enhanced since the will be taken them through sustainable environmental</p>	
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		<p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental</p>			<p>protection and management trainings. To manage the risk, we will use community entry process and training sessions to carryout gender and development sensitisation with a focus of resource generation and ownership. Beneficiaries' groups selection will be strictly open to ensure there is no discrimination. Also proceeds of the activity will be sold to every interested person. The technology will include organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production. The project will engage effectively with communities and authorities before siting the aquaponic tanks. The</p>	
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		<p>goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any</p>				<p>technology will include organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production. The technology will include organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production. The technology will promote organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production which are not related to wildlife and legal. The project will ensure the specified indigenous species are introduced. The project will ensure the specified indigenous species are introduced to ensure that soil fertility and life is improved. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected</p>	
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		<p>potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or</p>				<p>communities. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected communities. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected communities. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected communities using indigenous catfish. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected communities using</p>	
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		<p>adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer</p>				<p>indigenous catfish. The project will keep strictly to aquaponic system development in the selected communities using indigenous catfish. The design of the aquaponic system is flood and storm resilient. The technology is an artificial ecosystem that support fish and vegetable production. The technology is an artificial ecosystem that support fish and vegetable production. The technology is an artificial ecosystem that support fish and vegetable production. The vegetable green cover will increase the absorption of atmospheric carbon,</p>	
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		<p>to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social</p>				<p>Aquaponic tanks will be constructed with guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. The technology is an artificial ecosystem that support fish and vegetable production. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. Ensure strict</p>	
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		<p>and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant</p>			<p>compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. The technology promotes organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production which has no impact on community health. Community entry processes will be used to informed community members about the limited work opportunities. In addition, there will not be publicity in the area of work opportunities to ignite the influx of workers. As a community project, the community beneficiaries will be sensitised adequately to take</p>	
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		<p>extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p>				<p>ownership and protection of the for the aquaponic system. The technology will include organic farming practices in the fish and vegetable production. The project will engage effectively with communities and authorities before siting the aquaponic tanks. The project will engage effectively with communities and authorities before siting the aquaponic tanks. The project will engage effectively with communities and authorities before rolling out of the project. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from</p>	
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		<p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)</p> <p>The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)</p> <p>For</p>			<p>Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana. Ensure strict compliance with the project specifications and guidance from Ministry of Food and Agriculture and Environmental Protection Agency of Ghana.</p>	
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		<p>example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase</p>				<p>Ghana. The project will ensure the specified indigenous species are introduced. The project will ensure the specified indigenous species are introduced. Project is a culturally sensitive as it promotes outputs and activities that fit within the culture of the communities Project is community owned and its management and benefit is community based Project is an innovation and builds on the economic and general livelihoods of the communities Project is an innovation and contributes to addressing the food security and resilience of communities and households Project is an</p>	
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		<p>the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3:</p>				<p>innovation and builds on the traditional knowledge, culture and practices of the communities through the production of local vegetables and fish. Project is an innovation and builds on the traditional knowledge and practices of the communities through the production of local vegetables and fish. Project is voluntary and will involve all community members who are within the working ages and are willing to work Project is voluntary and will involve all community members and associations Project is voluntary and will involve all community members and associations</p>	
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		<p>Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous</p>				<p>Community will be educated on the impact of the project and the social and economic risk it has on children. Project is voluntary and will involve all community members</p> <p>Community will be educated on the opportunities the project has and opened to all community members based on interest and commitment to project and its expected results</p> <p>Communities will be educated on potential risk and with fencing of facilities to enhance safety</p>	
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		<p>materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity</p>					
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		<p>may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices).</p> <p>Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity</p>					
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		<p>may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions –</p>					
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		<p>even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence).</p>					
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or					
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		<p>whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or</p>					
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		<p>commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by</p>					
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		<p>them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national</p>					
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		labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack					
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		of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle.					
PROJECT 486_ Savannas Forever Tanzania	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and	Yes	Yes	Yes	For “yes” answers, please fill in the following three columns at the right. If the answer is “no”, please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. We are inviting government officials to training programs but they will not have specific	Not applicable

		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The</p>			<p>duties they need to fulfil in the project so there is no risk The participants (champions) have well-established household areas and will be selected through government and Maasai elders to join the project to ensure that land rights are upheld The project is not related to human rights or politics. Previous stakeholder consultations will be carried out to ensure that the intervention doesn't violate human rights. The project participant selection is designed to be inclusive and transparent, so participants are vetted to include women-headed households and households</p>	
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		<p>activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder</p>				<p>with disabled members. The beneficiaries will all be from Impoverished Maasai communities. We will be collecting native plants using ethical and sustainable principles so only 20% of seeds within a stand are collected and the stands will be >100 meters apart so the impact on the seed population will be minimal which allows for additional seed collection by others and self-seeding in the rangelands Participant selection will be transparent and inclusive so people from the community will be included in the selection process including husbands,</p>	
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		<p>engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources,</p>				<p>wives and youth in the same households More than half of the participants will be women. The community will be sensitized during the selection process through the village assemblies and meetings with leaders so all groups will have the opportunity to provide feedback. More than half of the participants will be women. The community will be sensitized during the selection process through the village assemblies and meetings with leaders. During the meeting women's participation will be discussed and encouraged Women and their households will be</p>	
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		<p>considering different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well-being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased</p>				<p>engaged in the project. The women will be selected through the traditional elders, government leaders and village assemblies. The project is designed to engage women and youth in accessing natural resources (native seeds) from communal land with permission from the village government. Ultimately, the seeds produced will help improve the quality of natural forage in the rangelands. If, over time, women participants earn their own income, it could cause intrahousehold friction because of the power dynamic. The selection process will be open and transparent and include</p>	
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		<p>exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion</p>				<p>quotas for the number of women, women-headed households and households with members who have disabilities. The project aims to increase the supply of native plant seeds for rangeland restoration and improvement of biodiversity and therefore will improve the ecosystem services. The activity primarily focuses on critical rangeland habitats, areas adjacent to protected areas and indigenous lands. The project has already gained all the necessary permits and has gained permission from indigenous communities to participate in the project. The</p>	
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		<p>or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or</p>				<p>increase in native seeds and potential of reseeding in nearby restoration areas will improve plant biomass, drought resistance and soil quality. The project does not include forest, reforestation, or plantations. We will be multiplying monocultures of native plants but on small, household plots within pasture areas. The project is designed to increase biodiversity in the rangelands. Participants will grow monoculture grasses on 1/8 acre to one acre in their overgrazed pastures for seed multiplication and forage production. Only native species will be used. The seeds produced will be used</p>	
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		<p>livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>in restoration projects The activity does not involve animal husbandry. No water extraction is included in the project. Any water will be done through water harvesting. The project will only include native rangeland plant species. The project does not utilize genetic resources The project is designed to improve biodiversity in rangelands and the project area does not cover any transboundary areas. The rangeland areas are subject to prolonged drought and floods. The restoration of native grasses and plants will help slow or prevent erosion in bare earth areas. Long periods of</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>drought may have a negative impact on the success of seed multiplication areas. The project is using plants native to the area and one of the goals of reseeded is to increase drought tolerance. The project is designed to mitigate the impact of climate change, specifically to drought and erosion</p> <p>The project is designed to increase carbon sequestration by using plants that increase biomass and deter conversion to agriculture in areas unsuitable to cropping. The project does not include infrastructure development</p> <p>The project is designed to supply seeds used to grow plants in eroded rangelands</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial</p>				<p>that reduce erosion and water run-off Project is not related to structural activities</p> <p>The project does not include creation of breeding habitats, nor will it change diets of the people in the community</p> <p>No fuel or hazardous materials will be used in the project. The activity is designed to supply seeds to grow native plants that improve ecosystem services including erosion reduction.</p> <p>The project will only employ people from the community</p> <p>The project will not involve security personnel to protect facilities but may hire people in the community to guard newly planted pastures</p>	
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		development) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters.	18			from livestock until the plants have taken root. The project locations are not located near a cultural heritage site. The activity does not include excavation or demolition that will change the water flow except to micro-catchments on land used to grow native plants. The activity will be performed on small areas (1/2 acre) of private land and not near any sacred or cultural sites in the communities. The activity will be performed on small areas of private land and will not change the landscape but rather use native plants to preserve native rangelands. The project gathers	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the</p>			<p>information from community elders knowledgeable about native plant species preferred for grazing, medicine, and thatching. This knowledge will be used to choose the native species targeted for multiplication. The project objective is to improve the land, so it supports healthy pastoralism. The project will supply seeds and plant materials designed to improve communal land and build the local restoration-based economy. There will be no need or benefit that promotes evictions related to the project. The project is designed to provide seeds and plant materials</p>	
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		<p>population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff,</p>				<p>that will improve the land under indigenous peoples' customary land right agreements. The project targets indigenous people as beneficiaries of the project and will work with local partners to educate Maasai on rangeland plants, their historic uses and also the nutritional value of rangeland plants The project targets indigenous people as beneficiaries of the project and will work with local partners to educate Maasai on rangeland plants, their historic uses and also the nutritional value of rangeland plants The project is designed to support indigenous peoples' livelihoods and</p>	
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		<p>erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community</p>				<p>improvement of communal and privately owned land The project has consulted communities through community elders and local government and has been granted permits to work in the communities. A village assembly will be held in each project village that explains the project and helps approve the selection of participants. The project aims to collect native plant seeds from communal lands with indigenous people. The seeds collected by the community will be used in seed multiplication plots within the communities. There will be no evictions required to implement</p>	
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		<p>H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities</p>				<p>the project successfully The project provides alternative incomes to livestock communities and has potential to increase the health of the livestock. The project helps promote the cultural importance of rangeland plants and includes developing a rangeland native plant plot as the Arkaria Impact Center that trains community members on Maasai history and culture The project aims to collect native plant seeds from communal lands with indigenous people. The seeds collected by the community will be used in seed multiplication plots within the communities. All labour laws will be enforced All</p>	
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		<p>workers to activities areas.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes.</p> <p>(Social and</p>				<p>labour laws will be enforced.</p> <p>The beneficiaries will be part-time and independent contractors growing seeds on their own land. The project will not child labour. Participants will be approved by the community</p> <p>The project will not use forced labour. Participants will be approved by the community</p> <p>The project will not use forced labour. Participants will be approved by the community</p> <p>The project uses no inorganic fertilizers or chemicals and will not provoke violence from the community. No pollutants will be used in the project</p> <p>There will</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices).</p> <p>Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance.</p> <p>(Social and</p>				<p>not be hazardous waste generated by the project</p> <p>No hazardous chemicals will be produced No use of chemicals will be used in the project</p> <p>No pesticides will be used in the project.</p>	
		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance.</p> <p>(Social and</p>					

		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement</p>				
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		<p>(e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in</p>					
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		<p>areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located</p>					
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		<p>within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring</p>					
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		<p>adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous</p>					
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		<p>Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local,</p>					
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		<p>regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve</p>					
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		the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention.					
PROJECT 541_ Yayasan Kajian dan Pembangunan Masyarakat	Yes	"Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "Rights-holders (e.g.	Yes	Yes	Yes	"To manage the risk we will: YKPM has navigated working relations with JAKOA (Department of Orang Asli Affairs - one of the key govt agencies we engage with) and have got a letter of support from	Not applicable

		<p>activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) No"</p> <p>"The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including</p>				<p>JAKOA to develop livelihood projects in Kg Melai. JAKOA has also provided funding for one of the community farms. YKPM has also been invited to provide input to their 12th Malaysia Plan in economic development by both JAKOA and its line ministry, Ministry of Rural Development (KKDW). Healthy working relations are kept with JAKOA at federal and district levels and also other relevant government ministries."</p> <p>The activities do not hinder nor act as barriers to rights-holders claiming their rights. In fact, in some cases, YKPM supports the</p>	
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		<p>persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"Women's groups/leaders may raise gender</p>				<p>appeal for certain matters pertaining to their rights to relevant bodies through technical assistance. YKPM is also involved in policy-level work that aims to establish their rights and build their capacities to defend them where necessary. The activities will not bring adverse impacts on the enjoyment of human rights. Many activities empower the affected population in enjoying the full extent of their human rights in all aspects listed (civil, political, economic, social & cultural rights). Some of these are not stated within the project scope but</p>	
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		<p>equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3:</p>				<p>are being run in parallel by YKPM in other capacities. "To manage the risk we will: Afford extra support for the excluded among the indigenous community with startup seed money to participate in the enterprise and connect them to fair markets"</p> <p>The project is designed especially to empower the vulnerable groups like the Orang Asli to participate as equal partners in the economy through training, providing seed capital to start farms and connecting them to fair markets. "To manage the risk we will: Ensure equity and inclusivity remains at the heart of the execution and implementation</p>	
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		<p>Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. "The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the</p>			<p>of activities and access to resources are extended to all community members within the villages we work with. Leadership training will also emphasise the importance of centering community needs and what is best for the people." The women in current active communities have proven to exude leadership qualities on many fronts i.e. farming and organisational leadership. Further encouragement and support is extended to women to step into these leadership roles to guide the farm committees or assume pioneering roles in all programs. The women in current active communities</p>	
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		<p>influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc." The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. "(Social and Environmental</p>				<p>have proven to exude leadership qualities on many fronts i.e. farming and organisational leadership. Further encouragement and support is extended to women to step into these leadership roles to guide the farm committees or assume pioneering roles in all programs. The women in current active communities have proven to exude leadership qualities on many fronts i.e. farming and organisational leadership. Further encouragement and support is extended to women to step into these leadership roles to guide the farm committees or assume pioneering roles in all programs. The women</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes."</p> <p>"The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity</p>				<p>in current active communities have proven to exude leadership qualities on many fronts i.e. farming and organisational leadership. Further encouragement and support is extended to women to step into these leadership roles to guide the farm committees or assume pioneering roles in all programs. The women in current active communities have proven to exude leadership qualities on many fronts i.e. farming and organisational leadership. Further encouragement and support is extended to women to step into these leadership roles to guide the farm committees or assume pioneering</p>	
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		<p>may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p>				<p>roles in all programs. In kg Melai, the chair of the farming committee is a female. To manage the risk we will: Provide training and work for the disabled in the more disabled friendly spaces of packing and collection center Much of the degraded areas have already been logged or developed into oil palm. And in some parts, mining has or is continuing to take place. Soil damage in these areas are considerable. Hence, damage has already been done. YKPM activities do not destroy the habitat but seeks to restore some of these spaces. Much of the degraded areas have already been logged or</p>	
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		<p>The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>"The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve</p>				<p>developed into oil palm. And in some parts, mining has or is continuing to take place. Soil damage in these areas are considerable. Hence, damage has already been done.</p> <p>YKPM activities do not destroy the habitat but seeks to restore some of these spaces. "To manage the risk we will: The use of natural forest spaces is a last resort to develop essential livelihood activities. If such use of forest space is necessary, it is small and very limited and constrained. In the vast majority of spaces used, the land has already been degraded by excessive logging or have been developed into oil palm. Soil</p>	
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		<p>animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction." The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:</p>				<p>damage in these areas are considerable. Hence, damage has already been done. The introduction of organic agriculture activities restore back soil fertility and its role as an effective carbon sink."</p> <p>YKPM is not developing in areas where there is long established forest. To manage the risk we will: Undergo selection process of species that are not excessively invasive in nature and manage the crops such that they do not damage the surrounding ecosystem. Consultations with specialists in the subject area are thoroughly sought. The project activities are designed to improve</p>	
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		<p>Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity</p>			<p>land use, mitigates climate change impacts and restore back degraded lands and agriculture activities. It restore land fertility, increase carbon sinks, replants vegetation & trees. And since all of the farming activity is dependent on a healthy water shed area, the community is motivated to ensure their forest is sustained. "The use of natural forest spaces is a last resort to develop essential livelihood activities. If such use of forest space is necessary, it is very limited and constrained. In the vast majority of spaces used, the land has already been degraded. The introduction of agricultural</p>	
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		<p>outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. "The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)" For example, changes to</p>				<p>activities restores back soil fertility and its role as an effective carbon sink. The project activities are designed to improve land use, mitigates climate change impacts and restore back degraded lands. It restores land fertility, increase carbon sinks, replants vegetation & trees. And since all of the farming activity is dependent on a healthy water shed area, the community is motivated to ensure their forest is sustained. "</p> <p>Agricultural production use of land remain small such that no new forest land should be developed unless absolutely necessary.. The current community farms do not</p>	
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		<p>land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air</p>				<p>exceed 1 acre. The farming approach is to give high prices for production on small pieces of land. To manage the risk we will: Fish rearing constitutes a minor part of YKPM community program and it is reared more for self-consumption and these fishes are reared in water tanks under very controlled conditions. Keli and Tilapia is one of the fishes to be reared. But this is a fish that is already commercialised in Malaysia. Keli (catfish) is a local fish. There are gravity feed pipes present but it is small and the water flow is channeled back into its natural streams & tributaries. Any water-</p>	
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		<p>pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases,</p>				<p>related infrastructure is very small scale. The project activity does not involve the collection, harvesting, or commercial development of such genetic resources. Instead, it focuses on growing and selling the crops planted. As much as is possible, the community is supported in developing protocols that address the theft of genetic resources and indigenous knowledge. The project activity does not involve the collection, harvesting, or commercial development of such genetic resources. Instead, it focuses on growing and selling the crops planted. As much as is</p>	
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		<p>nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and</p>				<p>possible, the community is supported in developing protocols that address the theft of genetic resources and indigenous knowledge. Burning of land is not encouraged nor supported in our farming activities. To manage the risk we will: Prolonged dry seasons or floods can be mitigated by keeping farms within manageable sizes so that they can pivot from such risk, and to introduce technology like selection of crop type or syntropic farming that does not require much irrigation. For flooding, the farmers are seeking alternative higher land to grow their farms. "To manage the risk we will:</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p>			<p>Mitigation methods need to take into account change in micro climates, prolonged dry seasons, or floods. One such method is to keep farms within manageable sizes that can pivot from such risk, and to introduce technology like selection of crop type or syntropic farming that does not require much irrigation." The outcomes of the project is to develop sustainable livelihoods that in turn enables the community to sustain their environment for generations to come. The activities improve land use, are able to mitigate climate change impacts as we restore back</p>	
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		<p>The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>degraded lands and agriculture activities, restore land fertility, increase carbon sinks, replants vegetation & trees. And since all of the farming activity is dependent on a healthy water shed area, the community is motivated to ensure their forest is sustained. The promoted livelihood programmes enables them to protect and sustain their environment. The livelihood activity involves using natural farming methods to plant on degraded lands and strengthens cooperation to protect their watershed areas. It increases soil fertility , increase carbon sinks and plants more trees.</p>	
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		<p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to</p>				<p>To manage the risk we will: Keep the construction of dams (i.e. small & nature-based using river stones) and buildings (i.e. mini processing centers) to a minimal scale, as they all currently are. This ensures the infrastructure has very low impact on the surrounding environment & communities. YKPM facilitates syntropic and Organic farming which does not use of chemicals and pesticides. Watershed areas remain protected as Agriculture is conducted in such a manner that it is dependant on watershed areas being protected Buildings are small, single storey and roofing</p>	
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		<p>land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land,</p>				<p>is light made from zinc sheets. The builders of the packing center are farmers from the community itself and they are familiar with the structure. The farmers regularly use the building for packing the harvest and their familiarity with the building structure lends them to quickly detect if there are issues on the soundness of the building structure. To manage the risk we will: The community is constantly reminded to ensure their empty containers are kept free of mosquitoes. No dangerous and hazardous materials are used in this project. The only dangerous material will be the fuel used to fill</p>	
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		<p>territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of</p>			<p>up the generators and grass cutters. However, this is a danger that the OA are already managing well. The promoted livelihood programmes enables them to protect and sustain their environment. The livelihood activity involves using natural farming methods to plant on degraded lands and strengthens cooperation to protect their watershed areas. The majority of activity workers are all from the community itself, or have moved into the community from a nearby village due to personal/familial reasons. Only 1-2 external workers are present for managerial</p>	
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		<p>indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources,</p>				<p>roles. To manage the risk we will: Adhere to the principle of balancing man and biosphere principals that are promoted & respected by UNESCO. The activities will promote sustainable livelihoods to sustain the environment and biodiversity. No major and significant excavations are conducted in this project. It doesn't have the resources nor the intention nor does it fall into any of the projects of YKPM. The project seeks to do the opposite. To restore and strengthen cultural practices. The community is encouraged to develop protocols that safeguard</p>	
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		<p>territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories,</p>				<p>their cultural heritage. The project seeks to do the opposite. To restore and strengthen cultural practices. The community is encouraged to develop protocols that safeguard their cultural heritage. To manage the risk we will: Equip the community to develop protocols that will have provisions to protect the abuse and commercialization of their intellectual property (IP) or cultural heritage. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use.</p>	
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		<p>and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of</p>				<p>Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use.</p> <p>Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The</p>	
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		<p>their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) "The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may</p>				<p>community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. To manage the risk we will: Enhances their land protection skills through the program activities. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation</p>	
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		<p>be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) "There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals.</p>				<p>and rights over the land. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equipes the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history as documentation of their community maps and evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equipes the community to document their history and landscape</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a</p>			<p>use.</p> <p>Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history and documentation of community maps as evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. FPIC training and awareness programmes have been conducted with the people. Local indigenous communities are consulted and often YKPM facilitates formation of local committees with the Orang Asli to implement the activities. Development of the land and natural resources are used by and for the benefit of the Orang Asli. They are the beneficiaries of the</p>	
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		<p>negative effect on the environment or human health. The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.</p>				<p>project and strengthens their ability to develop green economic activities that enhance their rights over their land. The programme enhance their land protection. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equips the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history and documentation of community maps as evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The Orang Asli are consulted before any of the development priorities are implemented.</p>	
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						<p>As YKPM takes a community development approach, planning involves the participation of the Orang Asli and their development priorities. The programme enhance their land protection and well being. Through organising the community to develop protocols, it equipes the community to document their history and landscape use. Through this process, the community is able to translate their oral history into written history and documentation of community maps as evidence of their prior occupation and rights over the land. The activities instead promote</p>	
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						<p>livelihoods, well being and culture. One of the goals of YKPM is to restore and strengthen the cultural heritage of the Orang Asli. Some of these cultural heritage are documented to safeguard their rights. The project strengthens economic equality, community cohesion and collective bargaining of the Orang Asli. Through the project capacity building training, the Orang Asli are made more aware of their unique culture and strenghts as leaders in nature economics. The project goes further to support them in organisational development, committees and governance to address their environmental,</p>	
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						<p>human and development rights. The project strengthens economic equality, community cohesion and collective bargaining of the Orang Asli.</p> <p>Through the project capacity building training, the Orang Asli are made more aware of their unique culture and strenghts as leaders in nature economics.</p> <p>The project goes further to support them in organisational development, committees and governance to address their environmental and development rights. Some of the women farmers bring their children to the farm. However, this is not use of child labour. The children like to participate</p>	
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					<p>sometimes in the farming. But this is not required and they are free to stop at anytime.</p> <p>The project strengthens economic equality, community cohesion and collective bargaining of the Orang Asli.</p> <p>Through the project capacity building training, the Orang Asli are made more aware of their unique culture and strenghts as leaders in nature economics.</p> <p>The project goes further to support them in organisational development, committees and governance to address their environmental, human and development rights. The project strengthens economic equality, community cohesion and collective</p>	
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						<p>bargaining of the Orang Asli.</p> <p>Through the project capacity building training, the Orang Asli are made more aware of their unique culture and strenghts as leaders in nature economics.</p> <p>The project goes further to support them in organisational development, committees and governnance to address their environmental, human and development rights. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming</p>	
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						<p>methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are</p>	
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					<p>managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land</p>	
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						<p>burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. The livelihood options do not use chemical fertilisers and pesticides. Land burning is not encouraged by the project. The economic activities are managed by the community and do not exploit child labour. Farming methods are organic and natural farming that fetch higher prices and profits for the Orang Asli. Development</p>	
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						is done on a village size scale . It does not utilise all the village lands and is not extractive but regenerative in nature. The boundaries of development are determined by the environment and the boundaries set by the the Orang Asli themselves. As such, they will not consume natural resources beyond that which will damage their own community.	
PROJECT 593_ Footsteps Bangladesh	Yes	1. Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)	Yes	Yes	Yes	This project doesn't violate any social or human rights of the participant as well as it doesn't violate any rules and regulations of the government agencies. The project aims to empower women in flood-prone	Not applicable

		<p>holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)</p> <p>3. The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)</p> <p>4. The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded</p>				<p>communities by providing them with entrepreneurial opportunities and access to clean drinking water. It does not involve any activities that would hinder rights-holders' capacity to claim their rights. The project's primary goal is to improve the livelihoods of women in flood-prone areas by providing economic opportunities and access to safe drinking water. It aims to enhance their human rights, particularly those of marginalized groups. The project specifically targets women in marginalized rural communities, aiming to empower them through entrepreneurship and</p>	
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		<p>individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)</p> <p>5. The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)</p> <p>6. The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2:</p>				<p>addressing water scarcity issues. It seeks to reduce inequities and discriminatory impacts rather than generate them. The project's aim is to improve access to clean drinking water in flood-prone areas, particularly for marginalized women. It intends to enhance the availability and quality of resources and basic services instead of imposing restrictions. The project focuses on providing economic opportunities and access to safe drinking water. It does not involve activities that would exacerbate conflicts or increase the risk of violence. Women's</p>	
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		<p>Human Rights)</p> <p>7. Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)</p> <p>8. The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)</p> <p>9. The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design</p>				<p>groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns to ensure that the project adequately addresses the needs and priorities of women and promotes their active participation. The project explicitly aims to empower women and improve their situation in flood-prone areas. It focuses on creating economic opportunities and enhancing access to safe drinking water, which will positively impact gender equality and the situation of women and girls. The project aims to empower women in flood-prone communities and ensure their active participation in design, implementation, and</p>	
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		<p>and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)</p> <p>10. The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being.</p> <p>11. The activity may</p>			<p>decision-making processes. It seeks to address gender inequalities rather than reproduce them. The project's focus is on enhancing women's abilities to access and utilize natural resources, particularly clean drinking water. It considers the different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services, aiming to empower women in this context. The project's activities, such as the establishment of entrepreneurial opportunities and the improvement of water access, may attract workers or result in changes to community dynamics. These</p>	
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		<p>exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc.</p> <p>12. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>13. The activity</p>				<p>changes could potentially increase the risk of gender-based violence. The project aims to include and empower marginalized groups, including persons with disabilities. It prioritizes their participation in decision-making processes, ensuring that their voices are heard and their needs are considered. The project's activities primarily focus on addressing water scarcity and empowering women. They do not involve direct actions that would result in adverse impacts to habitats, ecosystems, or ecosystem services. The project's scope does not involve activities within or adjacent to</p>	
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		<p>may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes.</p> <p>14. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized</p>				<p>critical habitats or environmentally sensitive areas. It primarily focuses on addressing water scarcity and improving livelihoods in flood-prone communities. The project's activities, such as establishing entrepreneurial opportunities and improving water access, aim to enhance livelihoods and sustainability. They do not involve changes that would have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, or livelihoods. The project does not involve any activity that may involve any activity that may bring risks to endangered species (e.g., reduction, encroachment on habitat). The project's focus is</p>	
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		<p>as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 15. The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 16. The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>primarily on addressing water scarcity and empowering women in flood-prone communities. It does not involve activities directly linked to wildlife trade or activities that could contribute to its exacerbation. The project does not involve activities that would introduce or promote the spread of invasive alien species. Its primary focus is on water access and women's empowerment in flood-prone communities. The project does not involve activity that may bring adverse impacts on soils. The project does not involve the harvest of natural forests or plantation development. The project's</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 17. The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 18. The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 19. The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 20. The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or</p>				<p>primary focus is on water access and women's empowerment in flood-prone communities, rather than significant agricultural production. While it may support small-scale agricultural activities as part of livelihood improvement, it does not involve large-scale agricultural production. The project does not involve animal husbandry or the harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species as its main objectives. It primarily focuses on addressing water scarcity and empowering women in flood-prone communities. There is no such requirement that may involve significant extraction,</p>	
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		reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 21. The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 22. The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 23. The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:			diversion or containment of surface or ground water through construction of dams, reservoirs, and other water infrastructure. The project does not involve the handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms. Its focus is on addressing water access and women's empowerment in flood-prone communities. The project does not involve the utilization of genetic resources, such as collection, harvesting, or commercial development. Its primary focus is on improving water access and empowering women in flood-prone communities. The project primarily focuses on	
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		<p>Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction.</p> <p>24.160;160;160;</p> <p>The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.17</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>25.160;160;160;</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)18</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>26.160;160;160;</p> <p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>addressing water scarcity and women's empowerment in local flood-prone communities. Its impact is expected to be localized rather than transboundary or global in nature. The project may be located in areas prone to hazards such as floods or severe winds, considering its focus on flood-prone communities. The project's outputs and outcomes, such as improved water access and women's empowerment, may be sensitive or vulnerable to the potential impacts of climate change and disasters, including increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, and earthquakes. The project's activities do not involve</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) 27.&#160;&#160;&#160;</p> <p>The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) 28.&#160;&#160;&#160;</p> <p>The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity,</p>				<p>anything that may inadvertently contribute to maladaptive practices that increase vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks. The project's activities, do not involve any activity that may contribute to greenhouse gas emissions or other drivers of climate change. The project does not include construction and infrastructure development activities. The project's activities do not involve anything that may contribute to air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic-related injuries, physical hazards, erosion, or poor water quality if not properly managed. The project's activities do not involve anything that</p>	
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		<p>extreme events, earthquakes.</p> <p>29. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding.</p> <p>30. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon</p>				<p>may result in harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities.</p> <p>The project's activities do not involve anything that may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g., temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health</p> <p>The project's construction and operation phases do not require the transport, storage, and use of hazardous or dangerous materials, such as fuels, chemicals, or explosives.</p> <p>The project's activities do not involve any activity that may bring adverse</p>	
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		<p>emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) 31. The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) 32. The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) 33.</p>			<p>impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g., food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). The implementation of the project will not involve any activity that may require the influx of workers, contractors, or personnel to the project site. Given the nature of the project and its location, it will not be necessary to engage security personnel to protect project facilities, property, or to provide support during project activities. Given the project's setting and activity, there is no possibility that it may be adjacent to or within</p>	
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		<p>The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)</p> <p>34. The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)</p> <p>35. The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or</p>			<p>a Cultural Heritage site, which could pose risks to the preservation of historical, cultural, artistic, traditional, or religious values associated with the site. The project's nature or infrastructure development activities do not involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, or potential changes to the environment, including flooding Our intervention/project does not pose a risk of generating adverse impacts on sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional, or religious values. We have carefully considered the sensitivity and complexity of cultural</p>	
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		<p>dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)</p> <p>36. The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)</p> <p>37. The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>contexts, and our activities are designed to ensure the protection and conservation of Cultural Heritage without causing inadvertent adverse impacts. Our intervention/project does not pose a risk of generating alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. We have taken into account the potential impact on sacred sites, cultural landmarks, and natural features that hold cultural value. Our project plans ensure the preservation and protection of these landscapes and natural features, considering their importance to local communities' identity and heritage. Our</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) 38. The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) 39. The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) 40. The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and</p>				<p>intervention/project does not involve the utilization of tangible and intangible forms of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. We are committed to respecting and preserving Cultural Heritage, including traditional practices, knowledge, and artifacts. We prioritize the responsible and ethical treatment of Cultural Heritage, ensuring its protection and promotion for the benefit of local communities. Our intervention/project does not pose a risk of creating temporary or permanent physical displacement, including individuals or communities without legally recognizable</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>41. The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>42. The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural</p>			<p>claims to land. We prioritize community engagement, equitable development, and social inclusivity, ensuring that our activities contribute to the well-being and empowerment of local communities without causing physical displacement. Our intervention/project does not pose a risk of creating economic displacement, such as loss of assets or access to resources, even in the absence of physical relocation. We consider the socio-economic well-being of affected individuals and communities, and our project plans are designed to support and enhance local livelihoods while minimizing disruptions to economic</p>	
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		<p>significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>43. The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>44. The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p>			<p>activities and resource access. The intervention/project is designed to promote community development and well-being without any intention or potential for forced evictions. The activities and initiatives undertaken prioritize the rights and interests of the community, ensuring that their well-being is not compromised. The intervention/project respects and upholds existing land tenure arrangements, community-based property rights, and customary rights to land, territories, and resources. The activities are implemented in consultation with the community, ensuring that their rights</p>	
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		<p>45. The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>46. The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>47. The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>are protected and preserved. The intervention/project does not operate in areas where indigenous peoples are present. The geographic scope and target population of the intervention/project are distinct and do not intersect with indigenous territories or communities. The intervention/project is intentionally located in areas that are not subject to land and territory claims by indigenous peoples. Extensive research and consultations have been conducted to ensure that the intervention/project site does not overlap with any indigenous territories or disputed lands. The intervention/project is designed to have a</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) 48.&#160;&#160;&#160;</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) 49.&#160;&#160;&#160;</p> <p>The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) 50.&#160;&#160;&#160;</p> <p>The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous</p>				<p>positive impact on the overall well-being and development of the target population, without infringing upon the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, or traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples. The activities are implemented in a manner that respects and promotes the rights and interests of all communities involved. The intervention/project recognizes the importance of culturally appropriate consultations and the achievement of Free, Prior, and Informed Consent (FPIC). Any matters that may affect the rights, interests, lands, resources, territories, and</p>	
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		<p>peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>51. There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources,</p>				<p>traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples are approached through comprehensive and inclusive consultations, ensuring their voices are heard and respected. The intervention/project does not involve the utilization or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. The activities and initiatives focus on community development and well-being while respecting the rights and interests of indigenous peoples. The intervention/project prioritizes the well-being and rights of indigenous peoples. There are no intentions or potential for forced</p>	
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		<p>territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>52. The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>53. The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access</p>				<p>eviction or displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. The activities are carried out in consultation with the community, ensuring their rights and interests are protected. The intervention/project is designed to align with and support the development priorities of the target population. It does not impose any external development agendas but rather takes into account the aspirations, needs, and priorities of indigenous peoples. The activities are implemented in collaboration with the community, respecting</p>	
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		<p>restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>54. The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>55. The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>56. The activity may impact on the Cultural</p>				<p>their self-determined development pathways. The intervention/project is designed to foster community development, social cohesion, and collaboration. Activities are implemented in a manner that promotes dialogue, understanding, and cooperation among community members, including indigenous peoples. Potential conflicts or tensions are mitigated through inclusive processes and open communication. The intervention/project recognizes and respects the cultural heritage, traditional knowledge, and practices of indigenous peoples. Efforts are made to safeguard and promote</p>	
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		<p>Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>57. The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>58. The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>cultural diversity and the preservation of indigenous traditions. Activities are carried out in consultation with indigenous communities, ensuring their cultural heritage is valued, protected, and celebrated. The project activities do not have any scenarios in which there might be working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. The project does not have any scenario which may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. The project will not partake in any form of</p>	
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		level Standard 7: Labour) 59. The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) 60. The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) 61. The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) 62. The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards				child labour The project will not partake in any form of forced labour The intervention/project operates in full compliance with international frameworks and national legislation concerning the rights of people. Efforts are made to go beyond legal compliance and actively promote the realization and protection of indigenous rights. Any potential risks or violations are proactively addressed and mitigated to ensure the rights of indigenous peoples are upheld and respected. The project's activities do not involve any activity which may expose workers to occupational health and safety risks, including	
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		<p>(including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>63. There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>64. There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>			<p>physical hazards, exposure to hazardous chemicals or substances, biological hazards, and psychosocial risks such as violence and harassment in the workplace. The project's activities do not involve the release of pollutants to the environment. It focuses on environmentally friendly practices and adheres to strict pollution prevention and control measures. The project team is committed to minimizing any potential adverse impacts on local, regional, or transboundary ecosystems. The project's activities do not generate significant amounts of waste, whether hazardous or non-hazardous. It follows sustainable</p>	
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		Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) 65. The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level				practices, promotes recycling and reuse, and minimizes waste generation. The project team is committed to proper waste management and disposal to prevent any adverse impacts on human health and the environment.	
		Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) 66. The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level				The project's activities do not generate significant amounts of waste, whether hazardous or non- hazardous. It follows sustainable practices, promotes recycling and reuse, and minimizes waste generation.	
		Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions				The project team is committed to proper waste management and disposal to prevent any adverse impacts on human health and the	

		such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. 67. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) 68. The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.				environment. The project's activities do not involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. It strictly complies with all relevant international regulations and agreements regarding chemical management. The project team is committed to using environmentally friendly and sustainable materials throughout the project's duration. The project's activities do not involve the application of pesticides. It adopts organic and biological pest control methods to minimize the use of chemical pesticides. The project team prioritizes environmentally friendly practices and	
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						promotes sustainable agricultural techniques that ensure the protection of ecosystems and human health. The project's activities do not involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, or water. It emphasizes resource efficiency, conservation, and sustainable practices throughout its implementation. The project team is dedicated to minimizing the project's environmental footprint and promoting responsible use of resources.	
PROJECT 614_ Muonde Trust	Yes	"Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2:	Yes	Yes	Yes	"yes addressing the importance of women inclusion wherever we conduct a workshop is our motto. Again, To manage this risk we will do workshops	Not applicable

		<p>Human Rights)" "Rights-holders (e.g. activitiesaffected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded</p>				<p>that involves both women and men around issuesof financial literacy,household decion making, income generation."</p>	
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		<p>individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p>					
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		<p>"Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits.</p>					
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)" "The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being." "The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				
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		<p>Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc." "The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 5: Accountability)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and</p>					
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		<p>ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes" The activity may bring risk of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and non-communicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. "The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve,</p>					
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		national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk,"					
PROJECT 615_ Ruliv NPC	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment	Yes	Yes	Yes	No government agencies are involved in the project, except during consultation in the inception phase. The rights of participants as customary owners of the land they reside on is protected by the Constitution of South Africa and as such they are entitled to the expression and protection of human rights. They are entitled to the proceeds and benefits of the project. The project does not limit the	Not applicable

		<p>of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic</p>			<p>human rights of people affected in the project in any way, and endorses the do no harm principle. The project is not focused on generating inequality and as such will aim to avoid discriminatory actions or impacts on project participants and the wider population. The project is nested in ethical principles, based on human rights as enshrined in the Constitution of South Africa and the UN Declaration of Human Rights. The project is focused on expanding access to water and land, and does not involve any restrictions in the availability of services. The project is based on equitable</p>	
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		<p>services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3:</p>				<p>access by men and women to the activities and proceeds of the project The project is located in a peaceful area and there are no existing violent conflicts, nor is there a risk of potential violence. The project will ensure a 60% participation of women, particularly since local women constitute the basis of livelihoods and labour in the region. Women will be involved at all stages of the project and will form the majority of participants in the project as a whole. As such, the project is based on the principles of gender equality and gender mainstreaming. The projects focus on gender</p>	
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		<p>Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and</p>			<p>equality and gender mainstreaming will avoid gender inequalities in the inception, planning, execution and results phase of this project by including women as project owners and participants. Girls (as scholars) will also form a significant part of this project as part of the learning component at local school/s. The activities will not reproduce discriminatory actions or attitudes since it is based on the principles of gender equity and equal access. The project will enhance women's ability to protect and develop local resources, since it will focus on providing voice and</p>	
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		<p>services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially</p>				<p>access to women as the first option during project planning and execution. The project will enhance access to water, agricultural and food resources for vulnerable women. The project will not exacerbate gender violence in the area since it will not result in increased migration, changes in power dynamics, or exposure to unsafe public places. Customary and public law in the area provides women with land security and they are free to involve themselves in public projects as they see fit. The project does not an increase in competition for project resources or any such</p>	
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		<p>affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to</p>				<p>result that may endanger the safety and rights of women as land holders in the Amathola Basin. The project will aim to include a representative group of stakeholders during the planning, inception and execution of the project, which will be focused on including PWD (where possible). No person will be denied participation in the project if they conform to the basic entry requirements for participation (ie: that they are on site residents of the basin; that they can commit their time, energy and involvement for at least 16 months; and that they have the necessary identity</p>	
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		critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard				documents required for verification and training) The project will improve natural habitats through the eradication of alien vegetation, the construction and improvement of a water based irrigation and storage system, and will use eco-friendly methods of gardening. This is a focus of the training provided to participants in the project. The project takes place on the downslopes and the Basin of the Amathole Mountain Range and Amathole River, which feeds into major river systems downstream. This is not a legally protected landscape but is a important watershed and is located	
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		<p>5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and</p>				<p>within tracts of customary land. The project seeks the involvement and permission of all customary and public authorities in the region. The project is focused on the use of 1 hectare (approx.) of land in the Basin, which is not large enough to have a ripple effect on the local ecosystem or local habitats, and will not change the existing condition of land in the Basin. The activity is too small to have an adverse impact on forest biomes and habitats in the adjacent Amathole Mountain Range and is located in a habited area. There is not illegal wildlife activity or trade in protected species in</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction,</p>			<p>the Basin. The project is not concerned with wildlife, and residents do not trap or hunt wildlife. The activity is focused on the eradication of Acacia Thorn, an indigenous shrub that typically spreads quickly and causes single species landscape homogenisation to the detriment of forest habitats. The project is based on sound ecosystem practises which includes co-planting, soil enrichment and composting using locally available manure and plant components generated by project participants. The project will not use soil or plant pesticides. The project is not located close</p>	
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		<p>diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity</p>				<p>to the Amathole mountain forest slopes and does not involve plantation development or reforestation. As such it will not affect local forests. The project is focused on one hectare of land and the generation of food gardens near households, and this is not large enough to produce large agricultural outputs. The project only involves smaller species such as bees, chickens or geese as a by product, but is not focused on animal husbandry as a project output or activity. The project makes use of rainwater harvesting for crops, but will also focus on rehabilitation of a small weir, dam or</p>	
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		<p>may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example,</p>				<p>mini wetland to enable more secure groundwater utilisation for local residents. The project does not endorse or seek out the use of GMO products, seeds or pesticides in any form. The project does not use genetic material in any form. The project is not located in a national or regional transboundary areas. The area is not located in a dangerous area. While climatic variations may be experienced in the form of localised flooding or strong wind, these do not pose a risk to project activities or participants as they occur only rarely. The Amathole Basin has experienced long periods of drought previously, and as such</p>	
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		<p>through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the</p>				<p>the project may encounter water scarcity. This may lead to a lack of rainwater storage, and may dry up the local stream flowing through the Basin – these will endanger project activities and outputs. The project is focused on enhancing adaptive practises to climate change and drought by making residents more food secure. The project is not large enough to have an effect on the Basin floodplain or the mountain slopes. The project will not generate any greenhouse gas emissions in any form. The project does not involve any construction activities apart from</p>	
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		<p>greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community</p>				<p>the fencing of gardens (preferably using natural materials) and the rehabilitation of one water source. The project does not involve pollution, hazards or decrease water potability or erosion, and participants will not dangerous equipment. The project does not aim to modify any buildings or structures and is located outdoors. The project will not generate any grey or black water, nor will pose a negative impact on water pollution or create water borne disease in the area. The project does not involve the use or storage of hazardous materials. The project is too small to have an effect on local</p>	
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		<p>H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials</p>				<p>ecosystems, and ecosystem infrastructure in the region is largely absent. The project will aim to enhance ecosystem functioning through the use of natural composting and natural fencing, and the use of natural pesticides and herbicides. The project is too small to attract external workers or create migration. The project will be located in or near schools in the area, and the installation of water tanks, guttering and a small weather station may attract criminals. Although there are cultural monuments in the area, these are located almost 50 km away from the</p>	
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		<p>(e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3:</p>				<p>project location. The project does not involve excavations, earth movement or other environmental changes. The project is located on Hlubi customary land but there are no tangible or intangible structures, object or sites that will be impacted. The project does not alter landscapes or natural features. The project does not utilise indigenous knowledge for commercial purposes. The project does not generate displacement or migration. The project does not limit or eradicate assets or resources and thus will not create economic displacement or eviction. The project will not</p>	
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		<p>Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring</p>				<p>evict residents from their land or homes. The project is located on customary land and as such these are communal assets. The project may impact on land tenure but no changes are anticipated. There are no indigenous people present in the area. The present inhabitants are chiefly of Xhosa extraction and arrived in the area around 1800. There are no lands or territories claimed by the indigenous people (ie: Khoi or San). The project does not involve any indigenous peoples. The customary rights of those who presently reside on land in the Basin is protected and</p>	
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		<p>adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize</p>				<p>respected. There are no indigenous lands or people involved in this project. The rights of all of those citizens who reside in the Basin on customary land is protected by the Constitution of South Africa. The project does not involve indigenous people. The project will not result in any form of forced eviction or displacement of any people. The project does not involve indigenous people and will not adversely impact on the development rights of customary land holders. The project does not involve any risks to indigenous people. The project does not impact the cultural heritage of indigenous people. The</p>	
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		<p>tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the</p>				<p>project is based on the voluntary participation of local people, who may work on the designated farming land when they see fit and within their own time and physical capabilities. The project will not deny freedom of association to those who are involved in the project and will encourage collective action and decision making. The project does not endorse child labour in any form. The project does not endorse forced labour in any form. The project endorses the participation of gender and disability, and does not involve any discriminatory planning or activities. The project will not generate any</p>	
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		<p>absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and</p>				<p>occupational health and safety risks. All participants will be provided with relevant Protective Clothing, hats, boots and workwear to enable them to work effectively in the outdoors. There will be no release of pollutants in this project. There is no generation of hazardous waste in this project. The project will not trade or manufacture hazardous waste. The project will not involve any use of chemicals and endorses the use of natural pesticides and fertilisers. If necessary, natural pesticides will be used – chemical pesticides will not be utilised at all. The activity will not use significant</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the</p>				<p>amounts of energy or water.</p>	
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		<p>indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial</p>					
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		<p>development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p>					
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws					
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		<p>and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal</p>					
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		<p>opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non- hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials,</p>					
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		energy, and/or water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)					
PROJECT 656_ Yayasan Komunitas Penjaga Pulau	Yes	(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse	Yes	Yes	Yes	To manage the risk we will: Develop an agreement with the village office, the Kabete Bajo Group, and the Women Group which will include specific Article(s) on obligations and rights. To manage the risk we will: Develop an agreement with the village office, the Kabete Bajo Group, and the Women Group which will include specific Article(s) on obligations and rights. To manage the risk we will: consult the village office and local community representatives	Not applicable

		<p>impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or</p>				<p>prior to installing coastal erosion monitoring equipment. To manage the risk we will: conduct stakeholders analysis To manage the risk we will: consult the village office and local community representatives prior to installing coastal erosion monitoring equipment. To manage the risk we will: develop head of village decree on the management (access and benefit-sharing) of silvofishery. To manage the risk we will: conduct stakeholders analysis and involve women group from the village. To manage the risk we will: discuss with the women group all aspects of the activities. To</p>	
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		<p>basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>manage the risk we will: discuss with the women group all aspects of the activities. To manage the risk we will: consult the women involved in the project about the power dynamic in their household. To manage the risk we will: conduct stakeholders analysis, conduct community meetings, and follow decision-making mechanism at the village level. To manage the risk we will: consult with the relevant agencies about our project to ensure that no illegal activities will be carried out by this project. To manage the risk we will: Collect secondary data on the list and distribution of</p>	
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		<p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental</p>			<p>endangered species around the activity location. Ensure that the the mangrove nursery will focus on common species, the feed for the silvofishery is common species. To manage the risk we will: Use biodegradable polybags Collect baseline data on soil quality parameters. Part of the activity is developing early warning system for soil parameters. Silvofishery input is organic feed. Conduct training on feed conversion ratio, cultivate species that act as filter feeders. To manage the risk we will: conduct assessment on habitat suitability for mangrove restoration.</p>	
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		<p>goods and services. For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and wellbeing. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability) The activity</p>				<p>Develop clear guideline on how to collect propagules and mangrove seeds. Cutting of mangrove tree is not allowed nor needed. To manage the risk we will: use fish and crab seeds from cultivated sources. To mitigate the risk we will: develop standard operational procedure for emergency responses during disaster (particularly earthquake). To mitigate the risk we will: develop predictions, monitoring and early warning system which is part of the project's outputs. To mitigate the risk we will: develop predictions, monitoring and early warning system which is part</p>	
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		<p>may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p>				<p>of the project's outputs. The maintenance of silvofishery, maintenance of monitoring equipment, harvest and post-harvest activities may cause minor injuries. To manage the risk we will: develop SOP for said activities. To manage the risk we will: discuss to what extent we can use it and attempt to acquire collective consent. To manage the risk we will: consult the village office and local community through community meeting prior to installing equipment to monitor changes in sea level and coastal erosion. To manage the risk we will: Conduct the activity on village-owned land. To manage</p>	
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		<p>The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations</p>				<p>the risk we will: Conduct participatory site plan development. Conduct the activity on village-owned land. To manage the risk we will: Conduct the activity on village-owned land. Conduct participatory site plan development. To manage the risk we will: follow decision making processes in the village. To manage the risk we will: The activity does not involve restrictions to the sea or other areas. Prior to implement the project, we will conduct site plan development participatorily to ensure that the future scale-up plan is also discussed and agreed. To manage the risk we will: The activity does</p>	
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		<p>of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring</p>				<p>not involve restrictions to the sea or other areas. Prior to implement the project, we will conduct site plan development participatorily to ensure that the future scale-up plan is also discussed and agreed. To manage the risk we will: discuss to what extent we can use it and attempt to acquire collective consent. To manage the risk we will: consult with the women group involved in this project about what commodities, what post-harvest management /product are suitable for them. To manage the risk we will: develop activity health and safety procedure, conduct training on health and safety</p>	
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		<p>adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p>				<p>procedure, locate the nearest health facility, provide first aid-kit. To manage the risk we will: collect baseline water quality data and monitor water quality data. Part of the activity is developing early warning system for environmental parameters. Silvofishery inputs is organic feed. Conduct training on feed conversion ratio, collect water sample prior to being discharged, assess mangrove's ability to act as filter, cultivate species that act as filter feeders. To manage the risk we will: identify potential waste from post-harvest management activity, identify potential use of the waste,</p>	
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		<p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				decide waste management method with village office.	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. For example, through increased precipitation,</p>					
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		<p>drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2:</p>					
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		<p>Climate Change) The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or</p>					
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		<p>disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4:</p>					
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		<p>Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4:</p>					
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		<p>Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land</p>					
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		<p>acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including</p>					
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		<p>activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories</p>					
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		<p>inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on</p>					
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		<p>lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments.</p>					
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity.					

		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and</p>					
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		Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous).					
PROJECT 690_ HEKS CAMBODIA	Yes	"Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of	Yes	Yes	Yes	"For “yes” answers, please fill in the following three columns at the right. If the answer is “no”, please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. Project will carefully try to identify suitable market actors and develop a sustainable business model for all supply chain actors." NA NA Project will include indigenous people in project activities and cater to their needs. Project will bring more equitable access through	Not applicable

		<p>the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with</p>				<p>addressing the challenges and gaps in market system that both benefit the farmers and relevant market actors. Supporting some inputs necessary for implementing the agro-ecological techniques in demo-farms could happen jealousy. Project ensures the open and participatory to all interested farmers - informed process with farmer's contribution/ shared cost of the materials, accountability and commitment as demonstration farmers. Community consultations are inclusive of both women and men. Female project staff caters directly to women's needs. Promotional</p>	
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		<p>disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality</p>				<p>and behaviour change material on cover crop is gender sensitive. Promotional and behavior change material on cover crop is gender sensitive. "Our technology/project does not involve hazardous chemicals, etc. Women are working/engaging in the decision-making related to the adoption of agroecological practices." Promotional and behaviour change material on cover crop is gender sensitive. Project will include indigenous people in project activities and cater to their needs. One of target areas in Preah Vihear are part of the organic rice value chain which will receive tools</p>	
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		<p>and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For</p>				<p>and inputs that support growing organically rather than use of chemicals. Workshops are tailored to emphasize natural capital and ecosystem health as foundation for a sustainable and profitable business model and show the environment as a good that needs protection. Soil health equals soil wealth Same above The project introduces the regenerative practices that increase resources in the soil instead of extracting them and achieve a triple win of increasing profits for farmers, enhancing resilience of the cropping system and reducing emissions from food production. Same above</p>	
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		<p>example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being." "The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc." "The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded</p>				<p>NA The regenerative practices would increase resources in the soil (conservative agriculture techniques) instead of extracting them. Same above The activities build on existing and current cultivation farmland i.e. rice farm, maize, cashew farm...etc. The project's interventions aim for a better farm efficiency, climate resilience, and sustainable business model of the private sector. There will not be any direct impacts to cropland expansion, nor any destructive intensification. However, climate adaptation only works to a certain degree as a buffer to safeguard crop</p>	
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		<p>individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes."</p> <p>"The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas,</p>				<p>production within moderate level of flood The project intervenes on cropping by introducing cover crops techniques. The regenerative practices would increase resources in the soil including water retention in soils and provide micronutrients (conservative agriculture techniques). Cover crop seeds introduced by Smart Agro are Non-GMO, and they are selected from local agro-ecosystem. The project will strengthen the business model of SmartAgro on cover crop seed production with local producer networks. Genetic resource of plant seed will be cultivated</p>	
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		<p>including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>for distribution. The project introduces the regenerative practices that increase resources in the soil instead of extracting them and achieve a triple win of increasing profits for farmers, enhancing resilience of the cropping system and reducing emissions from food production. Hence, it will result in better cope to climate change.. NA - Non of the targeted areas are experienced in any severe natural disasters. New nature of risk: change in weather pattern and different distribtion of rainfall i.e. areas in the provinces with more rainfal such as in Battambang, Prea Vihea, and</p>	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)" "The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)" "The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)" "The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p>			<p>Kompong Thom turn to have less water rain while have more rain fall in the areas that normally have less rain such as Prey Veng province. Solutions that project introduced built on research evidence of the regenerative practices that increase resources in the soil including water retention in soils and provide micronutrients (conservative agriculture techniques) are backed-up by the Department of Agricultural Land Resource Management and The French Agricultural Research Centre for International Development (Cirad) that have more than 10 years of research experiences</p>	
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		<p>"The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and</p>				<p>in conservation agriculture. The application of cover crops leads to better soil health, carbon sequestration, enriched biodiversity, improved water retention capacity, greater organic inputs, and prevents soil erosion. NA NA NA NA Farmers are advised to have proper disposal of Plastic package or the packaging bag of cover crop seeds. Our technology/project does not involve hazardous chemicals, etc. The solutions the project brings about is to address labour shortage, and labour intensive. NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA The activities build on</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction."</p> <p>"The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns.</p>			<p>existing and current cultivation farmland i.e., rice farm, maize, cashew farm...etc.</p> <p>NA NA NA NA</p> <p>Solutions introduced are less labour intensive comparing to conventional farming practice NA</p> <p>Activity interventions involve mainly adults older farmers</p> <p>Solutions introduced are less labour intensive comparing to conventional farming practice</p> <p>Project activities involve both male and female including other vulnerable people i.e. indigenous people, people with disabilities...etc.</p> <p>Our technology/project does not involve hazardous chemicals,</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)"</p> <p>"The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity,</p>			<p>etc. Same above</p> <p>"Farmers are advised to have proper disposal of Plastic packages or bag of cover crop seeds. "</p> <p>NA NA</p> <p>"Our technology/project does not involve hazardous chemicals, etc."</p> <p>"Solutions introduced address to the concern of areas of water shortage, "</p>	
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		<p>extreme events, earthquakes." "The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding." "The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers</p>					
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		<p>of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)" "The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural</p>					
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		<p>elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during</p>					
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		construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may involve the engagement of security					
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		<p>personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with</p>					
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		<p>historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices,</p>					
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		<p>traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)" "The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement)" "The activity may involve forced evictions.19 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement)" "The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement)" "The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6:</p>					
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		<p>Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as</p>					
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		<p>indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on</p>					
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		<p>lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international</p>					
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		<p>commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity.</p>				
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8:					
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		<p>Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>"There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention." "The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)" "The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy,</p>					
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		and/or water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"					
PROJECT 735_ BasicNeeds-Ghana	Yes	(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g., activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental	Yes	Yes	Yes	If the answer is "no", please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. The project will rather build the capacity of beneficiaries especially women and men with mental illness and widows to claim their right. In this project, the target population or beneficiaries will rather have an enhanced capacity to exercise and enjoy their human rights, because of improvement in their health and	Not applicable

		<p>Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring</p>			<p>wellbeing. The project will not promote inequitable or discriminatory and bias practices, but rather seeks to address them. All the vulnerable and marginalized people who will be identified/selected will benefit equally from the project's interventions. The project will not bring restrictions in accessing basic services or resource to marginalized individuals or group of persons with disabilities. The project will facilitate access to some inputs and services to enable these marginalized individuals improve their vegetable and animal production. The project will not aggravate conflicts and</p>	
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		<p>exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The</p>				<p>violence among communities and individuals. It will promote peace, unity and happiness among families and communities Women will not raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities because the project beneficiaries are predominantly women (70% of the direct beneficiaries are expected to be women). The Project/activity will not bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls because it is a women-based project, as indicated above. Many of the beneficiaries will be women, so the</p>	
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		<p>activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities</p>			<p>project/activity will not reproduce discriminations against them based on gender. The project/activities will not limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, considering different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. The main natural resource will be the lands for the vegetable gardens which will be jointly accessed through the community leaders. Each person will have equal access to, use and protection of the plots that will be demarcated for the vegetable crop production. The project/activity will not make worse risks of</p>	
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		<p>who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and</p>				<p>gender-based violence. The members will all come from the same communities, who belong to the same Self-Help Groups, with common objectives. Hence there will not be changes in power dynamics due to the influx of external people. The project/activity will not exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. The project / activity will not bring adverse impacts to habitats and ecosystems/ services. The project will employ the use of integrated soil fertility and pest management</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas</p>			<p>practices which are environmentally friendly, do not harm non-target organisms, nor contaminate the air and water. The project/activity will not occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas. The project/activity may not change the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. The project is using existing farmlands. The project/activity will not in any way affect endangered species. There are no known endangered species within the target locations. The project/activity will not</p>	
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		<p>proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g., reduction, encroachment on habitat).</p>				<p>cause illegal wildlife trade. The project is using existing farmlands, and not forested areas, hence no interference with wildlife. The project/activity will not introduce invasive alien species. Vegetables that will be produced will include those very common within the project locations, and so will not attract alien species. The project/activity will not create adverse impacts on soils. It rather seeks to improve the soils nutrients through the use of integrated soil fertility management practices to increase soil organic matter content, retain soil moisture,</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation.</p> <p>(Social and</p>			<p>and increase total nitrogen essential to plant growth. The project/activity will not harvest natural forests, involve plantation development. It will use existing farmlands. It will not involve in extraction because we are working with existing water bodies. The activity will not involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms. The normal improved seed varieties will be used. The project/activity will not utilize any genetic resources. The project/activity will not involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. The project locations are</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams,</p>			<p>not prone to hazards such as earthquakes, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami, or volcanic eruptions. The vegetables are also produced mostly during the dry seasons, with minimum rains and no floods. The activity outputs and outcomes will not be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change. The project will rather have a positive impact on climate change due to the use of the integrated soil management practices, which includes the usage of organic fertilizers. The activity may not increase in the vulnerability to climate</p>	
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		<p>reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g., collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas subject</p>			<p>change impacts or disaster risks now but will rather contribute to reducing it. The activity will not increase greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change but rather the greening environment will support in absorbing the emission. The project has nothing to do with constructions and infrastructures. The activity will not involve in air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards. The activity may not harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities. The activity of the project will not contribute to risks of water-borne</p>	
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		<p>to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami, or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or</p>				<p>or other vector-borne diseases. The project will rely on existing water bodies for the vegetable gardens, and will not construct new ones that may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases. The activity will not transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials. The activity will not bringing adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health. These are existing farmlands which will only be use during dry season. The improved soil fertility management practices will rather contribute to improving</p>	
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		<p>disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The</p>			<p>the ecosystem. The activity will not involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. There will not be any engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. The activity will not be closer to any Cultural Heritage site. The project has nothing to do with demolition or movement of earth The activity will not bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional, or religious values The activity will not create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. The activity</p>	
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		<p>activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>will not utilize tangible and/or intangible forms of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. The activity will not create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement. The activity will not create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions The project/activity will not use force to evict anyone. There will be no issues of change to land tenure arrangements because the project or beneficiaries will not own the lands. The project will promote human rights of women, and improve livelihood</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community</p>				<p>support for the vulnerable</p> <p>The project will do the right community consultation to ensure buy-in of traditional leaders and community opinion leaders The activity will not involve the utilization and commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. The project respect people's rights and opinions and will never involve in forced eviction by physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, The project will not bring adverse impacts on development priorities of indigenous people as defined by them. The activity does</p>	
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		<p>H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>not involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples. It has no impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples. The organisation respects the rule of laws, policies, and conventions Ghana is a signatory to. The project will not involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. The project will not introduce conditions that will deny people from freedom of association. The organisation/project will not tolerate the use or any form of child labour The project respects the rights of people and will not use force labour The</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding, or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations,</p>			<p>project/activity will not involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. The project rather promotes non-discriminatory activities and inclusiveness</p> <p>The project/activity will not bring occupational health and safety risks</p> <p>The project/activities will not generate of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). The project does not have anything to do with manufacturing or use of hazardous materials and chemicals</p> <p>The project/activity will not use chemicals that might have a negative effect on the environment or human health subject to</p>	
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		<p>practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g., practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>international ban The project/activity will not use pesticides that might have a negative effect on the environment or human health.</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community- based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p>					
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		<p>There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The</p>					
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		<p>activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p>					
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny</p>					
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		freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical,					
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		<p>biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activity's life cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions</p>					
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		<p>such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>[1] The risk rating is based on a</p>					
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		the likelihood of the risk materializing (likelihood: 1, 2, 3, where 1 indicates a high likelihood in occurrence) and the consequence it will have if it does occur (impact: 1, 2 or 3, where 1 is the worse consequence).					
PROJECT 737_ INMED South Africa NPC	Yes	Activities Performance Risk Events Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2:	Yes	Yes	Yes	Grantee answer (justification) Participation of government agencies in the project will mainly focus on issuing of permits. INMED has engaged the relevant departments and have confirmed availability of capacity. The proposed project activities will be implemented in targeted schools and at no stage will any of the rights of either individuals or social	Not applicable

		<p>Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions</p>				<p>groups will be encroached. Learners will be offered a choice to participate and benefit from harvest from the aquaponics project. The project will not have any adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights, instead it is designed to empower schools and households with tools to address food security and economic inclusion. Although the project will target a limited number of beneficiaries owing to limit in available resources, measures have been put in place to ensure that there is transparency in the selection of beneficiaries. Strategies have been put in place to also ensure that a</p>	
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		<p>in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance</p>				<p>portion of beneficiaries are persons with disabilities. INMED will work with Disabled People South Africa (DPSA), a disability rights organisation to ensure inclusion of disabled youth and women. Considering that the project focus on the design and testing cost effective and user friendly aquaponics technology to address food security, economic inclusion and education, none of its associated activities are expected to bring any restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services. The project has been designed to empower schools and</p>	
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		<p>processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different</p>				<p>households with appropriate tools to address food security and economic inclusion and as such will not cause any conflicts among targeted communities. All relevant stakeholders will be sensitised about the project goals and activities beforehand. Gender participation will be at the forefront of the project and as such strategies have been put in place to enhance broader participation of school going age girl-children in the project and further ensure that girl children and women have equal rights, responsibilities and opportunities in the project. The design of the aquaponics technology</p>	
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		<p>roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well-being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe</p>				<p>will also consider the needs and preferences of girl children and women end users. As such there are no concerns expected from women's groups or leaders. INMED has developed a simple module on gender awareness which has been adopted as standard procedure to have it delivered to participants for all new projects. Thus module will also be delivered as part of the project activities to ensure that project participants have awareness and understanding of gender awareness and inclusion. The design of the aquaponics technology will also use a gender</p>	
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		<p>public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation,</p>			<p>lens to ensure that women's needs and preferences are addressed. The project will not at any stage limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources. Instead, through its educational activities it will further strengthen knowledge and need to protect natural resources. In addition, the technology aims for efficient usage of water resources in food production. Over the years INMED has built a good rapport with the targeted school communities and as such all project staff members are well known in the targeted schools. In addition, considering</p>	
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		<p>fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if</p>			<p>that the project activities will be implemented in a controlled environment (i.e. schools) various safeguards against gender based violence are already in place. A stakeholder matrix will be developed and ensure that all key stakeholders are sensitised and included in the project activities. These includes government departments, research institutions, disability organisations and school governing boards. Considering that the project combines fish culture with aquatic-based, terrestrial plant culture via aquaponics, there is a risk of rearing unauthorised</p>	
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		<p>restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:</p>				<p>species in the aquaponics units as well that of introducing such species in open waters. Detailed selection criteria for test sites will be developed and adhered to during project implementation. Among others the selection criteria will also consider sites that may be located in close proximity to environmentally sensitive areas i.e. schools that may be near wetlands may be excluded. The design of the technology is also considerate of space limitations in either schools or households and as such it will at most utilise 10 square meters of land. Proper site lection process will</p>	
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		<p>Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>			<p>be followed to ensure that no restrictions exists. Only authorised fish species will be reared in the aquaponics systems and access control measures will be put in place to prevent disposal of fish from the aquaponics system into open-water streams. None of the project activities will contribute to illegal wildlife trade as authorised fish species will be reared in the aquaponics systems. In addition to fish, production in the aquaponics systems will be limited to terrestrial plants that can be incorporated in the school feeding programme. These include a variety of vegetables</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction.</p> <p>The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸</p> <p>(Social and</p>				<p>and herbs.</p> <p>The technology is soilless and as such will not have any adverse impacts on soils. The design and production of the aquaponics technology will use recycled ocean plastic as the base material and as a result won't affect natural forests. Each of the aquaponics units will produce at least 300 kg (1/3 ton) or 1,000 meals annually of fresh food (vegetables and fish). Considering the number of test sites, such production may not be significant however when the technology is scaled up to other areas, production will be significant. The activity will involve fish culture with aquatic-based,</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>terrestrial plant culture. Only authorised species will be reared and each site will have a permit granting approval to keep the approved species i.e. tilapia or catfish. Rainwater harvesting systems will be used to collect water for use in the aquaponics technology. The system design will also ensure water efficiency of up to 90% less than in traditional agriculture practices. No genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms will be used in the entire project activities. Throughout the project, there won't be any genetic resources that will be utilized to achieve project</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability</p>				<p>outcomes. Aquaponics forms part of the integrated aquaculture techniques that meets the criteria of climate-smart agriculture. It contributes to reducing pollution due to its non-utilisation of synthetic fertilisers. As none of the project activities may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. Although the region is not prone to hazards such as earthquakes, tsunamis, landslides etc. the selection criteria will exclude areas prone to excessive winds that could damage the aquaponics technology unless there are prevention measures in place such as wind breaks.</p>	
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		<p>to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation.</p>				<p>Aquaponics forms part of the integrated aquaculture techniques that meets the criteria of climate-smart agriculture. It contributes to reducing pollution due to its non-utilisation of synthetic fertilisers and it is also adaptive to climate change impacts. Aquaponics is adaptable to climate change impacts as it works well in water scarce regions. The design of the plug and play unit will also consider adaptability to climate risks in targeted communities. There is general agreement that aquaponics produce fewer greenhouse gas emissions to produce the</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may</p>			<p>same amount of produce using traditional practices. The project therefore will not increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. The base material for production of the units will be ocean recycled plastic and as such there won't be any construction activities involved in the project. The project is climate-smart and there are no activities that are likely to involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. The design will avoid</p>	
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		<p>transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities</p>				<p>use of multiple parts which can cause collapse while the technology is being tested. Although water-borne diseases pose a significant risk in hydroponics systems, research indicates evidence of an increase in suppressiveness in aquaponics due to use of aquaculture effluents. The base material for production of the units will be ocean recycled food grade plastic as a result none of the project activities will make use of any hazardous materials. Considering that the project focus on the design and testing cost effective and user friendly aquaponics technology</p>	
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		<p>areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>to address food security, economic inclusion, and education, none of its associated activities will bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health. Instead the planned activities will improve the well-being of project beneficiaries in targeted sites. A limited number of project facilitators from INMED will be involved in the project. None of the activities will involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. However, schools will put security measures in</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>place to secure the units. None of the project activities will be implemented adjacent or within cultural heritage sites. The aquaponics technology will be installed as a portable unit which won't require excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. None of the project activities will bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional, or religious values or intangible forms of culture. Considering that the aquaponics technology design will be a portable plug and play unit, associated</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or</p>				<p>activities will not create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. While the project activities will allow use indigenous knowledge to enhance the efficacy of the project, none of such activities or knowledge will be used for commercial or other purposes. Because of the size of the project and the technology in use, none of the activities will create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement. None of the project activities will create economic displacement, rather the activities will empower communities and schools</p>	
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		<p>access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous</p>				<p>with climate smart food production technology. Project activities for testing of the units and capacity building sessions will be carried out in schools and none of these activities will involve forced evictions at any given stage of the project. Project activities for testing of the units and capacity building sessions will be carried out in schools and will not impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. A memorandum of agreement will be concluded between INMED and targeted</p>	
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		<p>peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of</p>				<p>schools allowing for testing of the units. None of the project activities will be carried out in in areas where indigenous peoples are present. None of the project activities will be carried out in lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. There is no negative impact expected on indigenous people that may emanate from the project activities as none of the activities will be carried out in territories or areas occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the</p>	
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		<p>the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6:</p>				<p>planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. None of the planned activities will be carried out in areas or communities occupied by indigenous people. The is designed to empower schools and households with reliable climate-</p>	
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		<p>Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on</p>				<p>smart agriculture technology to address food security and economic inclusion. None of the activities will involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. None of the activities involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. Adherence to basic conditions of employment will be always observed during the project duration. No children will be contracted to provide labour during the project. However, learners in targeted schools where the aquaponics</p>	
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		<p>the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may</p>			<p>will be installed may take part in participatory educational activities on aquaponics. No children will be contracted to provide labour during the project. Learners taking part in participatory education activities will be given a choice on whether to participate or not. Adherence to basic conditions of employment will be always observed during the project duration. The activity will not involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. During design and production of the aquaponics system, occupational health and safety measures</p>	
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		involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The				will be put in place and such activities will also be conducted in professional workshop facilities within the Nelson Mandela University. In aquaponics systems pollutants such as ammonia, nitrogen and phosphate are converted into nutrients that are non-toxic to fish and promote vegetable growth after decomposition. There may be minimal solid waste in aquaponics system emanating from un-metabolised nutrients provided by fish feed and organic matter. None of the project activities will involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous	
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		<p>activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or</p>				<p>materials and/or chemicals.</p>	
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		transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals.					
PROJECT 783_ Qendra Burimore e Mjedisit ne Shqiper	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES	Yes	Yes	Yes	The project does have small scale intervention, as pilot activities for supporting farmers (in small community groups). The activities aims at capacitating	Not applicable

		<p>Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or</p>				<p>and supporting the selected groups to address their current needs. None of the project activities will impact any Human Right including property rights. The project activities are designed to meet certain standards that satisfy non-discriminatory and moral principles and norms that will in contrary contribute to equal and further enjoyment of Human Rights among the selected group of smallholders. A special needs consideration among the - to be selected - group of farmers will be paid attention to by the project lined up with the domestic context and relevant</p>	
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		<p>marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2:</p>			<p>demographic circumstances. No restrictions or whatsoever will be generated by project activities on use of natural resources. In contrary, project support is aimed at providing additional access to resources (water for irrigation) by the making available of new technologies. The project activities does not create preconditions or stimulate social conflicts. In contrary, pilot communities will engage in common activities through farmers' connectivity model, which in turn is expected to stir up social cohesion. Gender considerations have been looked out</p>	
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		<p>Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities</p>				<p>by the project, through a pyramid of actions, such as</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.selection of disadvantaged women to become part of the connectivity groups reliant to community contexts, 2.introduction of new technologies- initially to women farmers, 3.assignment of connectivity group leading roles, to participating women, The project activities are expected to generate win-win advantageous and satisfying (socio-economic) results to man and women, despite number of women and girls participating in the connectivity groups, which will also be taken care off. 	
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		<p>and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>Implementation approach to this project has very carefully been designed to particularly defy repetition of gender based discrimination and solidified gender roles. In contrary, the project activity will support protection of the natural resources (through biomass shredding) and will ease labour workforce of women in targeted communities. Improved irrigation and re-use of biomass as soil fertilizer is expected to improve yielding in agricultural productivity. The typology of this proposed initiative has no relevance of any type to harmful acts of abuse to domestic and/or gender based violence. The project</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems</p>				<p>does not involve decision making competence granted to a group of people on behalf of other groups of people, so that exclusion could be a risk. This risk is not relevant to the project activities. In contrary, it is expected to have positive impacts by reducing the emissions, improving the soil fertility and support ecosystem services. No adverse changes to habitats are going to happen No adverse changes to habitats are going to happen No adverse hydrological, fragmentation or whatsoever changes are going to happen due to our project The geographical area of the project is not</p>	
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		<p>and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>within any protected area or critical ecosystem. The activities are not altering any natural and physical processes. In contrary, activities are aimed at building local resilience to climate change and take positive action to reduce emissions. Project activities pose no threats or whatsoever with respect to habitat-changes, and land use. Rather they will support new practice that will be associated habitat improvements (avoiding fires and the burning of biomass) Not relevant. Project will not deal or interfere with any endangered species. practices (irrigation, biomass shredding instead of</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>burning) harmful impacts to endangered species of insects will be avoided. Not relevance of this particular risk to proposed project. Not relevant to this project activities. In contrary, preventing fires from biomass burning and improve the irrigation system, the project is believed to improve the soil quality and increase its fertility. No harvesting of natural forests, plantation development or reforestation is going to be involved due to our project. The improvement of irrigation, will be implemented in small farm areas. There are no schemes of intensive agricultural production. The size of</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>farming is 0.5-0.8 ha. No relevance of this risk to proposed project. The projects will involve small-modest extraction of water quantity needed to supply small scale irrigation during periods of extensive draught. The size of farms is small (0.5-0.8 ha) and the cultivated crops are not intensive water consumers or water dependent (such as maize, beans, and vegetable with deep roots system which are more drought tolerant) Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Activity outputs are</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and</p>				<p>connected to climate change impacts in a way that mitigate vulnerability to climate change, and contribute to farmer's resilience building through adaptation technologies. Therefore the outputs such as shredding technology and solar panels are not impacted by climate change impacts. Project activities involve:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Reducing the flow of heat-trapping greenhouse gases in atmosphere by reducing sources of these gases *Adapting to new technologies in reducing the likelihood of extreme events by limiting negative impacts of severe draughts. In contrary, project 	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)</p> <p>18 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>			<p>activities will contribute to reduce greenhouse emission in targeted areas by avoiding burning into open air of olive pruning biomass. The other activity, on solar panels for improving irrigation does not have any impact on greenhouse gas emissions. Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project N/A Not relevant to this project. In contrary, the project activities will contribute positively to ecosystem services such as soil fertility. Both outputs contribute to protect soil</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2:</p>			<p>by returning biomass as organic fertiliser or by increasing water/humidity in the soil during the dry period (which correspond also with heat stress). Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project. In contrary, the project supports farmers to increase their productivity, therefore generate more income. It aims at creating favourable working conditions</p>	
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		<p>Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3:</p>				<p>(mechanisation), therefore encourage farmers communities to live in those rural areas. Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project Not relevant to this project In contrary, some of the project activities target specifically women and</p>	
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[illegible]

		communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification,				
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		<p>natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and</p>					
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people</p>				
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		<p>without legally recognizable claims to land).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based</p>					
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		<p>property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories,</p>					
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		<p>and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p> <p>There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights</p>					
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		<p>and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through</p>					
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		<p>access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples,</p>					
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		<p>including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child</p>					
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		<p>labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non- hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of</p>					
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		<p>hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the</p>					
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		application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)					
PROJECT 795_ I-SEED Youths Limited	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse	Yes	Yes	Yes	For “yes” answers, please fill in the following three columns at the right. If the answer is “no”, please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. The government agencies that we have partnered with have the capacity to do the activities, as we have been working with them and they have been delivering thus far.	Not applicable

		<p>impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to</p>				<p>Also, we have private partners who we have engaged with similar background to provide the trainings, should a need arise.</p> <p>The activities that will be carried out will not have adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights because those activities will be providing them with empowerment and support needed to better enjoy their rights. Knowing that they were limited knowing that persons were not aware of their basic rights. Trainings will be done through our government partners, including the Ministry of Justice.</p> <p>These activities will not cause any restrictions of resources to the</p>	
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		<p>resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>beneficiaries, because these activities are bridging the gap between the persons and the resources. We have done our assessments and know where the issues are, hence the creation of these activities for persons in need, which all rights will be observed and protected. The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. The community will benefit from the activities, as such; there will be more unity and less conflict. They will also be exposed to the awareness tools and resources in conflict resolution. The activities will not include any of the risks</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing</p>				<p>mentioned. Gender equality is among the areas that will be focused on, as such; the groups will be privy to the information once requested. All efforts will also be made to address all concerns, including access to information which is a basic right. The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. The activities will empower women and girls and give them a voice for the voiceless, which will be added motivation. The activities will not include or reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation</p>	
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		<p>environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well-being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may</p>			<p>in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. The activities will provide empowerment and education on for women in the access to the benefits because they are apart of the main breadwinners for the families, and as such, it is very important to include same in the design and implementation. The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. The activity will empower women and men to protect the natural resources in the communities. They will also have a better appreciation in safeguarding their livelihoods. The activities</p>	
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		<p>exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur</p>				<p>will not include any of the risks mentioned. The activities will reduce gender-based violence by educating and empowering the beneficiaries and community members which will observe and protecting the rights of all members. The Ministry of Justice will also educate persons about their basic rights and the rules of law. The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. I-SEED Youths have specifically engaged and taken into consideration the beneficiaries of the project. They were consulted and their decisions have been taken into consideration, because they</p>	
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		<p>within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would</p>				<p>are the major ones who will benefit, and as such, it is their right to be heard. In light of these concerns, I-SEED Youths have taken in consideration in ensuring that these category of persons have fallen into our focus groups, and as such, emphasis has been placed in the design and implementation of same. The activities will not bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services, because the activities will not take place in those areas to affect same. The activities are not so designed. However, where this might</p>	
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		<p>apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts on</p>			<p>happen, we have partnered with other environmental stakeholders in protection of same. Also, based on our needs assessment, the activities will not affect these areas. The activities will not occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas. I-SEED Youths have also partnered with environmental stakeholders in the accountability of same. The activities will not be done on the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. The activities will not be in areas where they bring risks to</p>	
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		<p>soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve</p>			<p>endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). The activities will not affect these areas, as they will not be conducted in the spaces mentioned. The activities will not be done in the wildlife areas; hence, they won't exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. The activities will not include the introduction of invasive alien species, as secured and organic seedlings that will be planted by the beneficiaries will be used. The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. The activities will bring added nutrients to soil, by doing tests and</p>	
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		<p>significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:</p>				<p>providing nutrients organically. Also, the activities will be conducted under the guidance from stakeholders with expertise in those areas in the Rural Agricultural Development Authority (RADA) The activities will not include any of the risks mentioned. The activities will not harvest natural forests, but will develop reforestation. The activities will take into consideration the protection of forest and forest reserves as apart of our mandate is to protect the environment. The persons with oversight responsibility for the environment will also be</p>	
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		<p>Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate</p>			<p>doing trainings on these matters. The activities will not include any animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. The activities will include plant based crop productions. The activities will not include any significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water because the area cannot facilitate those activities and piped water will be used. The activities will not involve adverse trans boundary or global environmental concerns as the group will not be executing anything related to acid rain, global warming,</p>	
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		<p>Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity</p>				<p>pollution of the North Sea and damage to the stratospheric ozone layer. The team will be doing activities to protect the environment, through the guidance of our state agencies and other stakeholders with responsibilities for these areas. The activities are contributing to the reduction, impact or effects of climate change now or in the future for the beneficiaries. For e.g., the activities provide controlled production of crops which would have normally have a negative impact on farmers. Also the oversight agencies will be providing guidance for the team as it relates to</p>	
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		<p>may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>the disaster risk management, which will include trainings accordingly. The activities will not increase greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. However, the activities will see the planting of trees in that areas and climate smart crops, including the national disaster risk management and the ministry with oversight responsibility for climate change. The activities will not see us doing major construction including roads, buildings or dams. The activities will include the construction of a greenhouse to achieve the desired</p>	
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or</p>			<p>outcomes and outputs. The activities will not include any form of pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. Instead, it will see us contributing towards the mitigation of climate change and pollution on a whole. There are no buildings to be constructed. However, the construction of the greenhouse will be done and there is a warranty that comes with same, if there are any damages done to it. The activities will not include any form of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases</p>	
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		<p>dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>(e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and non-communicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. Instead, the activities will include trainings on how to prevent those and creating healthy and sustainable environments. The activities will not include any transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). The activities that will be done are healthy and conducive for the beneficiaries and environment. The activities</p>	
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p>				<p>will not have any adverse impacts on the mentioned, based on what we will be doing. The activities will not be within a cultural heritage site. The activities will be on land designated for farming purposes by the government. The activities will not involve excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. The activities will be done on lands designated for this purpose by the government, and as such, no need for these activities to be done. The activities will not include any adverse impacts to sites,</p>	
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		<p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, and practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural</p>				<p>structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture because the project site is not situated in any protected area. The activities will not include any alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance, because the project will not be taking place in those areas of significance. The activities will not utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. The activities have nothing to involve cultural</p>	
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		<p>Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition</p>				<p>heritages or practices. The activities will not create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). The activities will be done of officially leased agreement lands. The activities will not create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). The lands that will be used for the project have been leased, and are apart of agricultural lands air marked for farming purposes. The</p>	
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		<p>or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities</p>			<p>activities will not involve forced evictions, as the lands are not being accommodated by persons. They are lands that have been air marked for agricultural purposes, and persons are not allowed to live in the area. The activities will not involve any may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. The lands that will be utilized are made available to farmers for agricultural purposes, and the authorities are aware of this project and the possible tenure of leasing. The</p>	
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		<p>area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by</p>				<p>activities will not include areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence), because the project will be on air marked agricultural lands by the government, and no one can occupy same without the intended purposes. The activities will not be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. The project will be on air marked agricultural lands by the government, and no one can occupy same without the intended purposes. The activities will not include any impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources,</p>	
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		<p>the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the</p>				<p>territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples. These lands are not occupied by anyone, as they were air marked for agricultural purposes, and cannot be accommodated unless intended for the same purposes. The activities will not include any impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples. These lands are not occupied by anyone, as they were air marked for agricultural purposes, and cannot be accommodated unless intended for the same purposes. The</p>	
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		<p>utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous</p>				<p>activities will not include any utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. These lands are not occupied by anyone, as they were air marked for agricultural purposes, and cannot be accommodated unless intended for the same purposes. The activities will not include any forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. These lands were air marked for agricultural</p>	
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		<p>peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not</p>				<p>purposes only, and as such, no person (s) cannot live or utilize same without the intended purposes. The activities will not include any adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. These areas are not designated for indigenous people, and as such, are not permitted to be in same. The activities will not include any risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples. This area is not designated for indigenous people, and as such, they are not allowed in same. The activities will not include any</p>	
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		<p>meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working</p>				<p>impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. The activities will not be included in areas where the indigenous people are. The activities will not include working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. The project seeks to emulate international standards, and as such, seeks to represent the donors of this project and not cause any form of disrepute. The activities will not include any working conditions</p>	
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		<p>conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. It is apart of the people's rights to be free, and as such, anything against that will be a breach of the rules of law, which the project will not get involved in. The activities will not include any use of child labour, as that is against the law. The project seeks to represent the donors as well, and will not cause any form of disrepute to same. The activities will not include any forced labours, as this is against the law. The project will not undertake any such activities. The activities will not</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or</p>				<p>include any of the risks mentioned. I-SEED Youths have taken into consideration a lack of opportunity for beneficiaries, and as such, this project will be demonstrating how those barriers can be broken, by providing equal opportunities to all. The activities will not include any form of waste whether hazardous or non-hazardous. The activities include proper management of wastes as there will be minimal to none on the farm. The activities will not include any form of manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. The activities</p>	
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		<p>phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve significant</p>				<p>will include organic production which will not entail the use of chemicals. The activities will not include any use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. The activities will not include any significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water. The activities will be in a controlled environment, as such, less raw materials, energy and water will be used.</p>	
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		consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.					
PROJECT 828_ Fundación Proiectum Macrillanti	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly	Yes	Yes	Yes	To ensure that all landowners in the basin can participate in the NID828 project and its benefits, they were first invited to two information and training meetings. Secondly, they were visited individually to identify their real estate plots and to sign the acceptance of an agreement with the Proiectum Foundation. In this way, 80% of the basin surface was reached and efforts are continuing to identify the owners of small missing plots. On the contrary, project activities and outputs bring /will bring protection of	Not applicable

		<p>of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>social and private goods, environment, and cultural assets in the water basin as an adaptation mechanism. Any level of producer is considered in the project. Small producers will have a positive impact through government subsidies to deal with investments in their properties. Project activities will bring better quality and availability conditions of water resources, improving access to rivershores, basin landscape and biodiversity Project offers better environmental conditions through the management of rainwater excess, avoiding neighbour conflicts onsite and</p>	
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		<p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social</p>			<p>offsite of the basin territory. Improve gender conditions, participation and capacitation for women, are objectives of the project. Technicians that support the project have a wide expertise on gender concerns (INTA Rural Women Program) and gender inclusive activities Strength gender equality and empowerment of all rural women and girls is a project aim. The project will improve the transit on rural dirt roads (protecting them from water runoff), providing greater opportunity for rural women to travel. This means a greater possibility of travelling to towns and cities to</p>	
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		<p>and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural</p>			<p>access better services and more frequent meetings with other rural women. The project activities will allow an equal access to natural resources and promote the role of women in production and household decisions. The project activities will not affect the land ownership regime nor will they require the presence of workers from other areas where cultural values are different. The NGO members and technicians have a good knowledge of town and rural people and institutions, and an extensive experience in participatory methodology working with rural</p>	
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		<p>resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully</p>			<p>audiences. The project is aimed at improving land use, protecting the conditions of the rural ecosystem and environmental services in the basin, avoiding water surpluses and impacts on the habitat and infrastructure. There are not environmentally sensitive areas within the basin area. The activity of the project will not change the land use, nowadays for crop production and livestock. The main effect is to improve the rain infiltration avoiding runoff and favouring the biodiversity. The activity of the project will not change the land use, nowadays for crop</p>	
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		<p>participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected</p>				<p>production and livestock. The main effect is to improve the rain infiltration avoiding runoff and favouring the biodiversity. There is no illegal wildlife trade in the area and sport hunting is regulated. The activity of the project will not change the land use patterns (crop and livestock production) and no introduction of living material is considered. On the contrary, the main objective and output are soil and water conservation in the basin through the terraces technology. The Arroyo Gómez basin is a grassland area, with small forest areas (riparian)</p>	
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		<p>areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to</p>				<p>that will be reforested with native species by producers through an established Rural Cooperative Forest Program. Nowadays, the land use is for crop and livestock production. There are not use of natural areas, like small riparian and wetlands areas</p> <p>Nowadays, the land use is for crop and livestock production. There are not use of natural areas, like small riparian and wetlands areas. The agriculture in the basin area is rainfed (average 1.100 mm/year) and there is not any irrigation system. The terraces do not divert the water to other new sites, they</p>	
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		<p>endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve</p>				<p>only increase infiltration and reduce the speed of runoff The activity will not promote the use of GMO other than those that farmers are cropping nowadays, in accordance with current regulations The activity does not include the collection or harvesting of genetic resources. The project involves solutions to global environmental concerns related to soil conservation, desertification, adaptation and mitigation of climate change. The Arroyo Gómez basin is a grassland area subject to agricultural (80%) and livestock (20%) production, without risk of severe natural disasters.</p>	
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		<p>plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1:</p>				<p>The activities will decrease the vulnerability to climate change impacts because it is a well tested technology for soil and water management in the province of Entre Ríos. The terraces will increase water infiltration, sustain crop production and promote carbon sequestration in soil as organic matter, contributing to mitigation of GHG. The project field activities involve construction of terraces and grassed water courses that are minor structures. Farmers commonly make these structures with their own rural tools. The activity will improve rain infiltration diminishing runoff and</p>	
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		<p>Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>			<p>hence will reduce the amount of sediment that it is carried by the water out of the crop plots. The damages caused by overflowing from the terraces, if occurs, are generally not important and the producers can repair them with their own tools. Once the project is completed, the runoff of excess water that carries pesticides and/or fertilizers is avoided. Contamination of drinking water, eutrophication of lagoons and rivers, and the growth of toxic blue green algae will be under control in the basin. No hazardous or dangerous materials will be used in project activities. The main activity is</p>	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase</p>			<p>the surface movement of the soil. On the contrary, the project offers positive impacts, ensuring ecosystem services and the production of goods, both relevant to the well-being of the community: food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding, pollution control, biodiversity protection. Workers involved in the project are local and are provided from local rural producers and the government agencies that support some activities of the project. Activities will be arranged with local rural producers and the government agencies that support some</p>	
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		<p>in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>				<p>activities of the project. No security personnel is needed. All the space intervened by the project is an area under productive agricultural and livestock activities, not adjacent to any cultural site. The field works are minor, superficial at the ground level, respecting topography and natural conditions. There are no cultural, historical or religious sites in the project space. The project respects the topography and the natural landscape of the territory, promoting its sustainability. The project incorporates current and open access technology, (knowledge public good) promoted by the agricultural technology</p>	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or</p>				<p>agency (INTA) There will be no people displacement due to field activities of the project will take place on rural private properties. Any project activity would be done only with owner approval established in particular agreements. In the case of public works, the government agency is allowed by law to act. There will be no economic displacement due to field activities of the project will take place on rural private properties. Neither access restrictions nor land acquisition is considered in the project The project does not require expropriations nor evictions. The results of the project</p>	
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		<p>infrastructure).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental</p>			<p>promote productive conditions for any ownership situation, be it owner or renter producer. There are no indigenous people areas in the province of Entre Ríos. There are groups of mixed-race descendants of Charrúas (an ancient local ethnic group) in urban areas who are in the process of cultural recovery. In the province, 676 people recognize or descend in the first generation from the Charrúa people, none of them reside in indigenous communities. They are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are no lands or territories claimed by indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support</p>				<p>of indigenous people are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are no impacts on lands, r territories or livelihoods of indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants of indigenous people are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are no impacts on rights or interests of indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants of indigenous people are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are no lands or territories claimed by indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants of indigenous people are fully integrated</p>	
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		<p>activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious</p>				<p>into the rest of society. There are no lands, territories or any exclusive resource of indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants of indigenous people are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are no lands or territories of indigenous people in the province of Entre Ríos. Descendants of indigenous people are fully integrated into the rest of society. There are groups of mixed-race descendants of Charrúas (an ancient local ethnic group) only in urban areas who are in the process of cultural recovery. The project has no impact on physical and cultural survival of</p>	
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		<p>values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial</p>				<p>indigenous peoples. The project has no impact on cultural heritage or traditional knowledge and practices of indigenous peoples. Working activities and human labour will be under Law 26.727, the statute of the rural worker that regulates the salary, the working day, transportation, housing and food that must be received. The project will be developed in a space of community cooperation and will encourage collective participation and association. Although child labour is common in many rural areas of Argentina, in the agricultural region of Entre Ríos it is avoided and</p>	
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		<p>or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p>				<p>overcome practice . The project does not innovate in this aspect. In some regions of the country, agricultural work, especially seasonal work, presents conditions of forcing. In the agricultural region of the project it is not common practice.No activity of the project is considered to be done using forced labour. Labour force applied to the project is provided from local rural producers and the government agencies that support some activities of the project. All workers are legally contracted. Field activities of the project will be done by technicians and workers legally contracted.</p>	
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		<p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and</p>			<p>The activities do not employ risk products or actions</p> <p>The workers are ensure protected to rural occupational health and risks. The management of water surplus by the terraces allows to reduce the contribution of pesticides and/or fertilizers to the watercourses.</p> <p>No waste is generated in the technical process of construction and management of the terraces. The machinery used is conventional to the agricultural and road sector. The activities of the project only involve physical issues. No hazardous materials or chemicals will be used in the project. There is no use of chemicals subject to</p>	
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		<p>territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>international or local restrictions. Argentina signed and implement environmental conventions on POPs and other restricted chemicals at international level. The project do not involve the use of chemicals. Best soil management practices by producers is expected to promote the reduction of traditional pesticides use in the agricultural sector. The machinery used is conventional to the agricultural and road sector. There is not significant consumption of energy.</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks</p>					
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		<p>to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The</p>					
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		activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring					
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		<p>occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>There may be generation of waste (both</p>					
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		<p>hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example,</p>					
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		<p>DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution</p>					
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		and Resource Efficiency)					
PROJECT 842_ CENTRO DE DESENVOLVIMENTO AGROECOLÓGICO SABIÁ	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups.	Yes	Yes	Yes	"Government bodies may fail to fulfill their obligation to guarantee universal access to sanitation, including peasant populations. Historically, the State has not fulfilled this role, which is foreseen in legal provisions. This scenario has the potential to hinder the replication of rural sanitation technologies via public policies." The beneficiary population is made up of socially vulnerable individuals, with low levels of self-organization and political articulation, limiting their ability to recognize and claim their rights. Not applicable. Based on climate	Not applicable

		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) "The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)a"</p> <p>"The activity</p>			<p>adaptation strategies, the proposal focuses on strengthening the right of the peasant population in the semi-arid region to rural sanitation, as well as to enjoy other human rights in its fullness, such as the right to food and economic dignity The management of the RAC&SAF systems requires some degree of physical effort and manual labor, demanding physical capacity from individuals to perform it. In this sense, it can produce unequal impacts on populations with limited mobility. In addition, as women are usually the ones responsible for dealing with domestic water use,</p>	
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		<p>may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights)"</p> <p>"Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3:</p>			<p>the technology may add a new workload for them. The proposal has an opposite focus, strengthening access to basic rights, such as the rights to rural sanitation, water, and food. By bringing up the gender and fair division of labor debate, gender conflicts in nuclear families can be exacerbated</p> <p>Questions and concerns can be brought up by women and leaders during the proposed activities. The project aims to strengthen peasant women's access to rights and knowledge. However, as mentioned above, as women deal with domestic water use, the technology</p>	
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		<p>Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender)"</p> <p>"The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion</p>			<p>may add a new workload for women. The project will focus on women as the base of beneficiaries, seeking to promote their full participation in the design, implementation, and access to the opportunities and benefits generated by the activities. The project will focus on women as the base of beneficiaries, seeking to expand their abilities for natural resource use, development, and protection. By bringing up the gender and fair division of labor debate, gender conflicts in nuclear families can be exacerbated. The planned activities and their collective development seek to take into account</p>	
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		<p>in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being." "The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc." "The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may</p>			<p>the opinions of all the individuals that make up the family nucleus. "The activity improves the relationship of the farming families with the habitat and the ecosystems, as the wastewater that would pollute aquifers and springs will now be properly filtered and benefit agroforestry processes. In addition to that, the organic waste from the grease box and filter are used in a compost bin and continues to benefit the sytem. " Some of the activities may be carried out in quilombola communities, but this factor does not represent a risk, since it does not have an adverse impact from</p>	
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		<p>affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services.z (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes."</p> <p>"The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve,</p>				<p>the sociocultural, food culture, spiritual, or nature relationship perspective. On the contrary, it improves the relationship of local populations with the environment. The activity proposes a change to the use of land, with the implementation of agroforestry systems, which have a positive impact on habitats and ecosystems. The activity proposes a change to the use of land, with the implementation of agroforestry systems, that use native species from the caatinga, have a positive impact on habitats and ecosystems, and strengthen the biodiversity. The project does not promote</p>	
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		<p>national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction,</p>				<p>hunting, capture, or commercialization of native caatinga species. The project will use either adapted species or native caatinga species. The impact on the soil is positive, with the implantation of agroforestry systems, with a role in restoring and recovering the physical and biological conditions of life in the soil. The proposed agriculture and production systems are biodiverse, using native and adapted plants, and involve no deforestation. Agricultural production will be at the family level, on a small scale, and diverse, with various products for family supply and small-scale commercialization.</p>	
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		<p>encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or</p>			<p>The participant families develop plant and animal production activities. Their production systems are small scale, in order to provide food and to sell the surplus. The project activities don't involve any extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. The project activities don't involve any handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms. The project foresees the planting of native plants or those adapted to the caatinga through the use of seeds and seedlings in agroforests. The risk doesn't apply, as the project will be delivered at local and</p>	
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		<p>reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>For example,</p>			<p>regional level. The activities will be held in the Brazilian Semi-Arid, an area that isn't subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. "Droughts negatively impact project outputs and outcomes, as it reduces the families' capacity to store rainwater. There is the prospect of a new cycle of droughts for the second half of 2023, starting in September, due to the effects of El Niño." The project foresees the implementation of climate adaptation technologies and an agricultural model that promotes soil recovery and the mitigation of</p>	
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		<p>construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction."</p> <p>"The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)"</p> <p>"The activity</p>			<p>climate change impacts. In this sense, making the areas more resilient and less vulnerable. Agroforestry systems sequester carbon, thus reducing the emission of greenhouse gases. Greywater reuse systems are simple, small-scale installations with an average floor area of 10 square meters. As it is a technology that deals with domestic wastewater management, special precautions must be taken for its maintenance, so that the correct sanitation of this waste is guaranteed. The activity doesn't involve any complex building or structural elements. In that sense, there is no risk of</p>	
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		<p>may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change)"</p> <p>"The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes."</p> <p>"The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate</p>				<p>failure or collapsing of infrastructure. As it is a technology that deals with domestic wastewater management, special precautions must be taken for its maintenance, so that the correct sanitation of this waste is guaranteed. No water-borne or other vector-borne diseases were identified during any of the previous phases of the technology implementation. No hazardous or dangerous materials, such as explosives, fuel and other chemicals, will be used during project activities. The project will use agroforestry as a method to restore soils and ecosystems, and promote climate</p>	
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		<p>change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding." "The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2:</p>				<p>adaptation technologies to increase the capacities of peasant families to access services and resources. The project foresees, at most, the presence of a field technician and a mason, who will work with the families for a maximum period of one week, for the installation of the RAC systems. The project activities don't involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. The project won't be delivered in areas adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. The project won't involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement</p>	
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		<p>Climate Change)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)"</p> <p>"The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. The project doesn't bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture. The project doesn't create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. The project doesn't utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. The project won't create or promote any physical displacement. On the contrary, productive land use strengthens</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>the families' right to land and their permanence in the semiarid region Not applicable. The project won't create or promote any economic displacement of the beneficiary families. The project won't require or involve evictions. A tecnologia tem potencial de evitar migrações, exodo. The project has the potential to strengthen local ties, preventing rural migration and loss of land rights. In addition, the technology has a strong potential for a community use. No project activity will be held in areas where indigenous peoples are present. No project activity will be held in lands and</p>	
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>territories claimed by indigenous peoples. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities. Not applicable. The project doesn't involve any utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as</p>	
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	Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S)" "The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental				well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities.	
	Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental				Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities. Not applicable. The project's territory of action, as well as its area of influence, is not characterized by the presence of indigenous populations and communities.	
	Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g.				Not applicable. The proejct activities don't involve any commercialization or use of indigenous' people traditional knowledge	

		<p>knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)" "The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>and practices. All working relationship involved in the project will respect national labour laws and international commitments. All working relationship involved in the project will respect national labour laws and international commitments. The activity will not use child labour, respecting Brazilian labour laws and Centro Sabia's statutory rules. The activity will not use forced labour. All participation in the project will be subject to beneficiaries' volunteer agreement. "The activity will not involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. The Centro Sabiá team is</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)"</p> <p>"The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)"</p> <p>"The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve forced evictions.</p>				<p>characterized by diversity and gender parity. In the proposed project, we will prioritize the hiring of women technicians." We have identified safety risks in the activities that require the technical team to travel in vehicles and in the management of the systems by the families, as already mentioned. As it is a technology that deals with domestic wastewater management, special precautions must be taken for its maintenance, so that the correct sanitation of this waste is guaranteed. No water-borne or other vector-borne diseases were identified during any of the previous</p>	
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		<p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)"</p> <p>"The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)"</p> <p>"The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous</p>			<p>phases of the technology implementation.</p> <p>As it is a technology that deals with domestic wastewater management, special precautions must be taken for its maintenance, so that the correct sanitation of this waste is guaranteed.</p> <p>No water-borne or other vector-borne diseases were identified during any of the previous phases of the technology implementation.</p> <p>The project activities don't involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals</p> <p>The project activities don't involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs.</p>	
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		<p>peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>The project activities don't involve the application of pesticides. "The project activities will require a small consupcion of raw materials, energy, and/or water. RAC systems therefore reduce waste and provide a more efficient use of water and natural resources. The water that is filtered and reused to irrigate the agroforests also returns to the environment in the form of evotranspiration."</p>	
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		<p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve risks to the physical and</p>					
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		<p>cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)" "The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)" "The activity</p>					
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		<p>may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"The activity may bring</p>					
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		<p>occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)"</p> <p>"There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>"There may be generation of waste (both</p>					
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		<p>hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)" "The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)" "The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example,</p>					
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		<p>DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention."</p> <p>"The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)"</p> <p>"The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution</p>					
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		and Resource Efficiency)"					
PROJECT 692_ Foundation for Community - Soul	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups.	Yes	Yes	Yes	For “yes” answers, please fill in the following three columns at the right. If the answer is “no”, please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. A hundred per cent of the target groups (farmers) in Mueang District, Surin province are Thai nationals. . Gender les training covers this concern. Gender les training covers this concern. Gender les training covers this concern. Gender les training covers this concern. Activities take place in an urban and semi-urban area that is not adjacent	Not applicable

		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The				to nature reserve, national park, protected area, non-hunting area) All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training,	
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		activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES				workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training,	
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		<p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion</p>			<p>workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training,</p>	
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		<p>in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may</p>			<p>workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern There are no security personnel involved. All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this</p>	
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		<p>affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability) The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve,</p>				<p>concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this</p>	
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		national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction,				concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this	
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		<p>encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or</p>			<p>concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this</p>	
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		<p>reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example,</p>				<p>concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this</p>	
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		<p>construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity</p>				<p>concern All activities include training, workshop, and field visits. No direct activity is to be affected by this concern</p>	
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		<p>may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate</p>					
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		<p>change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2:</p>					
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		<p>Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water- borne or other vector- borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and</p>					
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and</p> <p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and</p> <p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of</p>				
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		<p>culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and</p>					
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced</p>				
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		<p>evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous</p>					
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		<p>peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural</p>					
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		<p>survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working</p>					
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		<p>conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks</p>					
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		<p>due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous).</p>					
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PROJECT 549_ Belize Livestock Producers Association	Yes	<p>Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	<p>For “yes” answers, please fill in the following three columns at the right. If the answer is “no”, please include an explanation here of why your project does not generate that risk in the environment, communities, etc. This is a capacity building project. The activities are training on farming BLPA doesn’t not discriminate, the criteria to access training on the project is to be a cattle farmer This is a capacity building project (training in improved livestock production) There are no conflicts in the area of impact of the trainings. The BLPA made extra effort to ensure women and youth in the areas of impact were</p>	Not applicable
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		<p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p> <p>Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation</p>			<p>invited to the trainings. The BLPA made extra effort to ensure women and youth in the areas of impact were invited to the trainings</p> <p>The BLPA made extra effort to ensure women and youth in the areas of impact were invited to the trainings</p> <p>The project involves training in the rehabilitation of degraded pasture land. There is no gender-based conflicts in the area of impact of the project. The project doesn't not entail activities that may cause changes in the community or household. The project is all inclusive and training is given to anyone who owns livestock,</p>	
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		<p>of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may</p>				<p>especially small-scale farmers and the most vulnerable. The project is centered around silvopastoral systems and the promotion of ecological diversity and environment. Project is focused on the rehabilitation of current pastureland, thus discouraging the need for further deforestation Project is focused on the rehabilitation of current pastureland, thus discouraging the need for further deforestation Project is focused on the rehabilitation of current pastureland, thus discouraging the need for further deforestation Project focus is on improving pasturelands and productivity of beef cattle</p>	
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		<p>reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend</p>			<p>production. Silvopastoral systems promoted by the project include only local plants, legumes and grasses as forage banks. The project is focused on improved pasture management that in the medium term seeks to improve soil conditions and thus improve productivity of grass lands. The use of forest species is not encouraged as these are not efficient for cattle production. The project is focused on the rehabilitation of current pasturelands under silvopastoral systems. This a cattle production project. This is not part of the project's objectives for activities. This is not considered as the</p>	
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		<p>on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental</p>				<p>project is only dealing with beef cattle production. This is not considered as the project is only dealing with beef cattle production. This is a localized training for cattle farmers in improved pasture management Belize is mostly affected by hurricanes which may bring about localized flooding. The activities and outputs geared towards building resiliency in farmers to the effects of climate change. The activities and outputs geared towards building resiliency in farmers to the effects of climate change The adoption of silvopastoral systems and improved pasture</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for</p>				<p>management is a way to mitigate greenhouse gases. No construction contemplated, its mostly training in improved pasture management. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement. No construction contemplated, its mostly training in improved pasture management. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement. It's a capacity building project to improve pasture management for improved cattle production. Training is targeting current livestock</p>	
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		<p>protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and</p>				<p>farmers. This is not contemplated as there is no conflicts in the area of impact of the project. All training activities will be carried out on current pasture lands. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. No such activity is contemplated within the</p>	
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		<p>Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental</p>			<p>scope of the project. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. This doesn't apply as the BLPA members come from all ethnic backgrounds and access trainings whenever possible. Any trainings carried out will be on private lands It's a capacity building project to improve pasture management for improved cattle production Projects are written based on needs of BLPA's membership (we are a culturally diverse membership association). No such activity is contemplated within the</p>	
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental</p> <p>Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs,</p>				<p>scope of the project. No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. Trainings activities are based on demands of BLPA's membership (we are a culturally diverse membership association) No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project (we are a culturally diverse membership association). No such activity is contemplated within the scope of the project. This is mostly a capacity building project, no hiring is contemplated. This is mostly a capacity building project; no hiring is contemplated. This is mostly a capacity building project; no hiring is</p>	
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		<p>river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards</p>			<p>contemplated. This is mostly a capacity building project; no hiring is contemplated. This is mostly a capacity building project; no hiring is contemplated. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. Mostly PowerPoint and hands on training. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. Mostly PowerPoint and hands on training. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. Mostly PowerPoint and hands on training. its mostly</p>	
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		<p>such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks</p>				<p>training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. Mostly PowerPoint and hands on training. its mostly training in improved pasture management, and soil improvement for cattle farms. Mostly PowerPoint and hands on training. No pesticide application is considered as part of the project Its not in the scope of the project.</p>	
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		<p>now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may</p>					
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		<p>involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>					
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		<p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The</p>					
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		<p>activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations,</p>					
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		<p>practices).</p> <p>Note: activities intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>					
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		<p>level</p> <p>Standard 4: Cultural Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental</p>					
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		<p>Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples)</p>					
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		<p>There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The</p>					
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		<p>activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p>					
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		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments.					
		(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny					

		freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical,					
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		<p>biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour)</p> <p>There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES</p>					
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions</p>					
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		<p>such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p>					
PROJECT 439_ ABALOB	Yes	Duty-bearers (e.g. government	Yes	Yes	Yes	The project has no need of	Not applicable

ICT4Fisheries NPC		<p>agencies) may not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The</p>				<p>government interaction and no reliance on external agencies beyond ABALOB, which is well-resourced and has the capacity to meet all obligations All of the fishers ABALOB works with are rights holders ABALOB maintains a transparent and robust human rights policy, which is signed by all participants. Our manifesto further enshrines the human rights of all participants, and our Board and external HR consultants annually review and independently oversee all contractual and other obligations that involve human rights ABALOB strives to create and foster an inclusive</p>	
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		<p>activity may bring inequitable or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. 16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the</p>				<p>and equity-driven environment. Our policies and protocols ensure full and free participation by all stakeholders. The opposite is true in our case - ABALOB ensures that all stakeholders including those beyond the fishery, benefit from our activities through community development, job creation, and food security initiatives that provide access to affordable seafood to tens of thousands of people weekly. ABALOB plays a crucial role in mediating conflicts in fisher communities, and ensures free and fair participation for all stakeholders. ABALOB facilitates the formalisation</p>	
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		<p>risk of violence to activities-affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against</p>				<p>of women's roles, the fair remuneration of their work, and the creation of women's post-harvest quality control and producer groups. Our key stakeholder groups are all represented by women leaders in the community and our community development team is staffed by young women in the communities to ensure that women are able to communicate any concerns freely without fear of gender discrimination. ABALOB facilitates the formalisation of women's roles, the fair remuneration of their work, and the creation of women's post-harvest quality control and</p>	
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		<p>women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their</p>				<p>producer groups. Our key stakeholder groups are all represented by women leaders in the community and our community development team is staffed by young women in the communities to ensure that women are able to communicate any concerns freely without fear of gender discrimination. ABALOBİ facilitates the formalisation of women's roles, the fair remuneration of their work, and the creation of women's post-harvest quality control and producer groups. Our key stakeholder groups are all represented by women leaders in the community</p>	
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		<p>livelihoods and well being. The activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability)</p>				<p>and our community development team is staffed by young women in the communities to ensure that women are able to communicate any concerns freely without fear of gender discrimination. Further, we work with male and female community leaders equally to ensure equitable representation and that no gender-based hierarchies emerge. The opposite is true - ABALOBI ABALOBI facilitates the formalisation of women's roles, the fair remuneration of their work, and the creation of women's post-harvest quality control and producer groups. We work specifically</p>	
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		<p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized</p>				<p>with these groups to facilitate the creation of value-added seafood products and protect and surface their ecological and indigenous knowledge through the MARKETPLACE platform that showcases their products and knowledge. Our key stakeholder groups are all represented by women leaders in the community and our community development team is staffed by young women in the communities to ensure that women are able to communicate any concerns freely without fear of gender discrimination. We source, train, and employ women from the community to ensure that</p>	
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		<p>as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-</p>				<p>employment is locally focused. We offer mediation and have developed a comprehensive grievance reporting and mediation mechanism that is widely socialised and freely available. ABALOBİ's focus is on the inclusion of marginalised groups, particularly women in small-scale fisheries. the fisher groups we work with are enveloped within an inclusive model, and our community development team members are all trained in mediation and conflict resolution. The model purposefully drives inclusion by formalising roles, providing fair remuneration, and market access.</p>	
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		<p>level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level</p>			<p>ABAObi works exclusively with small- scale fishers. Small-scale traditional linefishing uses an individual fishing line instead of a net. The result of this method is that fishers target specific species of fish (determined by the type of bait used) as well as size classes (determined by the hook size). Linefishing has been demonstrated in scientific literature to represent a sustainable way of fishing, as opposed to industrial trawling vessels. The ABALOBI model, which offers small-scale fishers access to urban markets, disincentivizes fishers from over-fishing by offering them an average</p>	
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		<p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 1: Biodiversity) For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater</p>			<p>350% increase in the price per kilogram for fish sold on the MARKETPLACE platform. Further, the MARKETPLACE platform has purposefully promoted a transition towards sustainably harvested species, by channeling market demand for previously undervalued and abundant species. The ABALOB model, which offers small-scale fishers access to urban markets, disincentivizes fishers from over-fishing by offering them an average 350% increase in the price per kilogram for fish sold on the MARKETPLACE platform. Further, the MARKETPLACE platform has purposefully promoted a transition towards</p>	
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		<p>extraction. The activity may involve handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods,</p>				<p>sustainably harvested species, by channeling market demand for previously undervalued and abundant species. The ABALOB system incorporates a bespoke transparent traceability system, which enables anyone to scan a QR code associated with each fish, to identify the complete traceability journey and sustainability status of the catch. Further, the ABALOB model, which offers small-scale fishers access to urban markets, disincentivizes fishers from over-fishing by offering them an average 350% increase in the price per kilogram for fish sold on the MARKETPLACE</p>	
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		<p>landslides, severe winds, storm surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known</p>				<p>platform. Further, the MARKETPLACE platform has purposefully promoted a transition towards sustainably harvested species, by channeling market demand for previously undervalued and abundant species. Fishing is extractive. Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable ABALOB encourages and facilitates the diversification of species sold via the MARKETPLACE platform, providing a buffer against climate-driven regime shifts or other unforeseen factors. Further, we</p>	<p>MARKETPLACE</p>
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		<p>as maladaptive or negative coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or</p>				<p>provide capacity building and access to bespoke financial services that improve fishers' adaptive capacity and ability to weather changing fishing conditions. Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable ABALOB works exclusively with fisher communities and our embedded community assistants provide us a robust way of ensuring that we are only working with bona fide community members. Further, small-scale fishing communities in South Africa</p>	
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		<p>infrastructure development (e.g. roads, buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The</p>				<p>exhibit little inter-community movement and there are very few known cases of fishers moving to other communities. Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable ABALOB works exclusively with traditional linefishers, whose local ecological knowledge (LEK) is typically excluded from fisheries management and other fora that directly impact their livelihoods. We directly address this challenge, enshrining the protection</p>	
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		<p>activity may bring risks of water-borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse</p>				<p>and promotion of LEK in our Theory of Change and overall organisational programme. We have strict policies protecting LEK, and also actively promote LEK through the MARKETPLACE by surfacing fishers, and in particular, fish womens' LEK and cultural practices related to the sea and food production. ABALOBİ prides itself on a cross-cutting co-design approach which underpins all of our engagements and projects. Over half of our staff are sourced from, and continue to live in, the communities that we serve, providing deep insights into local customs and ways of knowing.</p>	
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		<p>impacts on ecosystems and ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community</p>				<p>Our assistants serve as daily conduits for information sharing between ABALOB and the fishers we serve. Regular feedback meetings in communities serve to ground truth lessons and feed back on key steps. No claims to marine resources by fisher communities Not applicable ABALOB prides itself on a cross-cutting co-design approach which underpins all of our engagements and projects. Over half of our staff are sourced from, and continue to live in, the communities that we serve, providing deep insights into local customs and ways of knowing. Our</p>	
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		<p>H&S) The activity may be adjacent to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities</p>				<p>assistants serve as daily conduits for information sharing between ABALOBI and the fishers we serve. Regular feedback meetings in communities serve to ground truth lessons and feed back on key steps. The opposite is true - ABALOBI foregrounds cultural insights to consumers via the MARKETPLACe platform and enables fishers to share their LEK and cultural stories to a broad audience. We document this knowledge with fishers permission and actively share it via media posts, QR codes shared with buyers, and via documentaries made publicly available</p>	
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		<p>intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural</p>				<p>through our media channels. The opposite is true - ABALOBI foregrounds cultural insights to consumers via the MARKETPLACe platform and enables fishers to share their LEK and cultural stories to a broad audience. We document this knowledge with fishers permission and actively share it via media posts, QR codes shared with buyers, and via documentaries made publicly available through our media channels. ABALOBI's publicly available policies are not only formulated in line with national requirements, but go further, enshrining cultural knowledge</p>	
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		<p>Heritage) The activity may create temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>				<p>rights. We engage all fishers and fish workers in detailed “onboarding” through which we socialise their rights and make them aware of our various protocols and protections. We further provide them with free and ready access to documents and mechanisms that safeguard their rights and enables free and unbiased reporting of any incidents that might arise in the fishery. ABALOB is actively engaged in a fishery improvement project (FIP) that specifically addresses freedom of association and collective bargaining in South African small-scale</p>	
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		<p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 5: Displacement) The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p>			<p>fisheries. As part of this process, we have conducted extensive, fisher-driven research to benchmark risk indicators of freedom of association and collective bargaining, and worked with fishers to generate a publicly available workplan that strives to promote fair, equitable and inclusive fisheries at all levels. Further, we work with fishing communities to co-create fishers' organisations that formalise their operations and provide them with a platform and mechanism for collective bargaining. As part of our FIP benchmarking process, we have comprehensively reviewed</p>	
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		<p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of</p>				<p>child labour practices in the fisheries and found that there are no such practices occurring. Small-scale fisheries in South Africa are characterised by an ageing population between 30-60 years old and it is extremely uncommon for people in their twenties to join the fishery. Our embedded community assistants are well versed labour laws, and, if such a case was perceived, it would be immediately reported. ABALOBİ signs contracts with all fishers and fish workers and are transparent about remuneration structures. An independent grievance reporting mechanism is in place and well socialised,</p>	
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		<p>culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced</p>				<p>providing a platform for participants to raise any misgivings regarding remuneration in a free and fair environment with independent mediation and oversight. ABALOB has a strict code of conduct regarding employment and working conditions, which is socialised with fishers and fish workers when they first register and onboard onto the programme. We are also an equal opportunity employer under South African law and hold a Broad Based Black Economic Empowerment (BBBEE) Level 1 status. Further, ABALOB signs contracts with all fishers and fish workers and are</p>	
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		eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? (Social and Environmental Risk, SES				transparent about remuneration structures. An independent grievance reporting mechanism is in place and well socialised, providing a platform for participants to raise any misgivings regarding remuneration in a free and fair environment with independent mediation and oversight. Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable	
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		<p>Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and</p>					
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		<p>collective bargaining. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial</p>					
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		<p>hazards (including violence and harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non- hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 8:</p>					
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		<p>Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol,</p>					
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		<p>Minamata Convention, Basel Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p>					
PROJECT 446_ ASOCIACION NATUN GUATEMALA	Yes	<p>Duty-bearers (e.g. government agencies) may not have the</p>	Yes	Yes	Yes	We plan to work with partners, such as government agencies and	Not applicable

		<p>capacity to meet their obligations in the activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Rights-holders (e.g. activities-affected persons) may not have the capacity to claim their rights. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring inequitable</p>				<p>other local and national institutions, for training and collaboration. There are issues of equitable land access in the communities where these projects will be carried out, and sometimes there are restrictions to females doing activities outside of the home. Although we work with marginalized groups, our activities do not bring a risk of adverse impacts on human rights, do to their nature. We work with marginalized groups, and with this work there is the risk of unintended consequences of inequitable or discriminatory impacts. The project is directly working to increase availability</p>	
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		<p>or discriminatory impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>16 (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring restrictions in availability, quality of and/or access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups, including persons with disabilities.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) The activity may bring exacerbation of conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to activities-</p>			<p>of access to resources and services to marginalized individuals and groups. There can sometimes be conflict in the communities where we work relating to access to land, which is a topic we will work with (using community land) in the project. The project works with both women and men, with a large slant towards more female participants. In the communities where we work, sometimes there are restrictions to females doing activities outside of the home, due to their husbands not allowing them. We have specifically designed the program to both involve women in the design,</p>	
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		<p>affected communities and individuals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 2: Human Rights) Women's groups/leaders may raise gender equality concerns regarding the activities, (e.g. during the stakeholder engagement process, grievance processes, public statements). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may bring adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may reproduce discriminations against women based on gender,</p>				<p>and target female participants who have more systemic barriers to opportunities and resources. We have specifically designed the program to target female participants who have more systemic barriers to opportunities and resources, and less voice in protecting natural resources, and we have ensured that the design does not lead to natural resources degradation in any way. In the communities where we work, sometimes there are restrictions to females doing activities outside of the home, due to their husbands not allowing them. We have done a thorough</p>	
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		<p>especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) The activity may limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being. The</p>				<p>design of the project to ensure that the voices of those affected by decisions are baked into the design; all our programming is community-led. Putting fallow land into cultivation will have an impact on habitats, but our focus on regenerative practices and protecting/conserving the use of fragile ecosystems will mitigate harm. Overall, this project is designed to reduce harm on ecosystems by reducing pesticide and fertilizer use, improving soil health through composting and terracing to reduce erosion. Putting fallow land into cultivation will have an impact on habitats, but our focus on regenerative</p>	
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		<p>activity may exacerbate risks of gender-based violence. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 3: Gender) For example, through the influx of workers to a community, changes in community and household power dynamics, increased exposure to unsafe public places and/or transport, etc. The activity may exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups and excluded individuals (including persons with disabilities), from fully participating in decisions that may affect them. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Principle 5: Accountability) The activity may bring adverse</p>			<p>practices and protecting/conserving the use of fragile ecosystems will mitigate harm. Overall, this project is designed to reduce harm on ecosystems by reducing pesticide and fertilizer use, improving soil health through composting and terracing to reduce erosion. It is possible that some of the lands used for family agriculture have been sitting fallow for some years. The project is specifically designed to care for the environment, taking into account Indigenous ancestral techniques of protecting habitats. The project will not have any activities directly related to wildlife or affect wildlife trade. All of</p>	
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		<p>impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, through habitat loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes. The activity may occur within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including (but not limited to) legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources</p>				<p>the plants that will be used in the project are heirloom plants that have grown on these lands for centuries and millennia. This project is designed to improve soil health and mitigate adverse impacts on soils through composting, reduction of fertilizer and pesticide use, and erosion mitigation. This project includes reforestation activities, planting about 100,000 native tree species in areas impacted by deforestation and erosion. The overall impact will be positive. The project is designed for small-scale and small capacity family gardens (252) and community gardens (6) on small</p>	
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		<p>and/or indigenous peoples or local communities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may change to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods. (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring risks to endangered species (e.g. reduction, encroachment on habitat). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p>				<p>pieces of family land. There is no element of the project which works with farming animals. Agriculture in the project will use natural rain cycles to plant and harvest produce, meaning that no excess community water will be used. The project has been designed to use practices which specifically do not use genetically modified organisms, instead it works with organic and traditional farming techniques and products. This project will not involve genetic resources in any way. No global or transboundary activities or risks are concerned with this project. The Highlands of Guatemala, where the</p>	
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		<p>The activity may exacerbate illegal wildlife trade. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may introduce invasive alien species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts on soils. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may harvest natural forests, involve plantation development, or reforestation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity</p>				<p>project will take place, is at risk of natural disasters including earthquakes, floods, landslides, hurricanes, droughts and volcanic eruptions. The agriculture in the Highlands of Guatemala is highly vulnerable to the effects of climate change and disasters, which is why this project is very needed and important. The agriculture in the Highlands of Guatemala is highly vulnerable to the effects of climate change and disasters, and this is set to increase, as Guatemala is one of the top countries in the world most vulnerable to the effects of climate change. The project only works with</p>	
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		<p>may involve significant agricultural production. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve animal husbandry or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant extraction, diversion or containment of surface or ground water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity)</p> <p>For example, construction of dams, reservoirs, river basin developments, groundwater extraction. The activity may involve</p>			<p>natural products and techniques, it does not create any emissions. We limit use of transport to arrive to communities by working with local staff. There is no infrastructure development or construction contemplated in the project. There are no activities planned which will cause those impacts. There are no structural elements of the project. There will be no elevated exposure to water-borne or vector-borne diseases through these activities. There are no activities planned using those materials. This project will mitigate these factors. The project will only work with local staff and local</p>	
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		<p>handling or utilization of genetically modified organisms/living modified organisms.¹⁷ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may utilize genetic resources. (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development)¹⁸ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may involve adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 1: Biodiversity) The activity may be in areas subject to hazards such as earthquakes, floods, landslides, severe winds, storm</p>				<p>community members who already live in and are from the area. The project does not foresee a need for security personnel as the areas where we work are safe, and we have good, long-term relationships. The project is not near a Cultural Heritage Site. The project is agriculture and is planned on a small scale. The project aims to preserve ancestral knowledge and agricultural practices, and will be imparted in the local Mayan language of Kaqchikel. There could be unintended adverse impacts if this isn't done well. The project activities will not alter any landscapes and natural</p>	
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		<p>surges, tsunami or volcanic eruptions. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity outputs and outcomes may be sensitive or vulnerable to potential impacts of climate change or disasters. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, through increased precipitation, drought, temperature, salinity, extreme events, earthquakes. The activity may increase in vulnerability to climate change impacts or disaster risks now or in the future (also known as maladaptive or negative</p>				<p>features with cultural significance as we will not work in that area. Indigenous Maya staff and community members will utilize traditional regenerative agricultural practices through this project, and some of the harvests will be sold. Participants are Maya and have every right to their cultural heritage practices. The project will only use lands which are owned and recognized by the community members. The project will not use land acquisition in any way, it will only use lands which are owned and recognized by the community members. The project will not use land acquisition</p>	
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		<p>coping practices). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially increasing the population's vulnerability to climate change, specifically flooding. The activity may increase the greenhouse gas emissions, black carbon emissions or other drivers of climate change. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 2: Climate Change) The activity may involve construction and/or infrastructure development (e.g. roads,</p>				<p>in any way, it will only use lands which are owned and recognized by the community members. Participants will cultivate land that affirms their ancestral inheritance, or lease from neighbours, within the customary Maya land tenure traditions. All of the communities where the project will take place are Indigenous communities and will take place on Indigenous land. All of the communities where the project will take place are Indigenous communities and will take place on Indigenous land. Land tenure in Guatemala is an extremely tenuous and loaded issue. Traditional Maya land tenure</p>	
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		<p>buildings, dams). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve air pollution, noise, vibration, traffic, injuries, physical hazards, poor surface water quality due to runoff, erosion, sanitation. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may harm or losses due to failure of structural elements of the activities (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring risks of water-</p>				<p>practices of community ownership (but individual family use) are not legally recognized by the state, but are practised at the local level and upheld by Indigenous authorities. Our organization has a deep expertise on involving local Indigenous community members not just in consultation, but on the design of the projects. It is integral to what we do and we mitigate any risk through our project design. All of the communities where the project will take place are Indigenous communities and will take place on Indigenous land. The project will work with these communities so they can</p>	
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		<p>borne or other vector-borne diseases (e.g. temporary breeding habitats), communicable and noncommunicable diseases, nutritional disorders, mental health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may bring adverse impacts on ecosystems and</p>				<p>use their land for agriculture, only where they wish to. Our organization is Indigenous-led and we have close relationships and formal agreements with the Indigenous communities where we work, to work in partnership with them on projects. We never partake in forced eviction or displacement. Always within a community there is not one monolith “priority” and within community there are competing interests and definition of need/development. The Indigenous communities in Guatemala and where we work in Sololá have a vibrant culture, and we work in partnership with them to</p>	
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		<p>ecosystem services relevant to communities' health (e.g. food, surface water purification, natural buffers from flooding). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve influx of activities workers to activities areas. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may involve the engagement of security personnel to protect facilities and property or to support activities activities. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 3: Community H&S) The activity may be adjacent</p>				<p>elevate that culture and support them to develop as per their priorities. Indigenous Maya staff and community members will utilize traditional regenerative agricultural practices through this project, and some of the harvests will be sold. Participants are Maya and have every right to their cultural heritage practices. For every project that we carry out we closely assess the labour laws and ensure that we are meeting them and providing safe and positive working conditions. These activities are voluntary and build the earning capacity of participants. Our organization strictly does not allow</p>	
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		<p>to or within a Cultural Heritage site. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant excavations, demolitions, movement of earth, flooding or other environmental changes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may bring adverse impacts to sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices). Note: activities intended to protect and conserve</p>				<p>child labour in any of our activities, as per our formal policies. Our organization strictly does not allow forced labour in any of our activities, as per our formal policies. Our organization strictly enforces inclusive working practices and equal opportunity in all of our activities, as per our formal policies. We elevate discriminated-against groups, and the majority of our staff are Indigenous. The project work can always carry a risk of unintended adverse effects and hazards. The project will not utilise pollutants in any way. Any agricultural waste will be composted in order to</p>	
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		<p>Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create alterations to landscapes and natural features with cultural significance. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may utilize tangible and/or intangible forms (e.g. practices, traditional knowledge) of Cultural Heritage for commercial or other purposes. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 4: Cultural Heritage)</p> <p>The activity may create</p>				<p>improve soil health. The project will only use locally produced, traditional, natural and organic products (including fertilizer and insecticide) which have been used for centuries in Indigenous communities. The products will not be sold. The project will only use locally produced, traditional, natural and organic products (including fertilizer and insecticide) which have been used for centuries in Indigenous communities. The products are fully legal and widely used. Only organic/manual pest management practices will be used</p> <p>The project is designed to be as low-consumption as possible, using</p>	
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		<p>temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement (including people without legally recognizable claims to land). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may create economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may involve forced evictions.¹⁹ (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity</p>				<p>available resources in a sustainable way. The reforestation element aims to offset any consumption.</p>	
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		<p>may impact on or change to land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 5: Displacement)</p> <p>The activity may be in areas where indigenous peoples are present (including activities area of influence).</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The</p>					
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		<p>activity may impact negative on the human rights, lands, natural resources, territories, and traditional livelihoods of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether indigenous peoples possess the legal titles to such areas, whether the activities is located within or outside of the lands and territories inhabited by the affected peoples, or whether the indigenous peoples are recognized as indigenous peoples by the country in question). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) There may be an absence of culturally appropriate consultations</p>					
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		<p>carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve forced eviction or the whole or partial</p>					
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		<p>physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may bring adverse impacts on the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them.</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve risks to the physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples?</p> <p>(Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 6:</p>					
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		<p>Indigenous Peoples) The activity may impact on the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 6: Indigenous Peoples) The activity may involve working conditions that do not meet national labour laws and international commitments. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level</p> <p>Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve working conditions that may deny freedom of association and collective bargaining. (Social and</p>					
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		Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use child labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may use forced labour. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may involve discriminatory working conditions and/or lack of equal opportunity. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity- level Standard 7: Labour) The activity may bring occupational health and safety risks due to physical, chemical, biological and psychosocial hazards (including violence and				
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		<p>harassment) throughout the activities life-cycle. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 7: Labour) There may be release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) There may be generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous). (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource</p>					
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		<p>Efficiency) The activity may involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous materials and/or chemicals. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) The activity may involve the use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency) For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Montreal Protocol, Minamata Convention, Basel</p>					
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		<p>Convention, Rotterdam Convention, Stockholm Convention. The activity may involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p> <p>The activity may involve significant consumption of raw materials, energy, and/or water. (Social and Environmental Risk, SES Activity-level Standard 8: Pollution and Resource Efficiency)</p>					
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Section 6: Grievances

Was a grievance mechanism established capable and known to stakeholders to accept grievances and complaints related to environmental and social risks and impacts?	Yes
Were grievances received during the reporting period?	No

List all grievances received during the reporting period regarding environmental and social impacts; gender related matters; or any other matter of project/programme activities	For each grievance, provide information on the grievance redress process	Provide the status/outcome
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Comments

Please refer to the excel file, ESP Compliance Tab, for the complete information.

GP Compliance

Section 1: Quality at entry

Was an initial gender assessment conducted during the preparation of the project/programme's first submission as a full proposal? No

Does the results framework include gender-responsive indicators broken down at the different levels (objective, outcome, output)? Yes

List the gender-responsive elements that were incorporated in the project/programme results framework

Gender-responsive element	Level	Indicator	Baseline	Target	Rated result for the reporting period
Ensure new innovations promote and accelerate gender equality and women's empowerment	Objective	#/% of new innovations promoted and accelerated that accounts for the structural barriers and needs of women	0	50%	Satisfactory
Ensure evidence base generated is segregated by gender.	Objective	# of adaptation innovation evidence generated with insights on women	0	50%	Satisfactory

Section 2: Quality during implementation and at exit

List gender equality and women's empowerment issues encountered during implementation of the project/programme. For each gender equality and women's empowerment issue describe the progress that was made as well as the results.

Gender equality and women's empowerment issues	Rated result for the reporting period	Provide justification of the rating provided
Grantees are required to outline in their workplans how their initiatives	Good	

further empower women and elaborate on how their intended innovations result in an increased level of welfare or livelihood for women. Quarterly reporting to ISGAP's Project Management Unit (PMU) is mandatory for grantees, during which they provide updates on their progress, incorporating the impact indicators listed in the above section. This reporting mechanism ensures a continuous assessment of the projects' contributions to women's empowerment and well-being.		
Throughout the grantees' selection process (e.g with the second cohort of grantees), a scoring mechanism was employed to ensure the selection of projects that actively contribute to gender equality and women's empowerment (GENDER MARKER 2) could be funded by UNDP-AFCIA. Grantees' Low Value Grant Agreement (LVGA) have been structured to include progress and impact indicators specifically focused on promoting equality and empowering women. This approach guarantees that projects align with and actively contribute to the overarching goals of gender inclusivity and empowerment within the ISGAP program.	Good	

Section 3: Implementation arrangements

What arrangements have been put in place by the Implementing Entity during the reporting period to comply with the GP	Gender is mainstreamed with the entire project implementation. From the application to selection process, gender is one of the screening criteria, applicants need to highlight how their work further empowers women and how their intended innovations promote results in an increase welfare or livelihood for women.
Have the implementation arrangements at the IE been effective during the reporting period?	Yes
What arrangements have been put in place by each Executing Entity during the reporting period to comply with the GP?	IE is the EE for this project
Have the implementation arrangements at the EE(s) been effective during the reporting period?	Yes
Have any capacity gaps affecting GP compliance been identified during the reporting period and if so, what remediation was implemented?	Yes

Section 4: Grievances

Was a grievance mechanism established capable and known to stakeholders to accept grievances and complaints related to gender equality and women's empowerment?	Yes
Were grievances received during the reporting period?	No

List all grievances received through the grievance mechanism during the reporting period regarding gender-related matters of project/programme activities [6]	For each grievance, provide information on the grievance redress process used	Provide the status/outcome
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Comments

Rating

Implementing Entity				
Project components/outcomes	Alignment with AF outcomes	Expected Progress	Progress to date	Rating
Outcome 1.1: Development of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies encouraged and accelerated	Outcome 8	<p>Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects with innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies At least 50% with women led organisations or organisations largely benefit women customers ----- Achievements (Annual Progress): Successfully funded 44 projects with innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies, through Low Value Grant Agreements (LVGAs). Details: The progress indicator has been achieved through the funding of 44 grantees across 33 countries worldwide. In the first cohort (totaling 22 grantees), 18 successfully concluded the implementation of their projects between October and December 2023. For the remaining 4 grantees (located in Vanuatu, Fiji, Nepal, and Micronesia), a time extension was granted, allowing them to finalize their projects by April 2024. During these extensions, adjustments were made to indicators and workplans to better align with the local context, and additional support was provided by the PMU. 22 new grants have been issued for the 2nd cohort of grantees, currently in the implementation phase spanning from August 2023 to December 2024. These grants are strategically distributed to address diverse challenges in various regions. Notably, the highest percentage, accounting for 39%, has been allocated to grantees in the Africa region. The Asia and the Pacific region received 36% of the grants. LATAM 20% of the grants, Europe and Commonwealth Independent States, as well as the Arab States, each received 2% of the total grants. Within the ISGAP project, the distribution of grants reflects a deliberate strategy aimed at addressing diverse project scopes and financial needs. The majority are Small Grants valued at \$125,000 each, constituting 66% of the total number of grants. This highlights a focus on supporting larger-scale initiatives that may require substantial financial backing. Additionally, Micro Grants, valued at \$60,000 each, contribute 34% of the total grants, showcasing a commitment to supporting a broader array of smaller-scale projects, piloting solutions or start ups. The funded solutions and projects are categorized by sector, providing a breakdown that highlights the distribution of efforts across various focus areas within the project. Nature-based Solutions emerged as a pivotal focus, with the successful implementation of 17 projects, reflecting a strong commitment to sustainable and nature-centric approaches. Addressing Food Security received significant emphasis, with the robust implementation of 13 projects. Additionally, the Disaster Risk Reduction sector witnessed the execution of 7 projects, and 4 projects were dedicated to empowering communities, 2 projects to foster innovative adaptation practices, tools, and</p>	Ontrack	Highly Satisfactory

		technologies. Lastly, the Urban Adaptation sector saw the execution of 1 project, demonstrating a well-rounded approach to addressing climate change challenges across various domains. The project has achieved a substantial reach, positively impacting over 910,000 individuals both directly and indirectly. Notably, the outreach reflects a steadfast commitment to gender inclusivity, with 52% of the beneficiaries being female and 48% male. This demonstrates a concerted effort to ensure that the project's benefits are equitably distributed across genders. More details about the gender mainstreaming and women empowerment efforts carried out by the project, are presented in the tab "GP compliance".		
Outcome 1.2: Evidence of effective, efficient adaptation practices, products and technologies generated as a basis for implementing entities and other funds to assess scaling up	Outcome 8	<p>Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects that demonstrate findings and evidences of effective and efficient adaptation practices, products, and technologies (at least 30% evidence with a gender focus) ----- Achievements (Annual Progress):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Innovative adaptation practices are being implemented by 44 grantees from cohorts 1 and 2, and key findings (such as key achievements and lessons learnt) being documented. • 1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (key achievements and lessons learnt) developed and published. • Capacity, needs assessment and potential impact/scaling areas identified, for the newly onboarded 2nd cohort of grantees. Details: With the rich and diverse information received from the ISGAP grantees (cohorts 1 and 2) through their quarterly and annual reports, the PMU has developed a comprehensive database in Power BI, accompanied by an interactive ISGAP Dashboard as one of the main vehicles to document the key findings of the innovative solutions implemented by the local actors. The dashboard has been officially published on the ISGAP website and is accessible via the following link: https://www.adaptation-undp.org/smallgrantaggregator/dashboard The dashboard allows the general public to find out more information about each grantee using key words, per thematic areas, per country, per region, showing key aggregated indicators and milestones achievement by the project (at a general level and per grantee). It also shows key achievements per grantee, a brief description of each innovative solution, name of the organization, among others. As the ISGAP grantees from 1st cohort have successfully completed implementation of their individual projects, this resulted in significant impact across several areas of adaptation, innovation, and resilience measures. Higher level results and achievements that were documented by the project, are presented below: • Successfully raised a substantial amount exceeding 1 million USD through crowdfunding efforts. • Implemented restoration and regenerative agricultural practices, covering an expansive 1,660 hectares of land. • Documented and cataloged over 50 traditional knowledge-based climate adaptation measures. • Conducted Climate and Biodiversity Surveys, identifying and georeferencing 36 climate risks. • Initiated large-scale afforestation by planting a total of 115,000 trees. • Provided comprehensive training to 500 families, enhancing their capabilities in improved household food security. • Achieved widespread visibility with 700,000 social media views and garnered free publicity for our Acceleration 	Ontrack	Highly Satisf

		<p>programme. • Constructed 2,475 Nubian Vault structures, offering climate-adapted housing solutions. • Introduced innovative agricultural practices, including float-farming and integrated aquaculture, to 11,500 farmers and fishers. • Delivered training to 1,500 individuals in advanced solar micro-irrigation and No-till regenerative farming techniques. • Empowered 1,000 women by involving them in local institutions for various development schemes. • Installed 15 waru warus (water canals), employing an ancient technique to mitigate wildlife vulnerability to water stress and safeguard agricultural crops. • Supported 2,000 households in Aquaponics-based enterprises, contributing to sustainable development. • Enhanced livelihoods and food security for 200 households during drought conditions. • Implemented an adaptation strategy covering 4,180 hectares of coral reefs. • Established 22 Caterpillar tree nurseries to address climate and deforestation challenges. • Successfully prevented a substantial total of 52,500 tons of CO2 emissions. ISGAP's first cohort grantees, active from April 2022 to October/December 2023, have carved a path of success in combating climate change. Their projects showcase a vibrant tapestry of adaptation strategies, blending the wisdom of local and indigenous practices with cutting-edge technologies and products. UNDP would like to say that most of the projects from cohort 1 have reached great outcomes and impact. Also, when we did the internal call for proposals for cohort 1 (to receive a second round of funding), ISGAP's PMU was impressed by the improved quality and maturity of the proposals received – clearly showing how their participation in the programme has helped them strengthen their skills. We have selected five good cases (from cohort 1), which demonstrated a strong scaling-up or replication potential, highlighting the key aspects that made them successful: Grantee 113. HEAL: Horticultural Entrepreneurship in Adaptive Livelihood for Post-Pandemic Economic Resilience The innovative solution implemented by South Asian Forum for Environment -SAFE in India has achieved several key outcomes like setting up 320 units of floating farms associated with 28 hectares of integrated aquafarming, which has accomplished sustainable agribusiness for 5700 marginal households after assuring them food and nutritional security. 4450 farmers and fishers have been trained in the new adaptive technology relating to hydroponic float-farming, aquaculture of fish and crab, apiculture and usages of solar micro-irrigation and circular agro-waste management. The successful transfer and scaling up of the technology have extended to diverse regions within the eastern Indian floodplains, encompassing varied agro-ecologies. Collaborative efforts have led to its adoption in Bangladesh. Furthermore, the technology has found application with the Cambodian grantee dedicated to the cricket and chaya integrated farming. Grantee 122. Adaptation of agricultural systems to droughts and frosts with the combination of an ancestral and an innovative technique, in communities of the state of Oaxaca, Mexico. The innovative solution implemented by Espacio de Encuentro de las Culturas Originarias A.C. in Mexico has successfully</p>		
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		<p>improved the lives of 375 individuals. Despite frost challenges, the initiative achieved an impressive 85% crop survival rate by focusing on enhancing soil quality for vegetables with higher nutrient content. The strategic implementation of measures such as staggered planting has allowed families to meet 80% of their self-consumption needs with only a fraction of the harvest, enabling them to sell the surplus and augment their income. The innovative solution implemented by the grantee received the prestigious "Local Adaptation Champions Award at COP28."</p> <p>Grantee 112. Nubian Vaults in the Sahel (West Africa): Market Growth and New Funding Mechanisms. The innovative solution implemented by Association la Voûte Nubienne – AVN in West Africa covering six countries (Burkina Faso, Mali, Senegal, Mauritania, Ghana and Benin) known as the Nubian Vault, this technique involves constructing houses entirely from mud bricks, a material with no carbon impact that is readily available locally. The grantee achieved significant progress by introducing the Climate Solidarity Co2ntribution, (https://co2ntributionclimatsolidaire.lavoutenubienne.org/home) exploring carbon credit sales without international certification initially. After a thorough market study and engagement with various entities, a collaboration with EcoAct resulted in a feasibility study and certification roadmap. Investing in carbon certification showed potential benefits, covering 30% to over 100% of financial incentives for Nubian Vault market expansion. The eco-friendly construction impacted 13,000 households, avoiding 52,000 tons of CO2 emissions. Securing approval from the French Global Environment Facility (FFEM) for carbon certification funding, totaling EUR 1,702,000, underscores the grantee's success.</p> <p>Project 260: Empowering Women in Dairy Goat Farming and Traditional Recipes in Kenya The innovative solution implemented by WORLD NEIGHBORS' in Kenya has significantly empowered rural women, with a notable 70% increase in their active participation, particularly in dairy goat farming. The Kenya Climate Smart Agriculture Project (KCSAP) has acknowledged the grantee success by establishing a dedicated poultry unit, introducing 250 improved chicken chicks, expected to directly impact 50 households. This strategic move not only benefits the local community but also serves as a catalyst for promoting poultry farming across the region. The project targets over 200 households to be food and livelihood secure during droughts, as well as a 60% increase in demand for the product and the meeting of this demand through the creation of local social enterprises The scaling strategy aims to expand the solution to encompass 1,000 households, doubling the current number, integrating more goats, providing free technical training for 200 individuals, and extending operations to the entire Nyakach sub-county.</p> <p>Grantee 66. Income and Forest Protection in Southern Brazil Centro Ecológico's innovative solution in Brazil has demonstrated remarkable achievements, emphasizing its substantial impact. These accomplishments include 160 families engaging in the cultivation and extraction of açai berries, covering an area of 150 hectares under certified agroforestry systems. The carbon sequestration in these systems</p>	
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		<p>has been measured at approximately 4,000 tons of CO₂equ. Moreover, the solution has positively influenced additional 91 families from indigenous and traditional populations, enhancing their food security and nutrition. Açaí processing has reached a volume of 45 tons, with 3,500 kg of Açaí commercialized in the institutional market. Notably, the initiative has empowered women, with a significant 30% improvement in their empowerment. The grantee's scaling strategy is centered on catalyzing a new wave of farmers and communities to embrace açaí production. Particularly crucial is the initiative's role in fortifying its foundation within the Mbya Guarani groups along the northern coast of Rio Grande do Sul. Additionally, the plan is designed to extend its influence to foster broader engagement, encompassing other indigenous communities within the expansive domain of the Atlantic Forest.</p>		
<p>Outcome 2: Grantees' innovation and business development capacity enhanced</p>	<p>Outcome 8</p>	<p>All grantees complete grant disbursement against performance target within 24 months after grant agreement signed At least half of the grantees received additional support/funding to scale up and/or replication ---- Achievements (Annual Progress): •All 44 grantees have received support from UNDP with regards to: Financial reporting, Indicator and milestone reporting (M&E), Innovation concepts, Business development, Individual support to scaling-up their tools/practices/business models, Leadership Academy, Safeguards and risk management. Cohort 1 has received refreshers, while cohort 2 received trainings and individual support with improved contempt /approaches. •18 grantees (82%) achieved their 18-month milestone performance targets. 15 grantees with high scaling-up or replication potential, were selected trough an competitive process and will receive in early 2024 a second round of ISGAP funding for scaling their innovative solutions. •At least 7 grantees from cohort 1, reported to have obtained additional funding from other sources/donors, thanks to their participation in the ISGAP programme. •3 Roundtables with cohort 1 grantees and investors, in LAC, Africa and Asia-Pacific delivered. 1 Impact-Live event hosted at the 2023 AVPN's Investors Conference in Malaysia in June 2023. •At least 5 thought leadership workshops, lectures and events hosted or facilitated by ISGAP (UNDP) with key partners like GRP and MBA Schools. Details: Under this outcome, the ISGAP project has provided three types of technical assistance to the grantees. This includes: 1) capacity building and technical support for grant implementation; 2) tailored support to scale the innovative solutions, and 3) and network and advocacy assistance. Thanks to the dedicated ISGAP support in these three areas of technical assistance, at least 7 grantees from cohort 1 have reported to have obtained additional funding from other sources/donors, as described below: 1.SOUTH ASIAN FORUM FOR ENVIRONMENT (India): Received US\$ 85,000.00 from the GEF Assemble Challenge Fund to replicate and scale its solutions. 2.ASSOCIATION LA VOUTE NUBIENNE (West Africa): Received EUR 1,702,000 from the French Global Environment Facility (FFEM) for carbon certification funding. This success is based on the conclusions of the EcoAct carbon certification opportunity study funded under the AFCIA project.</p>	<p>Ontrack</p>	<p>Satisf</p>

		<p>3.CLEANTECH HUB (Colombia): Secured additional funding for the scaling of their business model with the US Department of State and are building their Clean Tech Hub network in Latin America together with PVBLIC Foundation. For 2024/2025 they were able to secure additional USD 80,000. The organization has submitted over 10 relevant tender procedures with a total value exceeding USD 1 million, primarily from international donors and consortia.. 4.WORLD NEIGHBORS (Kenya): Received USD 100,000 from the Schmidt Family Foundation to convene an International Farmer Innovation Fair and Conference, emphasizing the importance of locally led adaptations through farmer innovations. The initiative recognizes farmers as co-creators of solutions and celebrates their invaluable contributions to keeping the world healthy and well-fed. 5.MESOAMERICAN REEF FUND INC (Guatemala): Received US\$ 1,154,659 from the Insu Resilience Solutions Fund (ISF) to cover five components of the MAR Insurance Programme in the four countries of the MAR region (Mexico, Belize, Guatemala, Honduras); 2) ORRA CANADA: \$US61,363. From sept-2020 to sept-2021 to cover insurance modelling for four preliminary sites (2 in Mexico and 2 in Belize); ORRAA-UK: US\$ 40,000. From March-May, 2022, to cover brigades training in Belize; and ICRI/UN Small Grant: \$US 60,000. From 2018-2019, in support of hurricane damage study, response cost analysis, reef insurance instrument feasibility studies, and reef restoration guides. 6.SAMPLE UGANDA AQUACULTURE ASSOCIATION (Uganda): Received US\$ 12,000 from the Roddenberry Foundation to support its locally led initiative aimed at improving food access and resilience among communities. 7.ESPACIO DE ENCUESTRO DE LAS CULTURAS (Mexico): This grantee received the prestigious "Local Adaptation Champions Award at COP28" with a prize of €15,000 for their locally led innovative climate change solutions. Capacity Building and Trainings As part of the onboarding process to the ISGAP project, all 44 grantees received capacity building from UNDP with regards to: Financial Reporting, Indicator and Milestone reporting (M&E), Leadership Skills, Communications and Branding, on Safeguards and Risk management, so they could smoothly implement their grants. Cohort 1 has received refreshers, while cohort 2 received trainings and individual support with improved contempt /approaches via webinars and in person in the 2023 Global AFCIA Workshop held in October 2023 in Manila. Technical Assistance to Scale the Innovative Solutions ISGAP's technical assistance went beyond simply guiding projects towards immediate milestones. With a future-focused lens, it aimed to equip the grantees for sustainable success and scalability of their innovative solutions for community resilience, even after the project's duration. This assistance seamlessly integrated internal and external facets: Internally: Through direct/individual support provided directly by ISGAP's PMU and associated partners of the project.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Direct, one-on-one support: The ISGAP team provided tailored guidance to address each grantee's specific needs for scaling up their solutions. •Student engagement: Collaboration with 	
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		<p>business schools which brought fresh perspectives and valuable support to the grantees. Externally: Thought thought-leadership events and knowledge sharing platforms fostered cross-learning and industry visibility. •Funding-focused outreach: Collaborations with AVPN opened doors to potential investors and future partnerships. •By strategically blending these elements, ISGAP's technical assistance empowered projects to thrive not just within the programme, but far beyond. In 2023, UNDP and the Global Resilience Partnership (GRP), ISGAP's knowledge partner, facilitated the matching of 20 fellowships between MBA and MSc students from Yale and Oxford, and our ISGAP grantees. The students needed to do these fellowships as part of their academic programmes and to obtain credits, and the ISGAP grantees required specialized technical assistance, creating a unique opportunity for collaboration. This strong foundation lays the groundwork for expanding collaboration with more leading business schools in 2024. All 1st cohort ISGAP grantees were offered this engagement opportunity. To ensure optimal matches, projects were grouped according to focus areas (scaling, NGO lens, carbon sequestration). Based on their interests, skillsets, and experience, graduate students were paired with projects for either, Micro-focused approach: Students directly supported specific ISGAP grantees, delivering targeted strategies like fundraising plans, business models, or scaling roadmaps or through Macro lens: Students tackled broader ISGAP programme-level challenges such as developing a project impact dashboard or exploring blended finance options. Work with AVPN is concentrated in the following three main areas: 1.Three Regional Roundtables to connect and raise awareness of social investors and philanthropists with the climate adaptation solutions championed by the ISGAP grantees. •Asia-Pacific (8th December, 2022). This roundtable was reported in the 2022 EU Annual report. •Latin America (February, 2023) •Africa (April, 2023) 2.On board ISGAP grantees into the Deal Share Platform (DSP). The DSP is a platform that increases visibility of the impact organizations (local grantees) to AVPN's 600 members of social investors, family offices, and corporate foundations. This platform bridges the demand and supply of capital towards impact at-scale, in other words social investors can identify and connect to local grantees which are relevant to their social investments' interests. 3.Investor Conferences and Networking Events. Selected ISGAP grantees joined the AVPN Global Investor Conference 2023 and had the opportunity to meet and network with potential social investors, to showcase their climate adaptation solutions and pitch in front of the target audience of social investors. Thought leadership and knowledge sharing events Much of the work ISGAP does is highly progressive in its application and approach. In order to share the knowledge acquired through our work, as well as showcase the excellent, scalable and replicable successes our grantees are achieving, the project has put significant work and time into a series of high-level thought leadership events and workshops during 2023. These events have targeted the private sector, although not exclusively, and have made use of our</p>	
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		growing relationships with our business school partners. Audiences and speakers for these events were highly curated with attendees sought from a variety of faculty and university centres as well as important private sector funders and partners including Blue Orchard, BlackRock, BNP Paribas, Fidelity, ALTi Tiederman, AVPN and PepsiCo. Topics covered how to better assess, and support locally led adaptation projects, how metrics and impacts can be more private sector orientated, and how philanthropy can be used to better unlock blended finance. In all these events, ISGAP projects, approaches and Theory of Change featured prominently. Discussions combined aspects of research, project implementation and financing and highlighted the intersection between these spheres.		
Outcome 3: Lessons learned are codified, documented, and disseminated/shared leading to adoption or replication of project ideas by others	Outcome 8	Four annual web-based publication/blog and lessons learned, and at least four technical brief/blog on specific topics (with one lessons learned brief on innovative ways of address gender inequality in adaptation to climate change) ----- Achievements (Annual Progress): 1 ISGAP Workshop with cohorts 1 and 2 grantees and key partners, carried out in Manila (Philippines) in October 2023- for capacity building, peer to per learning and knowledge exchange. Hosted 6 different ISGAP sessions in key international conferences and events: •Gobeshona 2023 (3 grantees showcased), •Adaptation Futures 2023 (2 grantees showcased), •South Asian Resilience Forum (webinar – 3 grantees showcased), •Climate Action Stage (4 grantees showcased), and •Resilience Hub at COP28 (Business Schools for Resilience announcement). •8th Regional NAP Expo For Asia and the Pacific (APAN) – 1 grantee led session. ISGAP shared experiences and lessons learnt (as speakers) in the Evidence Forum 2023, and The 17th International Conference on Community-Based Adaptation to Climate Change (CBA17). 8 ISGAP grantee articles (in technical blog format) co-developed by UNDP and ICCCAD to publish in the Climate Tribune Magazine (ICCCAD) and cross-publish in different online platforms. 12 ISGAP grantee articles (in storytelling format) co-developed by UNDP and CDKN to cross-publish in different online platforms. 1 ISGAP grantee (SPARC) and GRP wrote a thought leadership blog piece about Locally Led Adaptation - in the India Development Review. 1 blog piece about the reflections from CDKN on Grantmaking for Locally Led Adaptation, a session in which 1 ISGAP grantee (Prolinnova Kenya), meaningfully engaged at the Africa Climate Week in September 2023. 1 Session on Leveraging Climate Finances in Sustainable Intensification of Adaptive Farming Practices in Coastal Production Landscapes for Climate-Resilient Communities in the 8th Regional NAP Expo For Asia and the Pacific (APAN). Under “Resilience of Communities” theme. 1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (key achievements and lessons learnt) developed and published. 1 ISGAP Communications and Visibility Strategy. 1 ISGAP training on how to improve Communications and Visibility specifically designed for the ISGAP grantees. 4 ISGAP articles and 1 Photogallery showcasing results, success stories, and positive messages, with a focus on community-driven adaptation and innovative solutions. 22 cohort 1 grantees 2-	Ontrack	Highly Satisf

		<p>paggers finalized for the ISGAP Catalogue. Complete Catalogue publication expected in late 2024, once the cohort 2 grantees 2-pagers are finalized. Development of 4 ISGAP videos, improvements to the ISGAP's website (adding stories, cards and events content), and production of promotional material – providing visibility to the donors in alignment with the Communications and Visibility plan. Details: Links to access most relevant 2023 ISGAP Conferences, Events and Communication products can be found in the tab "Overview".</p>	
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Please provide the Name and Contact information of the person(s) responsible for completing the Rating section

Name	Email
Chongguang (Charles) Yu	chongguang.yu@undp.org

Please justify your rating. Outline the positive and negative progress made by the project since it started. Provide specific recommendations for next steps.

1. Indicate trends, both positive and negative, in achievement of outcomes as per the project indicators. For the current reporting period project managed to achieve its target results and has developed strong partnerships, which had a positive impact on project implementation. This has been done through an increasing collaboration between the ISGAP project and its knowledge partners, the Resilience Knowledge Coalition (composed by three organizations GRP, ICCCAD, and CDKN), AVPN (aimed at fostering stronger bridges between potential funders and the ISGAP cohorts) and five leading global business schools, namely Yale University School of Management, University of Cape Town Graduate School of Business, IMD in Switzerland, Oxford University Said Business School and The Anderson School of Business, based at UCLA. The alliance of business schools for resilience have committed to facilitate MBA and Ms Students to provide direct support the local grantees. From 2023, all 10+ grantees have received support from Yale, Oxford and UCLA. It is expected 20+ grantees in 2024 will receive the support from this business school alliance. Throughout the year, the project has utilized a revised and updated reporting template, which has facilitated the team in capturing impact and placing a greater emphasis on results and outcomes. This initiative has enabled the project to effectively capture disaggregated data on key indicators related to beneficiaries, thus aiding in the development of knowledge management (KM) and communication products. At the level of grantees, the predominant challenges revolve around securing capital for scaling, operational capacity limitations, and implementation hurdles, often stemming from security and weather conditions. Despite these obstacles, grantees have demonstrated adaptability by implementing mitigation measures and keeping projects largely on track. A notable 82% of grantees from the 1st cohort have successfully completed implementation of their grants. Nevertheless, a minority of grantees have encountered difficulties in meeting project deadlines or achieving the required quality and completion standards due to capacity and technical issues. Consequently, the project team employed various approaches to support these grantees, including close follow-up, training refreshers on reporting, and providing assistance wherever possible to help them complete the remaining activities of their projects.

2. Detail critical risks that have affected progress. Overall, the project's performance for the current reporting period is satisfactory. Thus far, no critical risks have been encountered. However, as previously mentioned, there has been a delay in implementation attributed to the delayed PMU's setup and the adjusted governance and implementation mechanisms required when the EU contribution was confirmed. Despite these challenges, the project team has put significant efforts to mitigate delays and adjust the workplan accordingly to ensure continued implementation at an optimal pace throughout 2022 and 2023.

3. Outline response to MTR undertaken this reporting period. The ISGAP Midterm Review (MTR) took place between March 2023 and June 2023, facilitated by an independent international consultant selected through a competitive process. The primary objective of the MTR was to evaluate progress toward achieving the program objectives and outcomes outlined in the Programme document and Results Framework. It aimed to identify early indications of success or challenges, paving the way for necessary adjustments to ensure the program stays on course to meet its intended results. The MTR also delved into a comprehensive review of the program's

strategy and assessed risks to sustainability. The MTR covered four main areas: •Programme Strategy: Focusing on program design and the Results Framework. •Progress Towards Results: Evaluating the advancement made. •Programme Implementation and Adaptive Management: Addressing management arrangements, work planning, financial aspects, co-finance, M&E systems, stakeholder engagement, risk management, safeguards, reporting, and communication & knowledge management. •Sustainability: Validating risks identified in the ProDoc and progress reports, assessing financial, socio-economic, institutional, governance, and environmental risks to sustainability. The MTR process was developed in a consultative and participatory way, a full list of all the stakeholders interviewed and consulted, can be found in the annexes of the MTR Report. In the MTR report the performance was overall rated as Satisfactory. In terms of recommendations, please refer to the Recommendations section of the MTR. 4. Outline action plan to address projects with a rating of HU, U or MU. Please keep your input to 1200 words N/A. Overall project performance is Satisfactory. Project actions/activities planned for current reporting period are progressing on track to achieve most of its major outcomes/outputs with only minor shortcomings. For major details please refer above rating section.

Executing Entity / Project Coordinator

Project components/outcomes	Alignment with AF outcomes	Expected Progress	Progress to date	Rating
Outcome 1.1: Development of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies encouraged and accelerated	Outcome 8	Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects with innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies (at least 50% with women led organisations or organisations largely benefit women customers) ---- Successfully funded 44 innovative grantees, in 33 countries worldwide. From cohort 1 (total of 22), 18 grantees finalized implementation of their projects in October/December 2023. 22 new grants were issued for the 2nd cohort of grantees, currently in implementation phase (August 2023-December 2024). 52% beneficiaries are women according to ISGAP's Dashboard	Ontrack	Highly Satisfactory
Outcome 1.2: Evidence of effective, efficient adaptation practices, products and technologies generated as a basis for implementing entities and other funds to assess scaling up	Outcome 8	Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects that demonstrate findings and evidences of effective and efficient adaptation practices, products, and technologies (at least 50% with women led organisations or organisations largely benefit women customers) ----- Innovative adaptation practices are being implemented by 44 grantees from cohorts 1 and 2, and key findings (such as key achievements and lessons learnt) being documented. 1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (key achievements and lessons learnt), developed and published in ISGAP's website. Capacity, needs assessment and potential impact/scaling areas identified, for the newly onboarded 2nd cohort of grantees. 44 LVGAs have included gender-related progress indicators and disaggregated data on women participation has been collected.	Ontrack	Highly Satisfactory
Outcome 2: Grantees'	Outcome 8	All grantees complete grant disbursement	Ontrack	Satisfactory

innovation and business development capacity enhanced		<p>against performance target within 24 months after grant agreement signed At least half of the grantees received additional support/funding to scale up and/or replication -</p> <p>--- All 44 grantees have received support from UNDP with regards to: Financial reporting, Indicator and milestone reporting (M&E), Innovation concepts, Business development, Individual support to scaling-up their tools/practices/business models, Leadership Academy, Safeguards and risk management. Cohort 1 has received refreshers, while cohort 2 received training and individual support with improved contempt /approaches. 18 grantees (82%) achieved their 18 -month milestone performance targets. 15 grantees with high scaling-up or replication potential were selected trough an competitive process and will receive in early 2024 a second round of ISGAP funding for scaling their innovative solutions. At least 8 grantees from cohort 1, reported to have obtained additional funding from other sources/donors, thanks to their participation in the ISGAP programme. 3 Roundtables with cohort 1 grantees and investors, in LAC, Africa and Asia-Pacific delivered. 1 Impact-Live event hosted at the 2023 AVPN's Investors Conference in Malaysia in June 2023. At least 5 thought leadership workshops, lectures and events hosted or facilitated by ISGAP (UNDP) with key partners like GRP and MBA Schools from GNAM.</p>		
Outcome 3: Lessons learned are codified, documented, and disseminated/shared leading to adoption or replication of project ideas by others	Outcome 8	<p>Four annual web-based publication/blog and lessons learned, and at least four technical brief/blog on specific topics (with one lessons learned brief on innovative ways of address gender inequality in adaptation to climate change) ----- 1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (key achievements and lessons learnt) developed and published. 1 ISGAP Communications and Visibility Strategy. 1 ISGAP training on how to improve Communications and Visibility specifically designed for the ISGAP grantees. 4 ISGAP articles and 1 Photogallery showcasing results, success stories, and positive messages, with a focus on community-driven adaptation and innovative solutions. 22 cohort 1 grantees 2-pagers finalized for the ISGAP Catalogue. Complete Catalogue publication expected in late 2024, once the cohort 2 grantees 2-pagers are finalized. Development of 4 ISGAP videos, improvements to the ISGAP's website (adding stories, cards and events contempt),</p>	Ontrack	Highly Satisfactory

		and production of promotional material – providing visibility to the donors in alignment with the Communications and Visibility plan.		
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Please provide the Name and Contact information of the person(s) responsible for completing the Rating section

Name	Email	Institution
Monica Borrero	monica.borrero@undp.org	UNDP

Please justify your rating. Outline the positive and negative progress made by the project since it started. Provide specific recommendations for next steps.

For the current reporting period, the project has been successful in achieving its targets in terms of delivery. The 22 grantees from 2nd cohort were selected through well-defined criteria and all these grantees' projects are in the first year of their implementation. During this reporting period, the project team worked closely with the 1st cohort of grantees to ensure successful implementation of their LVGAs. Notably, at least 8 grantees from cohort 1 reported securing additional funding from other sources/donors, crediting their participation in the ISGAP program. Of the cohort 1 grantees, 18 (82%) successfully achieved their 18-month milestone performance targets. Recognizing high potential for scaling up or replication, 15 grantees from cohort 1 underwent a competitive selection process and are set to receive a second round of ISGAP funding in early 2024, to further scale their innovative solutions. During 2023, the project team made significant efforts to catch up with project delivery. The Mid- term review was carried out during the 2nd quarter of 2023. The objective of the MTR was to assess overall progress towards the achievement of the project objectives and outcomes as specified in the grant agreements with the donors (AF and EU). Overall findings and rating of MTR review marked as "Satisfactory". During the year the PMU has revised and updated the LVGAs' reporting formats and trainings, to improve and capture more disaggregated data on beneficiaries, women empowerment measures, safeguards, the efficiency and lessons learnt of the innovation practices per se. This exercise was based on some lessons learnt identified in 2022 to bring efficiency to data collection and aggregated reporting at the ISGAP project's (general) level. Simultaneously, an online, web-based dashboard has been developed to disseminate key achievements, successes, and higher-level project results. This dashboard incorporates disaggregated data, providing a more comprehensive and accessible overview of the project's impact and outcomes. The collection of all these valuable information, allowed the PMU to develop knowledge management and communications products and to host or co-host various knowledge exchange and showcasing event, giving visibility to the grantees and the UNDP-AFCIA programme as a whole. However overall project implementation is approximately one year behind, partly due to the new governance structure and implementation mechanisms set up when the EU funding was confirmed at the start of project. Also COVID-2019 largely impacted the recruitment of the ISGAP PMU during 2021 and 2022. To manage and mitigate the initial delay of implementation of the ISGAP project, ISGAP's PMU will officially request during the initial months of 2024, a 12 month extension of the project's implementation timeline to the two donors (AF and EU).

Other

Project components/outcomes	Alignment with AF outcomes	Expected Progress	Progress to date	Rating
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Please provide the Name and Contact information of the person(s) responsible for completing the Rating section

Name	Email
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Please justify your rating. Outline the positive and negative progress made by the project since it started. Provide specific recommendations for next steps.

Overall Rating

Overall rating

Satisfactory

Please justify your rating. Outline the positive and negative progress made by the project since it started. Provide specific recommendations for next steps.

Throughout the year, the project has utilized a revised and updated reporting template, which has facilitated the team in capturing impact and placing a greater emphasis on results and outcomes. This initiative has enabled the project to effectively capture disaggregated data on key indicators related to beneficiaries, thus aiding in the development of knowledge management (KM) and communication products. At the level of grantees, the predominant challenges revolve around securing capital for scaling, operational capacity limitations, and implementation hurdles, often stemming from security and weather conditions. Despite these obstacles, grantees have demonstrated adaptability by implementing mitigation measures and keeping projects largely on track. A notable 82% of grantees from the 1st cohort have successfully completed implementation of their grants. Nevertheless, a minority of grantees have encountered difficulties in meeting project deadlines or achieving the required quality and completion standards due to capacity and technical issues. Consequently, the project team employed various approaches to support these grantees, including close follow-up, training refreshers on reporting, and providing assistance wherever possible to help them complete the remaining activities of their projects.

2. Detail critical risks that have affected progress. Overall, the project's performance for the current reporting period is satisfactory. Thus far, no critical risks have been encountered. However, as previously mentioned, there has been a delay in implementation attributed to the delayed PMU's setup and the adjusted governance and implementation mechanisms required when the EU contribution was confirmed. Despite these challenges, the project team has put significant efforts to mitigate delays and adjust the workplan accordingly to ensure continued implementation at an optimal pace throughout 2022 and 2023.

3. Outline response to MTR undertaken this reporting period. The ISGAP Midterm Review (MTR) took place between March 2023 and June 2023, facilitated by an independent international consultant selected through a competitive process. The primary objective of the MTR was to evaluate progress toward achieving the program objectives and outcomes outlined in the Programme document and Results Framework. It aimed to identify early indications of success or challenges, paving the way for necessary adjustments to ensure the program stays on course to meet its intended results. The MTR also delved into a comprehensive review of the program's strategy and assessed risks to sustainability. The MTR covered four main areas:

- Programme Strategy: Focusing on program design and the Results Framework.
- Progress Towards Results: Evaluating the advancement made.
- Programme Implementation and Adaptive Management: Addressing management arrangements, work planning, financial aspects, co-finance, M&E systems, stakeholder engagement, risk management, safeguards, reporting, and communication & knowledge management.
- Sustainability: Validating risks identified in the ProDoc and progress reports, assessing financial, socio-economic, institutional, governance, and environmental risks to sustainability.

The MTR process was developed in a consultative and participatory way, a full list of all the stakeholders interviewed and consulted, can be found in the annexes of the MTR Report. In the MTR report the performance was overall rated as Satisfactory. In terms of recommendations, please refer to the Recommendations section of the MTR.

4. Outline action plan to address projects with a rating of HU, U or MU. Please keep your input to 1200 words N/A. Overall project performance is Satisfactory. Project actions/activities planned for current reporting period are progressing on track to achieve most of its major outcomes/outputs with only minor shortcomings. For major details please refer above rating section.

Project Indicators

List of indicators

Type of Indicator (indicators towards Objectives, Outcomes, etc...)	Indicator	Baseline	Progress Since Inception	Target for Project End
Outcomes	Number of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies funded	0	Successfully funded 44 grantees, in 33 countries worldwide, through Low Value Grant Agreements (LVGAs): From cohort 1 (total of 22), 18 grantees finalized implementation of their projects in October/December 2023. With 4 grantees (Vanuatu, Fiji, Nepal and Micronesia) a time extension was signed to finalize the implementation of their projects by April 2024. In some of these amendments adjusted indicators and workplan were agreed, to align better with their local reality, and extra support has been provided by the PMU. 22 new grants were issued for the 2nd cohort of grantees, currently in implementation phase (August 2023-December 2024).	Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects with innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies
Outcomes	Quantity and quality of key findings on effective, efficient adaptation practices, products and technologies generated	0	Innovative adaptation practices are being implemented by 44 grantees from cohorts 1 and 2, and key findings (such as key achievements and lessons learnt) being documented. 1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings	Minimum of 5 out of 10 funded projects that demonstrate findings and evidences of effective and efficient adaptation practices, products, and technologies

			(key achievements and lessons learnt) developed and published. Capacity, needs assessment and potential impact/scaling areas identified, for the newly onboarded 2nd cohort of grantees.	
Outcomes	Number of grantees that successfully complete innovation and business development milestones and grant disbursement according to agreed grantees' performance target	Grantees with limited technical, innovation, and business development capacity	18 grantees (82%) achieved their 18-month milestone performance targets. 15 grantees with high scaling-up or replication potential, were selected through a competitive process and will receive in early 2024 a second round of ISGAP funding for scaling their innovative solutions.	All grantees complete grant disbursement against performance target within 24 months after grant agreement signed
Outcomes	Number of grantees that receive additional support/funding to scale up and/or replication	0	All 44 grantees have received support from UNDP with regards to: Financial reporting, Indicator and milestone reporting (M&E), Innovation concepts, Business development, Individual support to scaling-up their tools/practices/business models, Leadership Academy, Safeguards and risk management. Cohort 1 has received refreshers, while cohort 2 received trainings and individual support with improved content/approaches. At least 7 grantees from cohort 1, reported to have obtained additional funding	At least half of the grantees received additional support/funding to scale up and/or replication

			<p>from other sources/donors, thanks to their participation in the ISGAP programme. 3 Roundtables with cohort 1 grantees and investors, in LAC, Africa and Asia-Pacific delivered. 1 Impact-Live event hosted at the 2023 AVPN&#180;s Investors Conference in Malaysia in June 2023, seeking to expose grantees to potential investors. At least 5 thought leadership workshops, lectures and events hosted or facilitated by ISGAP (UNDP) with key partners like GRP and MBA Schools, have been held, with the objective of "moving the millions" from potential funders and exploring possible future blended finance approaches that could benefit the UNDP-AFCIA grantees for scaling purposes.</p>	
Outcomes	Citation and/or adoption of shared lessons learned and codified knowledge	0	<p>1 ISGAP Dashboard with key findings (key achievements and lessons learnt) developed and published. 1 ISGAP Communications and Visibility Strategy. 1 ISGAP training on how to improve Communications and Visibility specifically designed for the ISGAP</p>	<p>Four annual web-based publication/blog and lessons learned, and at least four technical brief/blog on specific topics (with one lessons learned brief on innovative ways of address gender inequality in adaptation to climate change)</p>

			<p>grantees. 4 ISGAP articles and 1 Photogallery showcasing results, success stories, and positive messages, with a focus on community-driven adaptation and innovative solutions. 22 cohort 1 grantees 2-pagers finalized for the ISGAP Catalogue. Complete Catalogue publication expected in late 2024, once the cohort 2 grantees 2-pagers are finalized.</p> <p>Development of 4 ISGAP videos, improvements to the ISGAP's website (adding stories, cards and events content), and production of promotional material – providing visibility to the donors in alignment with the Communications and Visibility plan.</p>	
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Comments

Lessons Learned

Implementation and Adaptive Management		
Describe any changes undertaken to improve results on the ground or any changes made to project outputs (i.e. changes to project design)	Opportunities	<p>There have been no alterations made to the project design. However, the infusion of additional funding from the EU has certainly elevated the project's ambition and prompted adjustments in the project's governance structure and some implementation mechanisms. In terms of outputs, there have been enhancements in the targets for the number of innovative adaptation practices, tools, and technologies funded. Initially set at 10-</p>

		15, this target has now been expanded to 44, reflecting the project's increased scope and impact potential.
Have the environmental and social safeguard measures that were taken been effective in avoiding unwanted negative impacts?	Challenges & Opportunities	<p>ISGAP has made significant efforts to implement its Environmental, Social and Governance Management (ESGMG) Guidelines . These guidelines aim to mitigate risks identified in individual proposals and ensure positive social and environmental outcomes. The objectives of these ESGMG guidelines include strengthening the project's social and environmental outcomes, avoiding adverse impacts, minimizing and managing impacts where avoidance is not possible, and enhancing the capacities of grantees and partners to manage social, environmental and governance risks. Additionally, stakeholder engagement is emphasized, including through a mechanism to address complaints from project-affected individuals (Grievance Redress Mechanism-GRM). The establishment of a ISGAP-GRM (accessible here: https://www.adaptation-undp.org/smallgrantaggregator/grievance-redress-mechanism) further demonstrates a commitment to addressing concerns and providing recourse for stakeholders who may be affected by the project's activities. Special considerations on safeguards at the project level, and specific safeguard screening criteria for the selection of the 22 grantees (from cohort 2) were utilized, incorporating lessons learnt that were obtained by applying ISGAP's ESGM Guidelines with cohort 1. Before the signature of the 22 LVGAs from cohort 2, there was an exhaustive revision and clearance of the project-related risks and ESG Safeguard risks by ISGAP's Safeguards and Gender specialist (no project presented high or substantial ESG risks). Regarding ESG safeguards management at the grantee level, an initial exercise was conducted where grantees from cohort 2 provided their views and inputs on the identification and analysis of potential risks and any information gaps. This resulted in the inclusion of a simplified risk and safeguards matrix in their LVGAs, against which grantees report quarterly. This safeguards matrix is permanently assessed and updated by the</p>

		grantees, who receive ongoing support from ISGAP's Safeguards and Gender specialist, to clarify doubts and help them resolve how to manage specific risks.
How have gender considerations been taken into consideration during the reporting period? What have been the lessons learned as a consequence of inclusion of such considerations on project performance or impacts? List lessons learned specific to gender, detailing measures and project/programme-specific indicators highlighting the role of women as key actors in climate change adaptation.	Opportunities	Gender mainstreaming is integral to the entire project implementation process. Beginning with the application phase, gender was a key screening criterion, requiring applicants to demonstrate how their work empowers women and how their proposed innovations contribute to improving women's welfare or livelihoods. This criterion applied to both the initial application and the detailed project proposal stages. Notably, all project applicants emphasized their commitment to supporting and empowering women. Wherever the ISGAP PMU saw that the grantee's projects required strengthening from the gender-empowerment perspective, support was provided to help them formulate gender-related objectives and indicators in their LVGAs. The project has initiated the collection of gender-disaggregated data, with a specific focus on women's empowerment and livelihood enhancement. In the revised version of the narrative report, a separate section is dedicated to gender mainstreaming. This section encompasses Gender Social Inclusion (GSI) issues addressed by each project, details on how innovations facilitated by the project tackle structural barriers and address the needs of women, information on local communities benefiting from GSI training, evidence of adaptation innovations impacting women, and innovations resulting in improved welfare levels for women.
Were there any delays in implementation? If so, include any causes of delays. What measures have been taken to reduce delays?	Opportunities	During this reporting period (Jan 2023-Dec 2023) project did not face any delays, all the planned activities were delivered on time, even exceeding the planned targets.
What implementation issues/lessons, either positive or negative, affected progress?	Challenges & Opportunities	Project-Level Operational and Technical Challenges: 1.As highlighted in preceding sections of this report, the implementation of the project experienced delays, which extended over a year before initiating implementation at an optimal pace. However, throughout 2022 and 2023, the project team diligently worked to bridge the gap in

		<p>project delivery, ultimately succeeding in reaching the milestones set for each of the following years. 2. Among the initial cohort of 22 grantees, 18 (82%) successfully completed the implementation of their projects between October and December 2023. However, four grantees from Vanuatu, Fiji, Nepal, and Micronesia required a time extension, signing agreements to finalize their projects by April 2024. These extensions involved adjustments to indicators and work plans to better align with local contexts. The PMU provided additional support, including close monitoring, training on financial and narrative reporting, to aid these grantees in meeting their objectives. 3. Due to the distinct characteristics of each grantee project, it became apparent during the initial stages of implementation that the existing reporting template failed to comprehensively capture relevant information, especially concerning beneficiaries. Consequently, the project underwent a revision and update of the narrative reporting template. The focus was on minimal changes or added reporting burdens for the grantees while enhancing the template to capture data on both direct and indirect beneficiaries in a disaggregated manner. Additionally, the revised template aimed to gather more data and insights on gender mainstreaming achievements, quality information about the efficiency of the innovative solutions per se, lessons learned and scaling up strategies.</p> <p>Grantee-Level Challenges: 1. At the grantee level, the primary challenges centered around acquiring capital for scaling, limitations in operational capacity, and obstacles in implementation, often compounded by security concerns and unpredictable weather conditions. Despite the potential for enhancing local environmental and societal resilience, many initiatives led by local entities faced difficulties in accessing financial resources. Nevertheless, grantees demonstrated resilience by implementing mitigation measures, which largely kept projects on track and fostered enthusiasm for further implementation. It is noteworthy that out</p>
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		of the 18 grantees who completed project implementation,, seven successfully secured additional capital to scale their solutions. For a more comprehensive understanding, please refer to the "Rating" section of this report (Result 2).
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Has the project already reached mid term or project completion?(yes/no).

Yes

Climate Resilience Measures	
What have been the lessons learned, both positive and negative, in implementing climate adaptation measures that would be relevant to the design and implementation of future projects/programmes for enhanced resilience to climate change?	The PMU has organized a series of focused consultation sessions with grantees involve from cohort 1), to understand their challenges, successes, and opportunities. These cons with the MBA school interns, helped them improve the scaling strategies of their innov like to say that most of the projects from cohort 1 have reached great outcomes and imp internal call for proposals for cohort 1 (to receive a second round of funding), ISGAP& the improved quality and maturity of the proposals received – clearly showing how their has helped them strengthen their skills. During 2024, ISGAP's PMU will organized mee grantees, to obtain additional feedback at the project level, which can help in designing strategy for the next ISGAP phase. Likewise, the PMU intends to actively utilize findin design of future UNDP projects and decision-making processes. Plans are underway to internal workshop dedicated to utilizing these evaluation findings as a foundation for di aim of effectively integrating lessons learned to enhance future project designs and deci
What is the potential for the climate resilience measures undertaken by the project/programme to be replicated and scaled up both within and outside the project area?	The PMU has already pinpointed high-impact interventions with considerable potential from the 1st cohort. A similar process will be replicated for the 2nd cohort once the imp finalize (they are currently in the 4th-month milestone). Additionally, the PMU has init promising case studies, each featuring strong indicators and scalability potential (aimin accompanied by key narratives. These case studies will be utilized to showcase results t Valuable inputs for crafting these case studies are being gathered through engagements who are providing technical assistance to ISGAP grantees from both cohorts.
Readiness Interventions (Applicable only to NIEs that received one or more readiness grants)	
What have been the lessons learned, both positive and negative, in accessing and implementing climate finance readiness support that would be relevant to the preparation, design and implementation of future concrete adaptation projects/programmes?	N/A
How have the outputs (such as manuals, guidelines, procedures or the experience from providing peer support, etc) from employing readiness grants been used to inform institutional capacity needs, gender issues, and environmental and social aspects in developing and	N/A

implementing concrete projects/programmes for enhanced resilience to climate change?	
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Concrete Adaptation Interventions

What have been the lessons learned, both positive and negative, in implementing concrete adaptation interventions that would be relevant to the design and implementation of future projects/programmes implementing concrete adaptation interventions?	One significant recommendation from the MTR was the importance of disseminating lessons learned. In response, the PMU has developed a comprehensive database using Power BI, complemented by a dashboard accessible on the ISGAP website. This dashboard empowers stakeholders to explore data across thematic areas, countries, and regions, along with key aggregated indicators and project details. In addition to the ISGAP dashboard, a separate database focusing specifically on lessons learned was established. However, recognizing the potential sensitivity of information concerning grantees' projects, a decision was made regarding challenges and lessons learned, a joint decision was made with project oversight to restrict access to information on the dashboard website. Instead, exclusive access to the database on lessons learned was granted solely to the PMU and project oversight, ensuring responsible and secure handling of sensitive information. This invaluable repository of lessons learned will be utilized during targeted knowledge-sharing sessions and in the development of knowledge management products, further amplifying the project's impact.
What is the potential for the concrete adaptation interventions undertaken by the project/programme to be replicated and scaled up both within and outside the project area?	The potential for replication and scaling up of the concrete adaptation interventions undertaken by the project/programme is substantial. In 2023, the project successfully onboarded and initiated a new cohort of projects for the 2nd cohort of grantees, totalling 22 additional NGOs/CSOs. Through its implementation, the ISGAP project has distributed a total of 44 grants across 33 countries, amounting to \$4,000,000 in funding (cohorts 1 and 2). This widespread initiative has had a significant impact, reaching over 100,000 beneficiaries globally, both directly and indirectly, with a commitment to gender inclusivity reflected in the gender distribution of beneficiaries (52% female and 48% male). Impressive achievements include the facilitation of over 100 crowdfunding efforts by grantees, the adoption of regenerative agricultural practices on over 1,000 hectares, and the documentation of more than 50 traditional climate adaptation measures. Additionally, the project supported environmental conservation by planting 115,000 trees, constructing 2,475 climate-adapted structures, and implementing innovative farming techniques. Prioritizing community development, the project provided training to over 10,000 people, empowered women, supported households, and addressed deforestation and climate change by reducing over 52,500 tonnes of CO2 emissions. Looking ahead from 2024 onwards, the ISGAP project is entering a new round of funding to 15 high-performing grantees from cohort 1 and a similar number from cohort 2, with an additional USD \$3,000,000. This funding is specifically earmarked to support grantees' efforts in replicating their innovative solutions. With this continued investment, the project anticipates further impact and fostering the replication of successful adaptation interventions, both within the project area and potentially beyond.

Knowledge Management

How has existing information/data/knowledge been used to inform project development and implementation? What kinds of information/data/knowledge were used?	Throughout the project development process, a range of stakeholders have been actively engaged in consultation with entities such as the UNDP GEF Small Grant Programme, UNDP SDG Accelerator Fund, UNDP CO:Lab Programme, UNDP DRR team, and UNCDF. Additionally, input was sought from grantees and other stakeholders involved in various UNDP programs to ensure alignment with targeted beneficiaries. Engagement was also conducted with external partners, including business accelerator networks, enterprise development networks, and research institutions. The project team held extensive deliberations with UNEP-CTCN to explore opportunities for knowledge sharing lessons learned and managing knowledge effectively. Core project partners, such as the UNDP GEF Small Grant Partnership) and Climate-KIC, were actively involved in the project design, with the expectation that new partnerships would emerge from these partnerships. Furthermore, select UNDP Country Offices and external partners running ongoing innovation and acceleration programs were contacted to explore potential synergies and collaboration with the ISGAP program. In terms of insights gleaned during the ISGAP program's development and implementation, several key lessons were learned. UNDP maintains an active climate change adaptation portfolio, supporting 65 projects valued at USD 900 million, with USD 2.1 billion in co-finance. UNDP's approach encompasses support for integrated climate change initiatives, resilient agriculture, ecosystem management, green projects, food security resilience, water resource and coastal management, climate information systems, renewable energy and infrastructure development. The ISGAP program also drew upon insights from other UNDP initiatives such as Youth CO:Lab and UNDP SGP. The Adaptation Fund-UNDP Innovation Accelerator Platform leveraged UNDP's extensive global expertise to foster and accelerate climate change adaptation at the local level.
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<p>Has the existing information/data/knowledge been made available to relevant stakeholder? If so, what channels of dissemination have been used?</p>	<p>Yes, as provided below. Further, all the information has been shared on the UNDP Climate Lin websites (https://www.adaptation-undp.org/smallgrantaggregator/), UNDP Climate Lin</p>
<p>Please list any knowledge products generated and include hyperlinks whenever possible (e.g. project videos, project stories, studies and technical reports, case studies, tranining manuals, handbooks, strategies and plans developed, etc.)</p>	<p>Links to access most relevant 2023 ISGAP Conferences, Events and Communication pr of 4 ISGAP blogs/news/stories, 8 technical articles and 12 storytelling articles about IS photo gallery, 1 project dashboard, 1 Communications and Visibility Strategy, 4 ISGAP items, 1 ISGAP brochure, improvements to the ISGAP website, and a communications specifically for grantees. Hosted 7 sessions in key international conferences and events: showcased) (Recording: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=brwbcte-vXw) •Adaptation showcased) (Recording: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=kUHqamOF09Y) •South (webinar – 3 grantees showcased)(recording: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gsE5d8XXHxQ&list=PLklpCmasXpcmSzZXVmq) •COP28: Climate Action Stage (4 grantees showcased - https://www.cop-28.org/deman) Resilience Hub at COP28 (Business Schools for Resilience announcement - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=koN8CjpCGJA) . AFCIA Expansion event (AF hos https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=2vS1TFRgWO0). •8th Regional NAP Expo For As grantee led session). ISGAP Videos: •ISGAP general video: https://www.youtube.com/ •ISGAP video showcasing the 2nd cohort of grantees (projected ad COP28): https://www.rXTdIa0zo&feature=youtu.be •Video about the Workshop in Manila “How small grants practices, tools and technologies for climate adaptation”: https://www.youtube.com/wat 6YMM •Five minute video highlighting the workshop in Manila and the innovations of and 2: https://youtu.be/XYgBSw1UWDY ISGAP blogs and articles: •Locally-led: A G Adaptation Solutions: https://undp-climate.exposure.co/ISGAP-locally-led-adaptation • https://www.undp.org/blog/adaptation-local-nature •Implementation of eco-technologies with Local Adaptation Champions Award at COP28: https://www.adaptation-undp.org/technologies-oaxaca-mexico-recognized-local-adaptation-champions-award-cop2S8%E •Special article about floating farms in India- https://www.adaptation-fund.org/project-transforming-life-on-indias-waterways/ . This article was developed by the AF with cor SAFE grantee from India, and published in the Climate Home News, the AF&#180;s w official channels. •Special article for the International Day of the World's Indigenous Pe https://news.un.org/en/story/2023/09/1140337 •Climate Tribune Magazine September 2 about ISGAP cohort 1 grantees co-developed by UNDP and ICCCAD (https://www.iccd/articles/climate-tribune-september-2023/)</p>
<p>If learning objectives have been established, have they been met? Please describe.</p>	<p>The project has established clear and well-defined results, outcomes, and expected imp indicator framework outlined in the Result Framework. The PMU diligently monitors th a quarterly monitoring and reporting mechanism. For further details on the project's pro to the "Results Tracker" and "Rating" sections of this report. At the grantee level, each and knowledge exchange objectives are included in the workplan, and implemented by more information about the capacity building, technical assitance and peer to peer learn "Rating" tab of this report. The PMU also obtains feedback from the grantees via group and also, thrrough specific surveys. For example, after the 2023 ISGAP Global Worksho out a feedback survey to the 44 grantees to rate the quality and learning experience duri areas of learning and interest to inform the 2024 ISGAP Workplan.</p>
<p>Describe any difficulties there have been in accessing or retrieving existing information (data or knowledge) that is relevant to the project. Please provide suggestions for improving access to the</p>	<p>As highlighted in the "Rating" section of this report, the project improved its informatio enhancing the narrative reports templates. Consequently, the project is now adept at gat adaptation and resilience practices, scaling efforts, key achievements, gender considerat learned.</p>

relevant data.	
Has the identification of learning objectives contributed to the outcomes of the project? In what ways have they contributed?	<p>The identification of learning objectives has indeed played a crucial role in shaping the project. By defining the overarching learning objective as supporting the development, diffusion and adoption of innovative adaptation practices, tools, and technologies in developing countries, the project aligns with key international agreements such as the Paris Agreement on climate change and the 2030 Agenda. This alignment has directly contributed to the achievement of SDG13 “Take action on climate change and its impacts” and SDG11 “Make cities inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.”</p> <p>Learning objectives have guided the project in achieving the following outcomes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Development of innovative practices, tools, and technologies: The project has successfully funded [44 grantees, in 10 countries, through Low Value Grant Agreements] and accelerated the development of innovative adaptation practices and technologies. Through this, it has generated evidence of effective and efficient adaptation practices on a basis for scaling up these practices by implementing entities and other funders. Time to market business milestones: The project's adherence to learning objectives has facilitated the timely achievement of business milestones. This success has not only demonstrated the project's effectiveness but also helped to attract additional investment and support for scaling up its initiatives. Codification and dissemination of lessons learned: One of the key outcomes facilitated by the learning objectives was the capture, documentation, and dissemination of lessons learned, knowledge sharing through workshops, and implementation. By sharing these insights, the project has enabled other stakeholders to learn from its innovations, thereby maximizing its impact beyond its immediate scope.
Innovation	
Describe any innovative practices or technologies that figured prominently in this project.	<p>We have selected five good cases (from cohort 1), which demonstrated a strong scaling potential, highlighting the key aspects that made them successful:</p> <p>Grantee 113. HEAL: Horticulture for Adaptive Livelihood for Post-Pandemic Economic Resilience The innovative solution implemented by Forum for Environment -SAFE in India has achieved several key outcomes like setting up a demonstration associated with 28 hectares of integrated aquafarming, which has accomplished sustainable livelihoods for marginal households after assuring them food and nutritional security. 4450 farmers and 4450 households adopted new adaptive technology relating to hydroponic float-farming, aquaculture of fish and crabs, and solar micro-irrigation and circular agro-waste management. The successful transfer and adoption of these technologies have extended to diverse regions within the eastern Indian floodplains, encompassing various states. Collaborative efforts have led to its adoption in Bangladesh. Furthermore, the technology was adopted by a Cambodian grantee dedicated to the cricket and chaya integrated farming.</p> <p>Grantee 122. Climate Resilient Farming Systems to Droughts and Frosts with the combination of an ancestral and an innovative technology in the state of Oaxaca, Mexico. The innovative solution implemented by Espacio de Encuentro Agrario y Cultural A.C. in Mexico has successfully improved the lives of 375 individuals. Despite frost challenges, the grantee achieved an impressive 85% crop survival rate by focusing on enhancing soil quality for vegetable production. The strategic implementation of measures such as staggered planting has allowed families to meet their consumption needs with only a fraction of the harvest, enabling them to sell the surplus.</p> <p>Grantee 112. Nubian Vaults in the Sahel (West Africa): Market Growth and Nubian Vault Construction The innovative solution implemented by Association la Voûte Nubienne – AVN in West Africa (Burkina Faso, Mali, Senegal, Mauritania, Ghana and Benin) known as the Nubian Vault project, focused on constructing houses entirely from mud bricks, a material with no carbon impact that is rich in local knowledge. The grantee achieved significant progress by introducing the Climate Solidarity Co2ntribution (https://co2ntributionclimatsolidaire.lavoutenubienne.org/home) exploring carbon credit opportunities for certification initially. After a thorough market study and engagement with various entities, the project resulted in a feasibility study and certification roadmap. Investing in carbon certification for the Nubian Vault project covering 30% to over 100% of financial incentives for Nubian Vault market expansion. The project has impacted 13,000 households, avoiding 52,000 tons of CO2 emissions. Securing approval from the Environment Facility (FFEM) for carbon certification funding, totaling EUR 1,702,000, was a key success.</p> <p>Project 260: Empowering Women in Dairy Goat Farming and Traditional Recycled Plastic Construction The solution implemented by WORLD NEIGHBORS' in Kenya has significantly empowered women, leading to a 70% increase in their active participation, particularly in dairy goat farming. The Kenya Sustainable Agriculture Project (KCSAP) has acknowledged the grantee success by establishing a dedicated portfolio for the project, which improved chicken chicks, expected to directly impact 50 households. This strategic move</p>

	community but also serves as a catalyst for promoting poultry farming across the region households to be food and livelihood secure during droughts, as well as a 60% increase the meeting of this demand through the creation of local social enterprises The scaling solution to encompass 1,000 households, doubling the current number, integrating more training for 200 individuals, and extending operations to the entire Nyakach sub-county Protection in Southern Brazil Centro Ecológico's innovative solution in Brazil has demonstrated achievements, emphasizing its substantial impact. These accomplishments include 160 cultivation and extraction of açai berries, covering an area of 150 hectares under certified carbon sequestration in these systems has been measured at approximately 4,000 tons of solution has positively influenced additional 91 families from indigenous and traditional food security and nutrition. Açai processing has reached a volume of 45 tons, with 3,500 the institutional market. Notably, the initiative has empowered women, with a significant empowerment. The grantee's scaling strategy is centered on catalyzing a new wave of families embrace açai production. Particularly crucial is the initiative's role in fortifying its foundation groups along the northern coast of Rio Grande do Sul. Additionally, the plan is designed for broader engagement, encompassing other indigenous communities within the expansive
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Complementarity/ Coherence with other climate finance sources

Has the project been scaled-up from any other climate finance? Or has the project build upon any other climate finance initiative?	No
If you answered yes, kindly specify the name of the Fund/Organization.	

Results Tracker

Goal: Assist developing-country Parties to the Kyoto Protocol and the Paris Agreement that are particularly vulnerable to the adverse effects of climate change in meeting the costs of concrete adaptation projects and programmes in order to implement climate-resilient measures.

Impact: Increased resiliency at the community, national, and regional levels to climate variability and change.

Is this the mid-term or terminal project performance report? Midterm

Impact: Increased resiliency at the community, national, and regional levels to climate variability and change

Core Indicator: No. of beneficiaries				
		Total	% of female beneficiaries	% of Youth beneficiaries
Baseline information	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project			
Baseline information	Indirect beneficiaries supported by the project			
Baseline information	Total (direct + indirect)	0	0	0

	beneficiaries)			
Target performance at completion	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project			
Target performance at completion	Indirect beneficiaries supported by the project			
Target performance at completion	Total (direct + indirect beneficiaries)	0	0	0
Performance at mid-term	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project	96960	29	62
Performance at mid-term	Indirect beneficiaries supported by the project	244156	71	38
Performance at mid-term	Total (direct + indirect beneficiaries)	341116	50	50
Performance at completion	Direct beneficiaries supported by the project			
Performance at completion	Indirect beneficiaries supported by the project			
Performance at completion	Total (direct + indirect beneficiaries)	0	0	0

Outcome 1: Reduced exposure to climate-related hazards and threats

Indicator 1: Relevant threat and hazard information generated and disseminated to stakeholders on a timely basis

	Number of targeted stakeholders - Total	Number of targeted stakeholders - % of female targeted	Hazards information generated and disseminated	Overall effectiveness
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Output 1.1 Risk and vulnerability assessments conducted and updated

Indicator 1.1: No. of projects/programmes that conduct and update risk and vulnerability assessments

	No. of projects/programme that conduct and	Sector	Scale	Status
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	update risk and vulnerability assessments			
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Output 1.2 Targeted population groups covered by adequate risk reduction systems

Core Indicator 1.2: No. of Early Warning Systems

	No. of adopted Early Warning Systems	Category targeted	Hazard	Geographical coverage	Number of municipalities
Baseline information					
Target performance at completion					
Performance at mid-term					
Performance at completion					

Outcome 2: Strengthened institutional capacity to reduce risks associated with climate-induced socioeconomic and environmental losses

Indicator 2: Capacity of staff to respond to, and mitigate impacts of, climate-related events from targeted institutions increased

	Number of staff targeted - Total	Number of staff targeted - % of female targeted	Sector	Capacity level
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Output 2.1 Strengthened capacity of national and sub-national centres and networks to respond rapidly to extreme weather events

Indicator 2.1.1: No. of staff trained to respond to, and mitigate impacts of, climate-related events

	Total staff trained	% of female staff trained	Type
Baseline information			
Target performance at			

completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Indicator 2.1.2: No. of targeted institutions with increased capacity to minimize exposure to climate variability risks

	Type	Scale	Sector	Capacity Level
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Output 2.2. Increased readiness and capacity of national and sub-national entities to directly access and program adaptation finance

Indicator 2.2.1: No. of targeted institutions benefitting from the direct access and enhanced direct access modality

	Number of beneficiaries	Scale	Sector	Capacity Level
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Outcome 3: Strengthened awareness and ownership of adaptation and climate risk reduction processes

Indicator 3.1: Increase in application of appropriate adaptation responses

	Percentage of targeted population applying adaptation measures	Sector
Baseline information		
Target performance at completion		
Performance at mid-term		
Performance at completion		

Output 3.1: Targeted population groups participating in adaptation and risk reduction awareness activities

Indicator 3.1.1: Percentage of targeted population awareness of predicted adverse impacts of climate change,

and of appropriate responses

	No. of targeted beneficiaries	% of female participants targeted	Level of awareness
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Output 3.2: Stenghtened capacity of national and subnational stakeholders and entities to capture and disseminate knowledge and learning

Indicator 3.2.1: No. of technical committees/associations formed to ensure transfer of knowledge

	No. of technical committees/associations	% of women represented in committes/associations	Level of awareness
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Indicator 3.2.2: No. of tools and guidelines developed (thematic, sectoral, institutional) and shared with relevant stakeholders

	No. of tools and guidelines	Type	Scale
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Outcome 4: Increased adaptive capacity within relevant development sector services and infrastructure assets

Indicator 4.1: Increased responsiveness of development sector services to evolving needs from changing and variable climate

	Project/programme sector	Geographical scale	Response level
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			

Performance at completion			
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Core Indicator 4.2: Assets produced, developed, improved or strengthened

	Sector	Targeted asset	Changes in asset (quantitative or qualitative)
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Indicator 4.1.1: Vulnerable development sector services and infrastructure assets strengthened in response to climate change impacts, including variability

Indicator 4.1.1: No. and type of development sector services to respond to new conditions resulting from climate variability and change

	Number of services	Type	Sector
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Outcome 5: Increased ecosystem resilience in response to climate change and variability-induced stress

Indicator 5: Ecosystem services and natural resource assets maintained or improved under climate change and variability-induced stress

	Natural resource improvement level	Sector	Type
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Output 5: Vulnerable ecosystem services and natural resource assets strengthened in response to climate change impacts, including variability

Core Indicator 5.1: Natural Assets protected or rehabilitated

	Natural asset or Ecosystem (type)	Total number of natural assets or ecosystems protected/rehabilitated	Unit	Effectiveness of protection/rehabilitation
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Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Outcome 6: Diversified and strengthened livelihoods and sources of income for vulnerable people in targeted areas

Indicator 6.1: Increase in households and communities having more secure access to livelihood assets

	No. of targeted households	% of female headed households	Improvement level
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Indicator 6.2: Increase in targeted population's sustained climate-resilient alternative livelihoods

	No. of targeted households	% of female headed households	% increase in income level vis-à-vis baseline	Alternate Source
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Output 6 Targeted individual and community livelihood strategies strengthened in relation to climate change impacts, including variability

Indicator 6.1.1: No. and type of adaptation assets created or strengthened in support of individual or community livelihood strategies

	Number of Assets	Type of Assets	Sector	Adaptation strategy
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term				
Performance at completion				

Core Indicator 6.1.2: Increased income, or avoided decrease in income

	Number of households (total number in the project area)	Income source	Income level (USD)
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Outcome 7: Improved policies and regulations that promote and enforce resilience measures

Indicator 7: Climate change priorities are integrated into national development strategy

	Integration level
Baseline information	
Target performance at completion	
Performance at mid-term	
Performance at completion	

Output 7: Improved integration of climate-resilience strategies into country development plans

Indicator 7.1: No. of policies introduced or adjusted to address climate change risks

	No. of Policies introduced or adjusted	Sector	Scale	Type
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid- term				
Performance at completion				

Indicator 7.2: No. of targeted development strategies with incorporated climate change priorities enforced

	No. of Development strategies	Regulation	Effectiveness
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term			
Performance at completion			

Outcome 8: Support the development and diffusion of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies

Indicator 8: Innovative adaptation practices are rolled out, scaled up, encouraged and/or accelerated at regional, national and/or subnational level

	Sector of innovative practice	Geographic Scale	Type
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term	Focus on communities	Local	Innovation accelerated
Performance at completion			

Output 8: Viable innovations are rolled out, scaled up, encourages and/or accelerated

Indicator 8.1: No. of innovative adaptation practices, tools and technologies accelerated, scaled-up and/or replicated

	No. of innovative practices/ tools technologies	Sector	Status	Effectiveness
Baseline information				
Target performance at completion				
Performance at mid-term	44	Multi-sector	Undertaking innovative practices	4: Effective
Performance at completion				

Indicator 8.2: No. of key findings on effective, efficient adaptation practices, products and technologies generated

	No. of key findings generated	Type	Effectiveness
Baseline information			
Target performance at completion			
Performance at mid-term	44	Innovative practice	4: Effective
Performance at completion			